

What **Napoleon** and **Fukushima** have in common?

Nothing but...a physicist!

1. New level **instrumentation**
2. **Trace elements**: who killed **Napoleon**? Nobody?
3. **Chernobyl** and **Fukushima**: what about us

## RARE EVENTS

1. **Neutrino** interactions
2. Interaction by **Dark Matter** Particles
- 3 Rare **nuclear process**

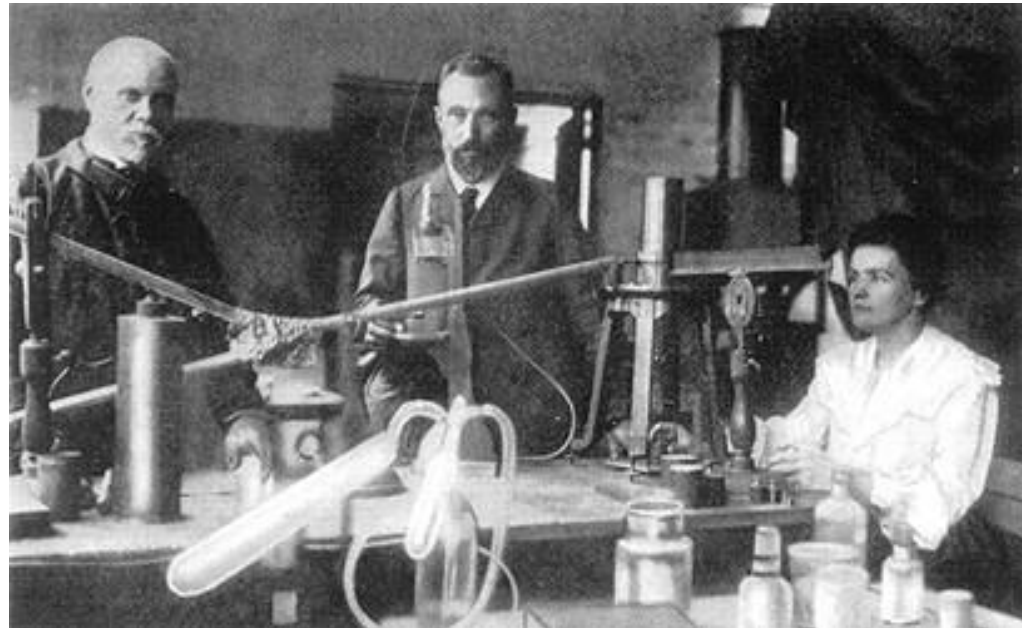
# **COSMIC RAYS**

**Go underground**

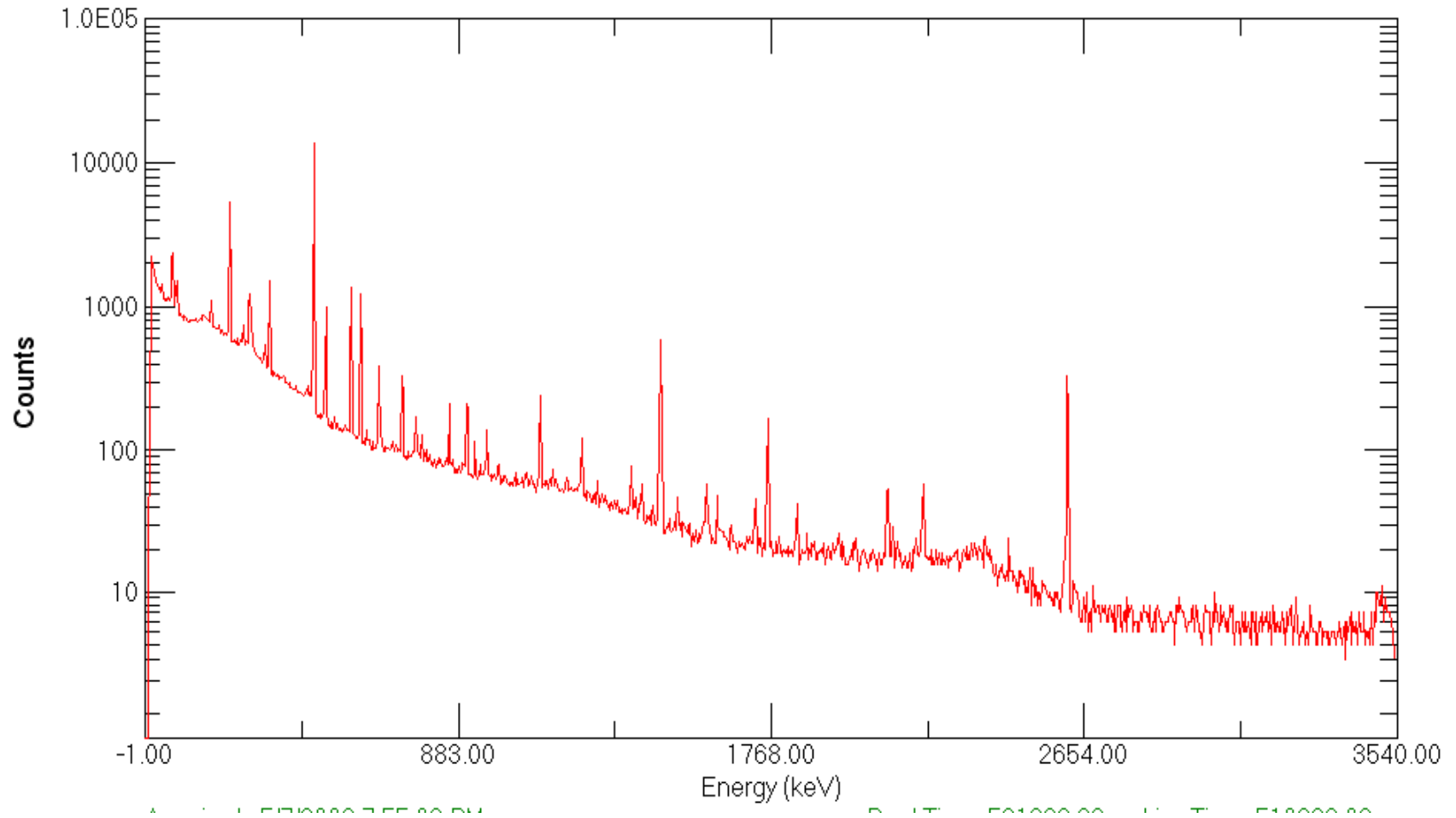


# **RADIOACTIVITY**

**Natural and artificial**



# X and $\gamma$ spectra in environment



# X, $\alpha$ and $\gamma$ spectroscopy

## Laboratorio di Radioattività

### Laboratorio -3

Rivelatori a basso fondo  
per misure Low Activity

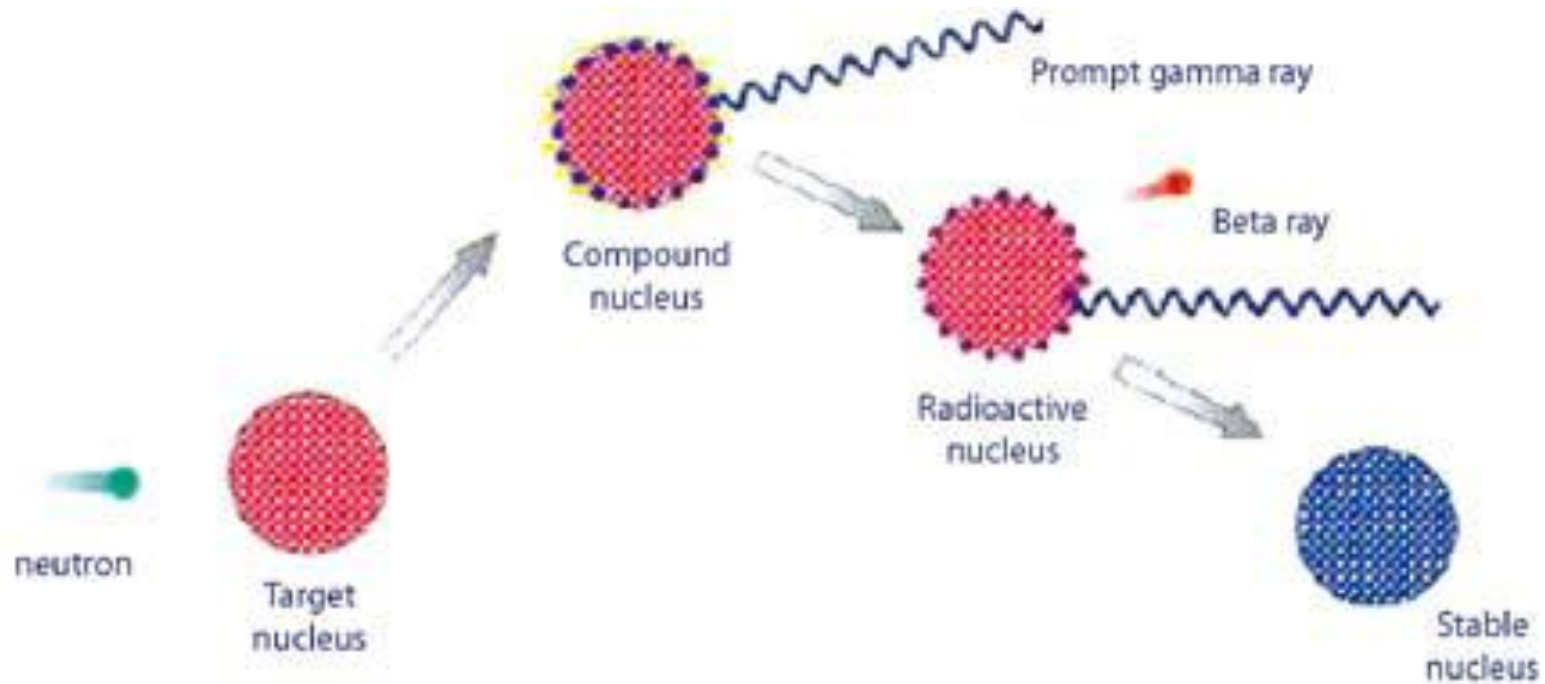


2 Rivelatori HPGe planari con  
finestra di Berillio  
2 Rivelatori HPGe tipo n  
100%eff rel

- ✓ **TIMS** (*Thermal Ionization Mass Spectrometry*)
- ✓ **PSMS** (*Plasma Source Mass Spectrometry*)
- ✓ *Inductively Couple d Plasma Mass Spectroscopy*

C

# Neutron Activation Analysis



Particularly sensitive to search for **As**  $\Rightarrow$  only stable isotope  **$^{75}\text{As}$**

**Thermal neutrons  $\Rightarrow$   $^{76}\text{As}$**

**Arsenic** as other elements concentrates itself in **nails, hairs** etc.  
Very important in **criminology**

## **Il cinque maggio**

.....e i dì nell'ozio  
chiuse in sì breve sponda,  
segno d'immensa invidia  
e di pietà profonda,  
d'inestinguibil odio  
e d'indomato amor.

## **The fifth of May**

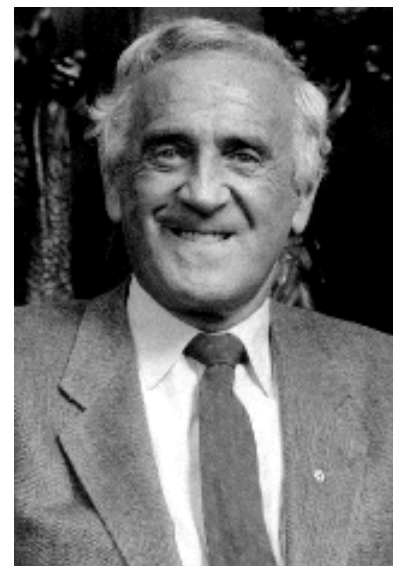
.....and his idle days  
closed in such a short site,  
target of immense envy  
and of deep pity,  
of unchanged hate  
and of untamable love

# Sant ' Helene





# Please meet these people





# Positive and negative measurements

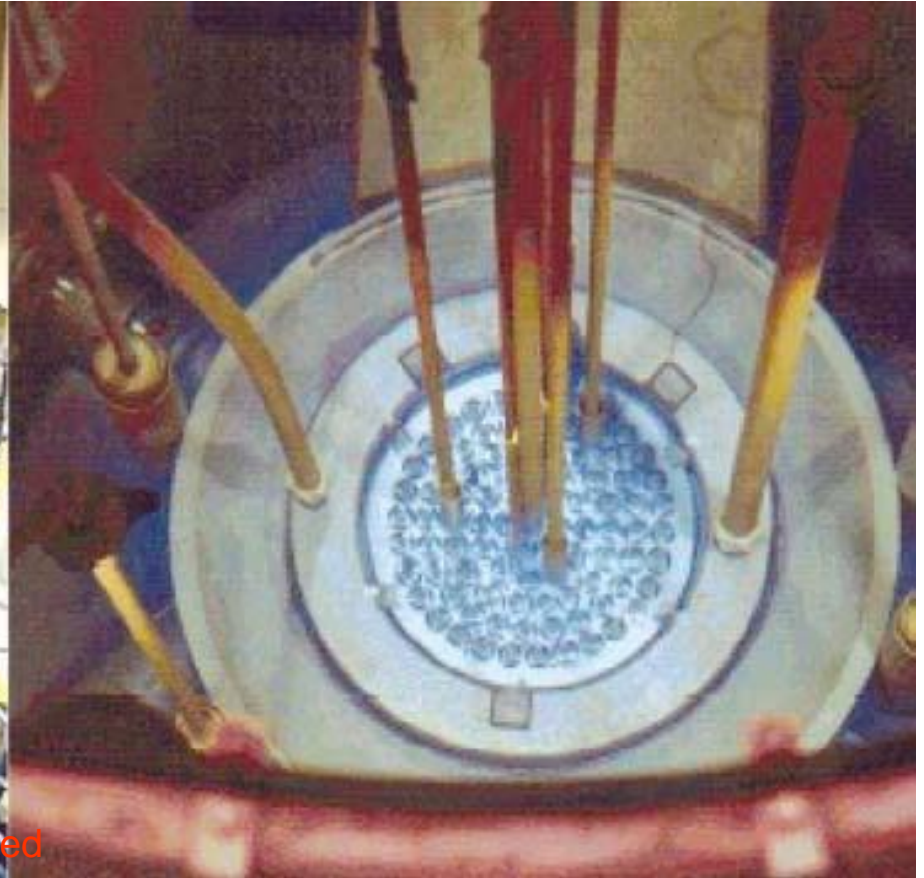
## The Longhood tapissery



X ray fluorescence  $\Rightarrow 0.08 \text{ g cm}^{-2}$  a value presently **non acceptable**



# The Pavia reactor



Certified calibrated standards have been used

# Measurements on the **As** content in the hairs of a **living subject**, and comparison with the content in the hairs of **Aiglon** and of **Empress Josephine**

## Contemporary hair **As(in 10-2 ppm)**

Present 1	8,6 ± 0,9
Present 2	5,6 ± 1,8
Present 3	11,0 ± 3,5
Present 4	12,4 ± 3,9
Present 5	2,4 ± 1,1
Present 6	7,1 ± 2,8
Present 7	5,4 ± 1,7
Present 8	4,0 ± 1,4
Present 9	4,3 ± 3,1
Present 10	4,8 ± 2

## Aignon and **Josephine**

### **As (in ppm)**

Aiglon 1812 - 1	9,4 ± 1,0
Aiglon 1812 - 2	6,1 ± 0,6
Aiglon 1816 - 1	12,6 ± 1,3
Aiglon 1816 - 2	9,9 ± 1,0
Aiglon 1821 - 1	9,9 ± 1,1
Aiglon 1821 - 2	11,2 ± 1,3
Aiglon 1826 - 1	7,6 ± 0,8
Aiglon 1826 - 2	8,5 ± 0,9
Josephine - 1	0,8 ± 0,4
Josephine - 2	1,2 ± 0,5

## Arsenic in the hairs of the Emperor

As (in ppm)

Corse 1770 – 1	$8.3 \pm 0,9$
Corse 1770 - 2	$6,3 \pm 0,7$
Elba 1814 – 1	$4,4 \pm 0,5$
Elba 1814 - 2	$3,5 \pm 0,4$
S. Elene 5 May 1821 - 1	$13,1 \pm 1,3$
S. Elene 5 May 1821 - 2	$16,7 \pm 1,7$
S. Elene 5 May 1821 - 3	$14,2 \pm 1,4$
S. Elene 5 May 1821 - 4	$17,0 \pm 1,7$
S. Elene 5 May 1821 - 5	$15,4 \pm 2,3$
S. Elene 5 May 1821 - 6	$18,9 \pm 2,2$
S. Elene 6 May 1821 - 1	$15,2 \pm 2,0$
S. Elene 6 May 1821 – 2	$9,7 \pm 1,$

Along the hair

Fragment	Mass (mg)	As ( ppm)
2A	0,012	$27,6 \pm 3,0$
2B	0,022	$22,0 \pm 2,5$
2C	0,026	$21,4 \pm 2,5$
2D	0,032	$17,5 \pm 2,0$
2E	0,032	$16,6 \pm 1,9$
2F	0,026	$20,7 \pm 2,4$



**Arsenic content in the water of the spring liked by the Emperor (near his first grave)**







Sample	As (µg/L)
--------	-----------

N.1	1,0000
-----	--------

N.2	1,5000
-----	--------

N.3	2,0000
-----	--------

N.4	1,2500
-----	--------

N.5	1,1000
-----	--------

N.6	0,8000
-----	--------

Average	$1,28 \pm .43$
---------	----------------

Presently legally accepted limit  $\Rightarrow 10$

Arsenic intake from **medicines** and definirtely from **paper on walls** , but **not from water**

# We believed it was the end , but it was not true

Published by about 100 national and international journals

New York Times

## The New York Times

Hair Analysis Deflates  
Napoleon Poisoning Theories

Was **Napoleon** poisoned?

now, a team of scientists at Italy's  
**National Institute of Nuclear Physics** in  
Milan-Bicocca and Pavia has **uncovered**  
**strong evidence to the contrary.**

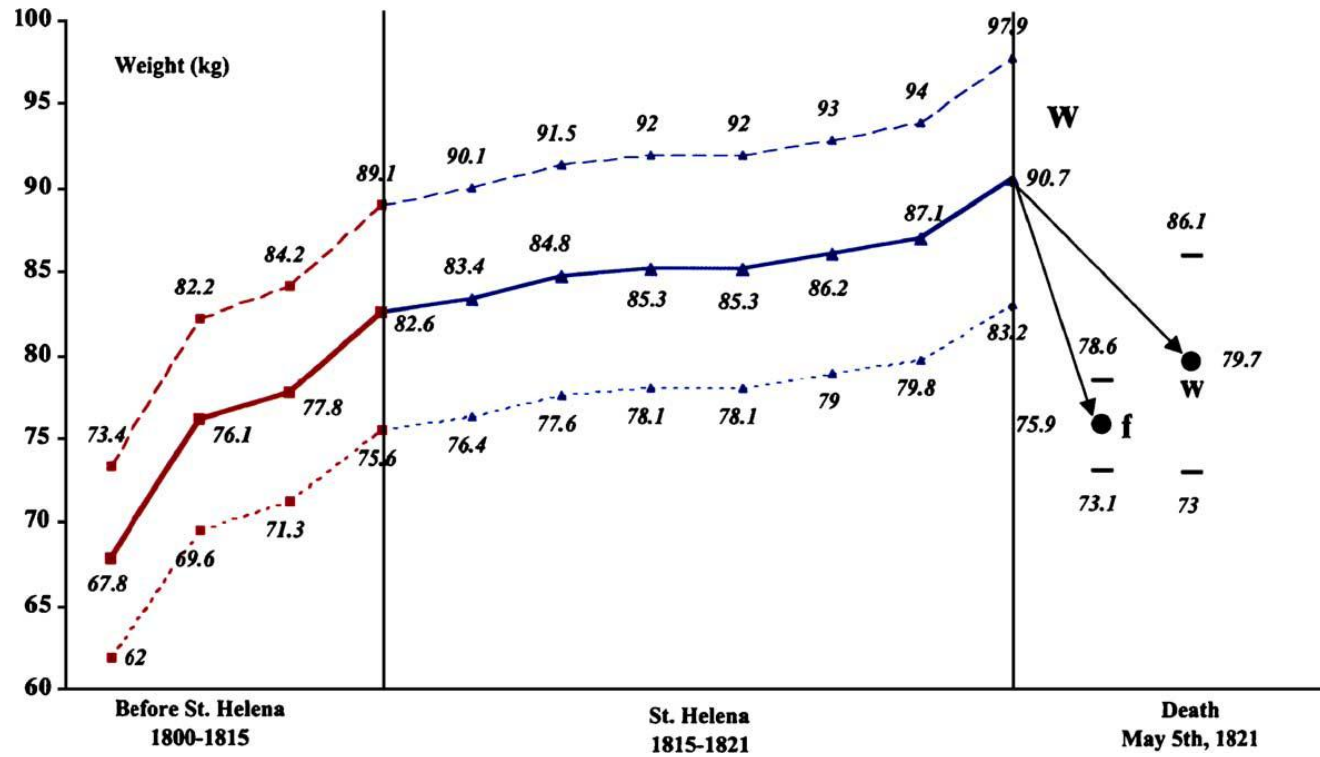


## Contact with many **pathologists**:

**J.T.Hindmarsh Royal College of Pathologists of England and Canada and P.F.Corso Norwalk Hospitala (Connecticut)**

**A.Lugli Department of Pathology – Basel University**

- **Very precise patologic analysis**
- Change with time of the **body weight** compared with twelve samples in various **museums** compared with **voluntary** people
- Comparison with the **subcutaneous fats** of **270** people
- Comparison with gastric and other characteristics of patients dead of **cancer** with the **very accurate autopsy** of **Francesco Antonmarchi** (pupil of the famous Giuseppe Maccagni of Siena university)



## Was Napoleon Really too Obese for the Diagnosis of “Gastric Cancer”?

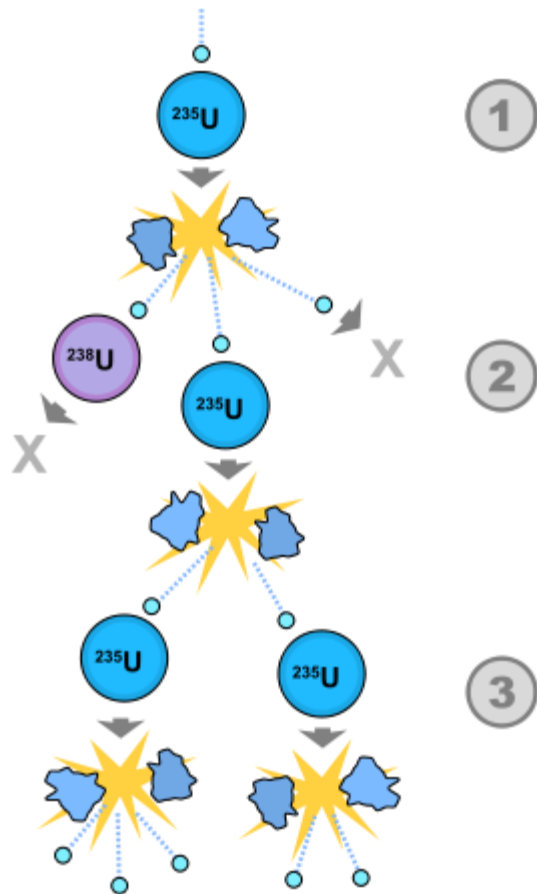
Lugli et al Adv Anat Pathol Volume 18, Number 2, March 2011

# The Medical Mystery of Napoleon Bonaparte

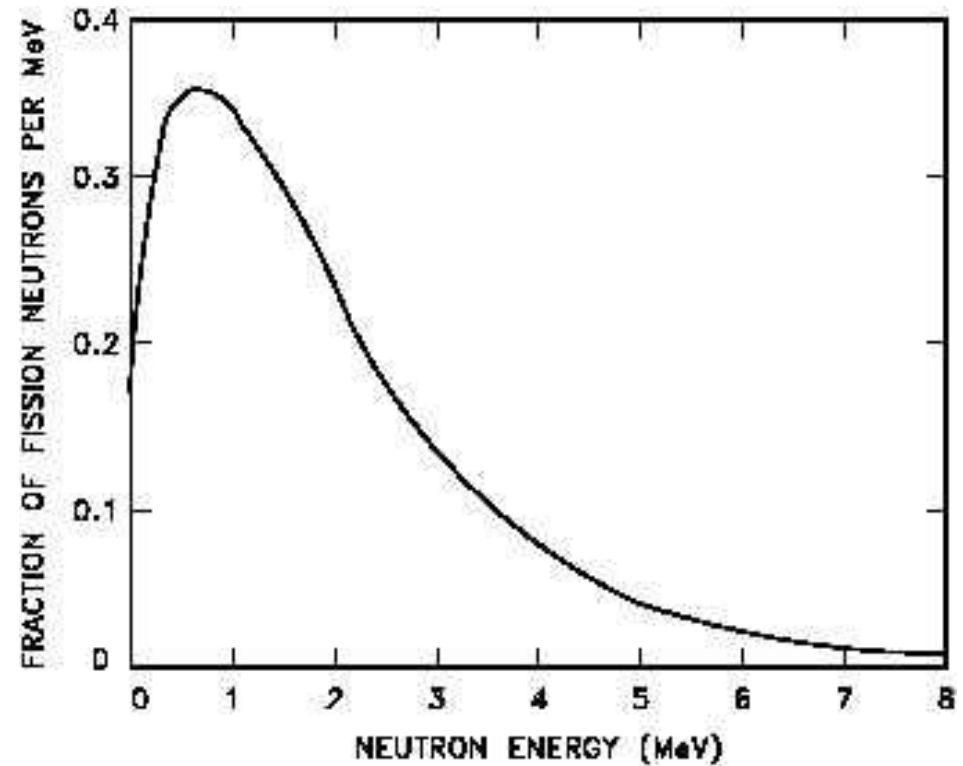
## *An Interdisciplinary Exposé*

*Alessandro Lugli, MD,\* Massimiliano Clemenza, PhD,† Philip E. Corso, MD,‡  
Jacques di Costanzo, MD,§ Richard Dirnhofer, MD,|| Ettore Fiorini, PhD,†  
Costanza Herborg, PhD,¶ John Thomas Hindmarsh, MD,#\*\* Edoardo Orvini, PhD,¶  
Adalberto Piazzoli, PhD,†† Ezio Previtali, PhD,† Angela Santagostino, PhD,‡‡  
Amnon Sonnenberg, MD,§§||| and Robert M. Genta, MD, FACP¶¶###*

# Nuclear fission: an incredible **source of energy**



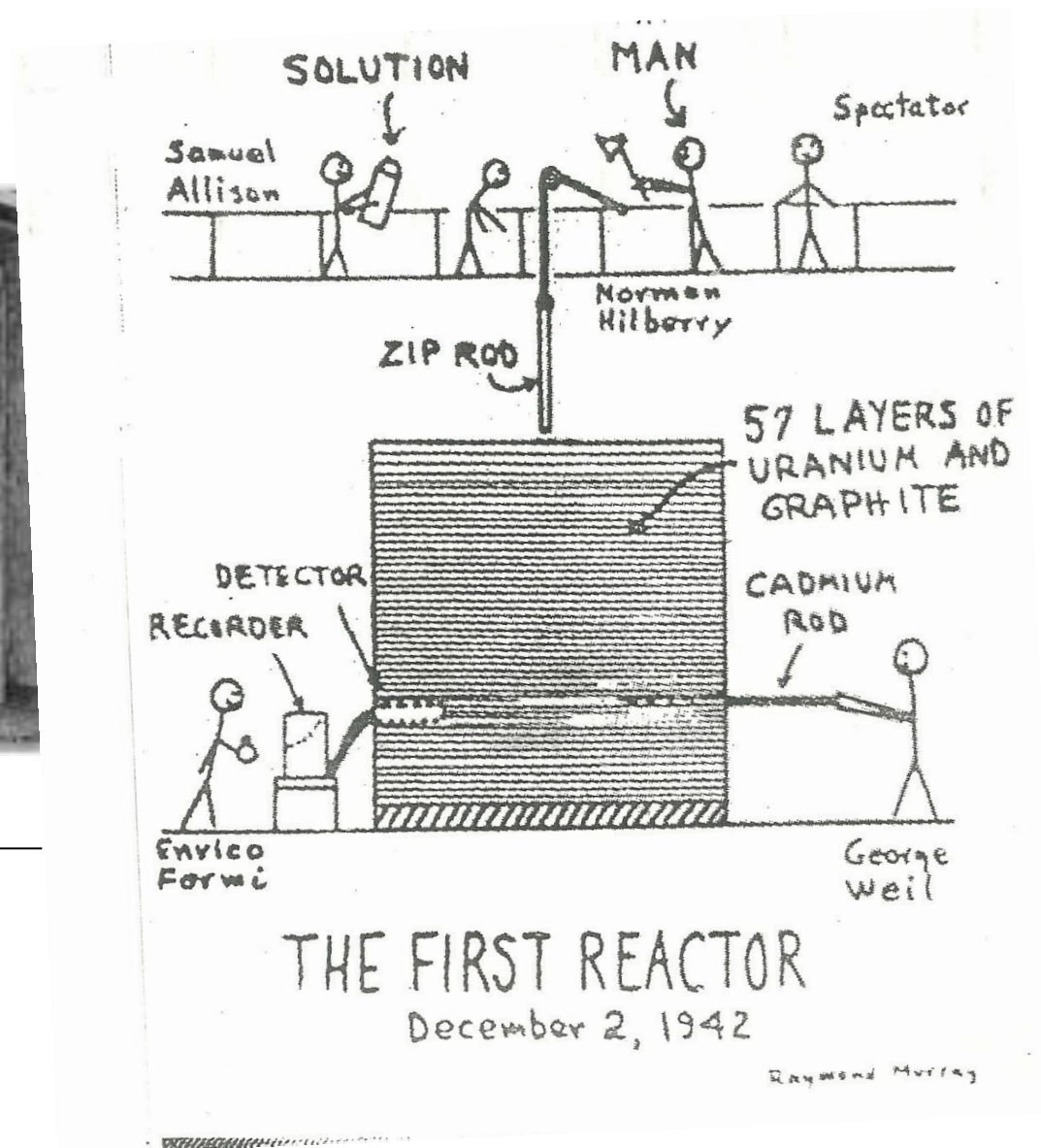
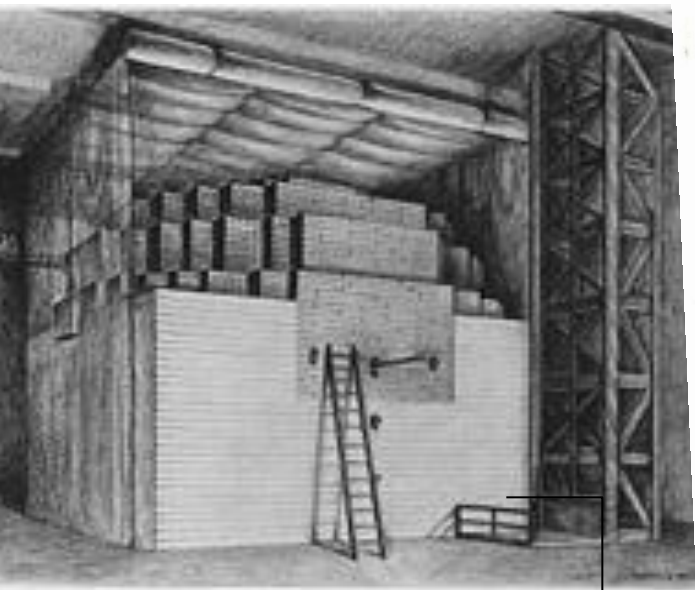
**Chain reaction**



**Neutron energy**

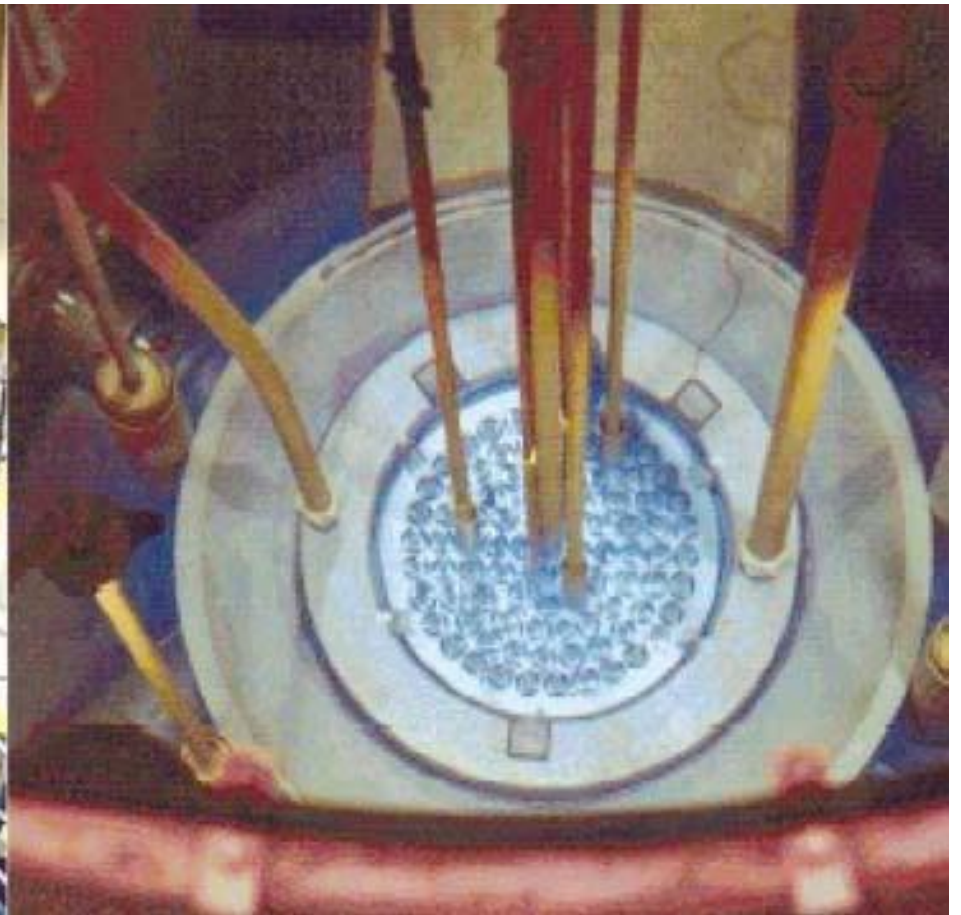
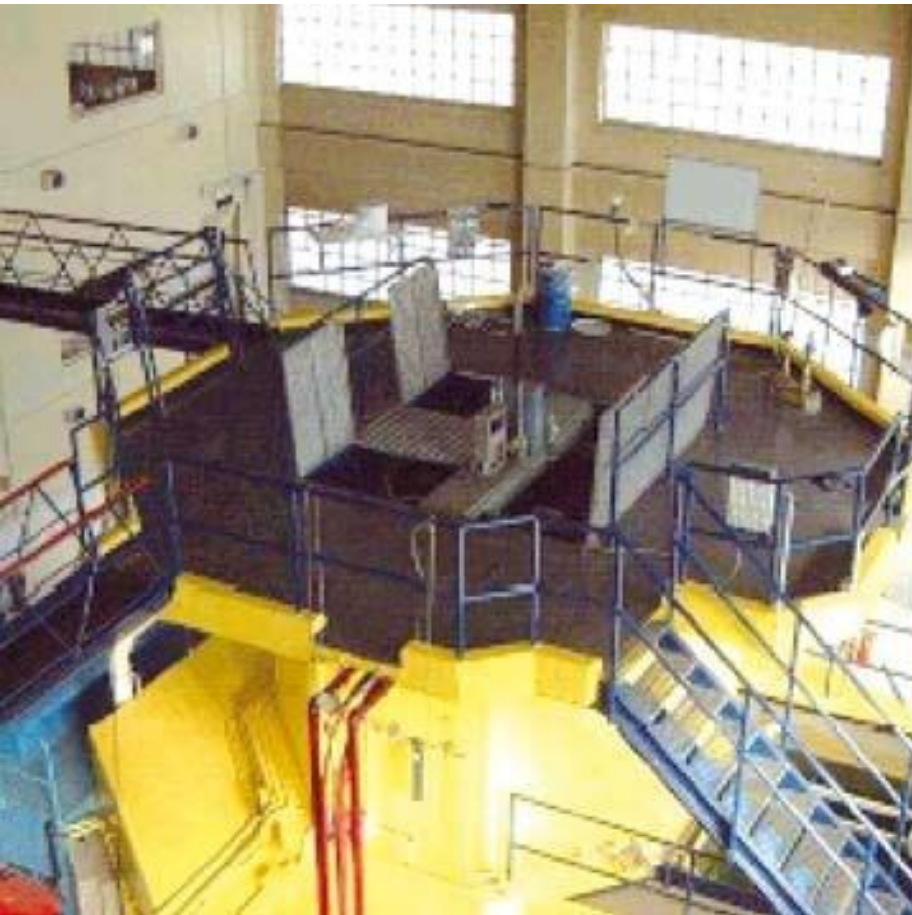


# The first reactor





# LENA reactor in Pavia





# Effects of radiation

Sievert (**Sv**) => joule/kgxQ

Medium exposure => **a few mSv/year**

Extra dose to people => **< 1 mSv/anno** professionals **< 20 mSv/year**

Death (50% in 30 days) => **2.5-4.5 Sv**

Additional death per million=> **25 Sv/milion**

Doses“often non considered”

Radiotherapy e radiodiagnostics (**1/5 , 1/3 , 1/20**)

**<sup>210</sup>Pb** e **<sup>210</sup>Po** in smokers -> **~1/3 more**

## Enrichment

Percentegs of **<sup>235</sup>U**:

Natural Uranium => **0.7%**

Uranium for **power reactors** => **3-5%**

**Small reactors** => **~20 %**

**Bombs** => **~90 %**



# The CHERNOBYL event

**RBMK** boiling water **initially studied for military reasons**

**Graphite** as **moderator**

Thermal power => **3200 Mwatt** => electric **1000 Mwat**

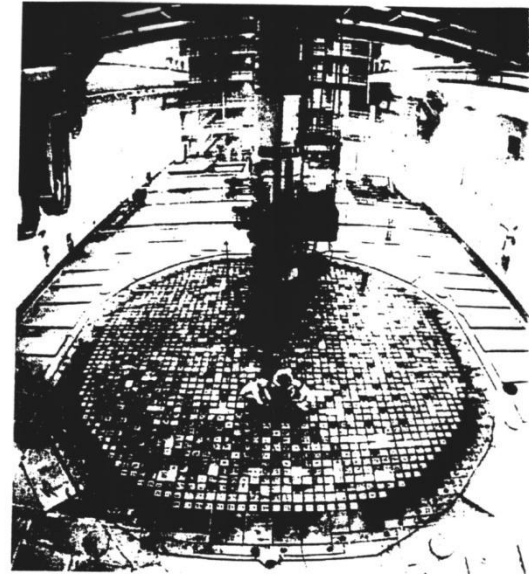
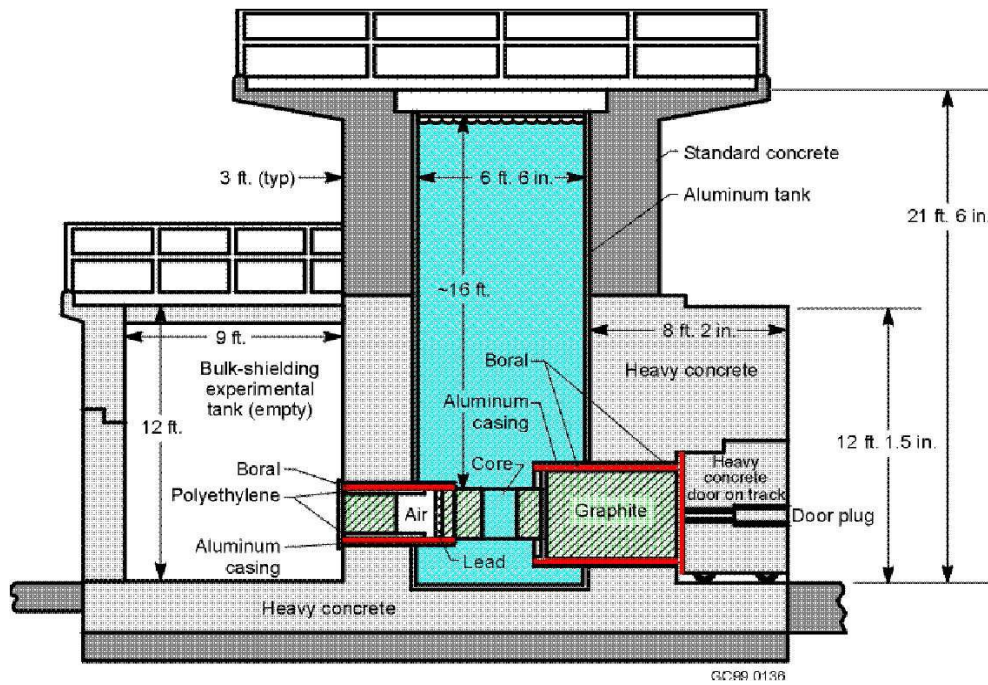
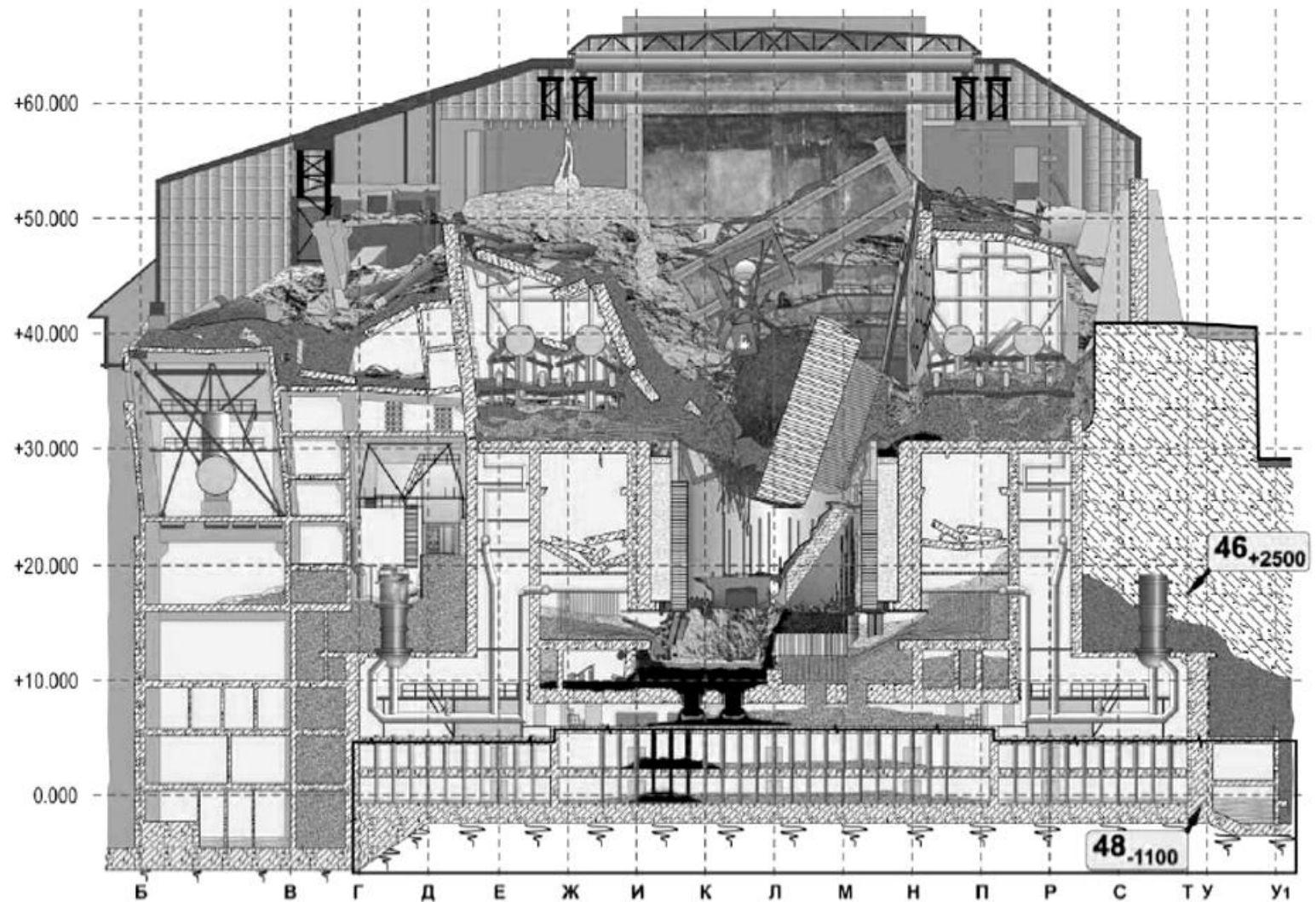


Fig. 5 - Veduta interna della hall di uno degli edifici reattore della centrale elettronucleare di Chernobyl. Sono visibili al centro la macchina per il caricamento del combustibile e in primo piano la superficie della piastra reticolare di copertura del reattore. La piastra è suddivisa secondo un reticolo regolare in blocchi quadrati da 25 x 25 cm di lato, a ciascuno dei quali fa capo un canale di potenza (blocchi chiari) o una barra di controllo (blocchi scuri). (Fonte: Agenzia TASS)

# Sarcophagus



# What happened

⇒ **1.00 del 25.4.1986** The reactor power is reduced to bring it from **3200** to **700-800** Mwatt

⇒ **13.05** power at **1600** Mwatt . Turboalternators are **disconncted**

⇒ **14.00** the emergency cooling sistem is isulated **violating security laws**

Energy is requested from Kiev **the experiment is delayed by 9**

⇒ **23.00** Power is **reduced**

⇒ **23.10** Expected power 700-1000 Mwatt **Reactor at 30 M**

⇒ **1.00 of 26.4.86** Power is increased **only** to **200** Mwatt. Only **6-8** bars

⇒ **1.03 two pumps** are added to the working six : **Eccessive flux**

⇒ **1.10 all control bars bars are extracted**

⇒ **1.23 ' 04 C** The vapor-turbine valve **is closed** to continue by inertia per. . The security system would block the reactor. **It is disconnected**

.Reactor at **200** Mwatt without removal of heat **Increase of temperature and power.**

⇒ **1.23 ' 40 "** Operators pres **AZ-5 . Bars do not insert**

⇒ **1.24 ' 00 "** Power **diverges** => **two explosions** ( vapor and hydrogen formed by water on zirconium **Reactor explodes , building is destrayed, gas , powder is emitted.**

**Graphite at 2000 burn**

⇒ Next days **Fire stops** under **5000** tons of dolomite, boron, carbide . sand , lead

# $^{137}\text{Cs}$ fallout

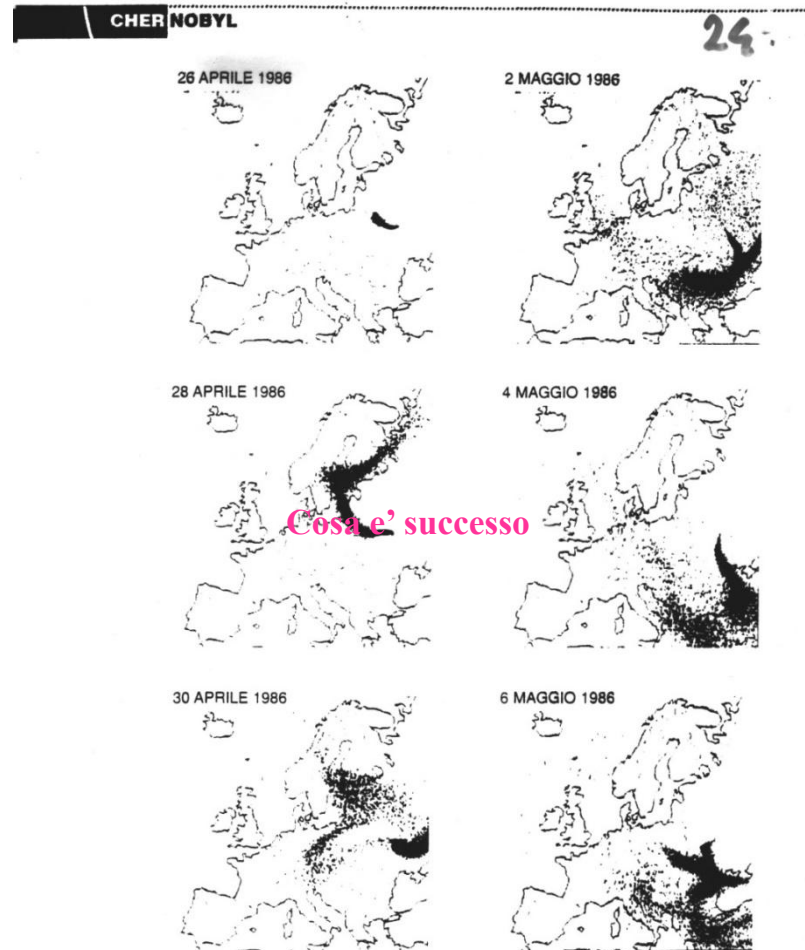
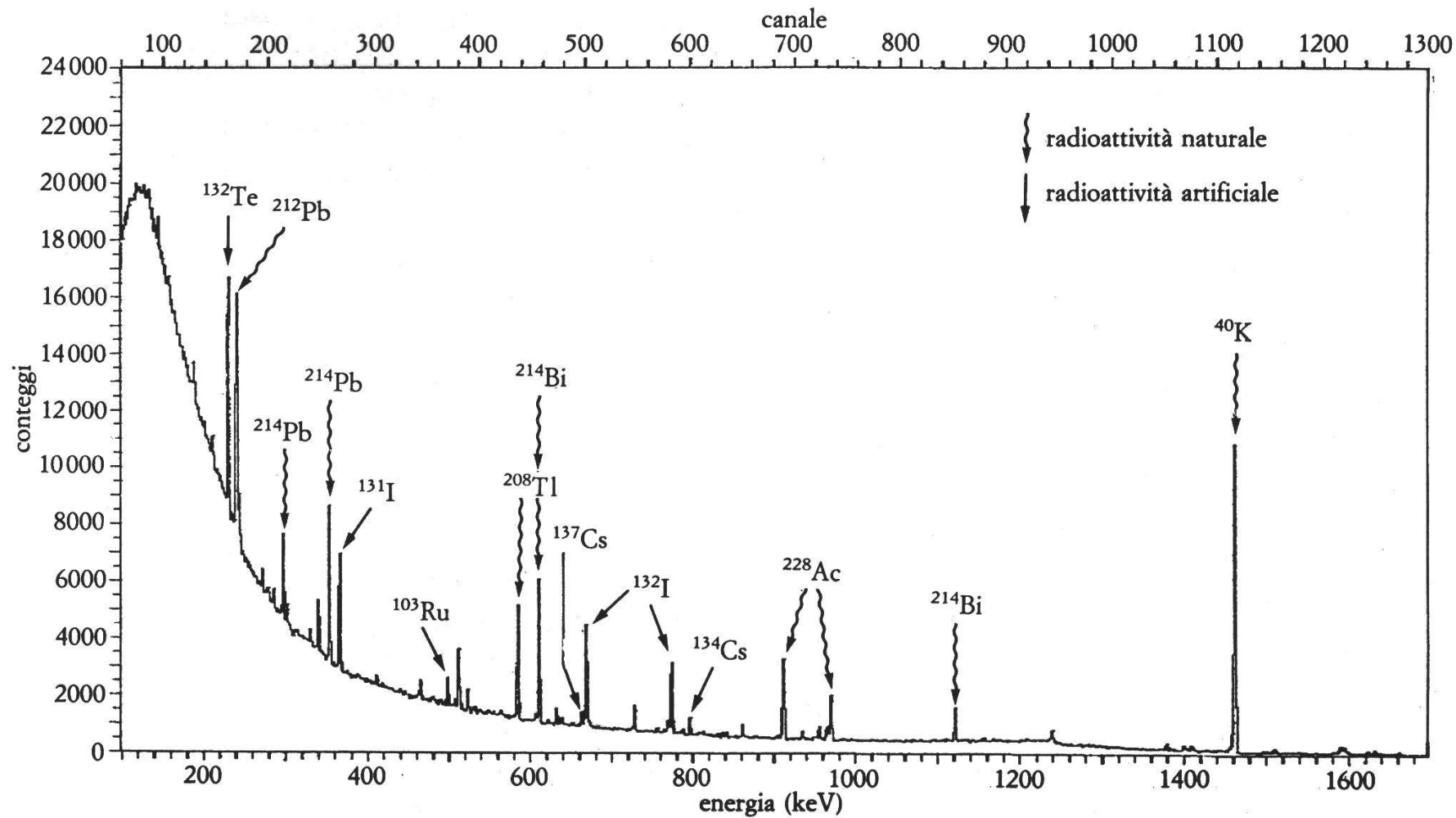


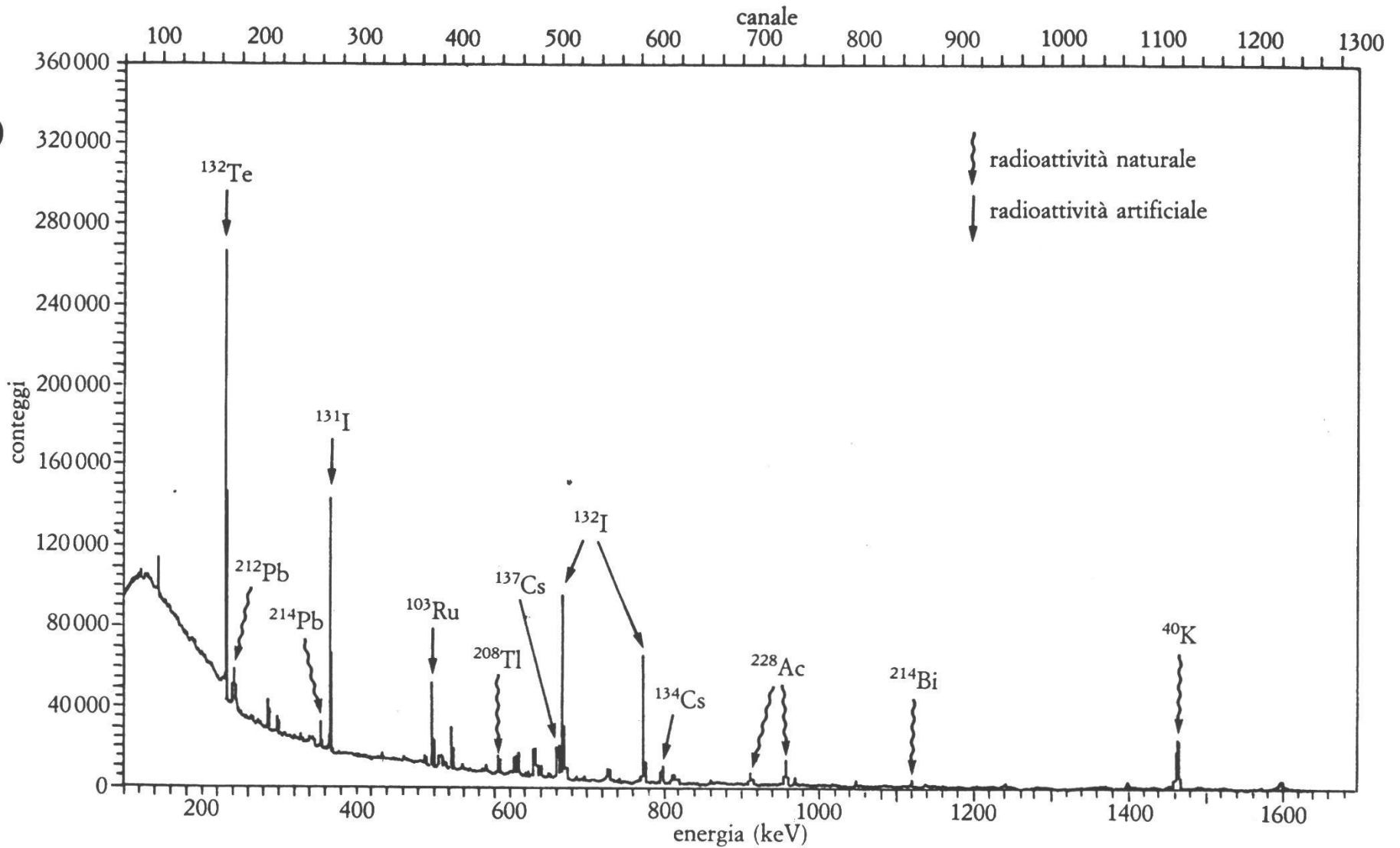
Fig. 28 - Evoluzione del pennacchio di Chernobyl tra il 26 aprile e il 6 maggio 1986. Nei due giorni successivi all'incidente le correnti in quota allungano la nube che si sprigiona dal reattore distrutto in direzione ovest/nord-ovest sulla Polonia e sulla Svezia, interessando nei giorni seguenti la Scandinavia, l'Olanda, il Belgio e la Gran Bretagna. Fra il 30 aprile e il 2 maggio la direzione dei venti prevalenti ruota prima verso sud-est e poi verso sud-ovest, portando la nube a interessare gran parte dell'Europa centrale, i Balcani e il Mediterraneo settentrionale. (Fonte: NEA-OCSE)



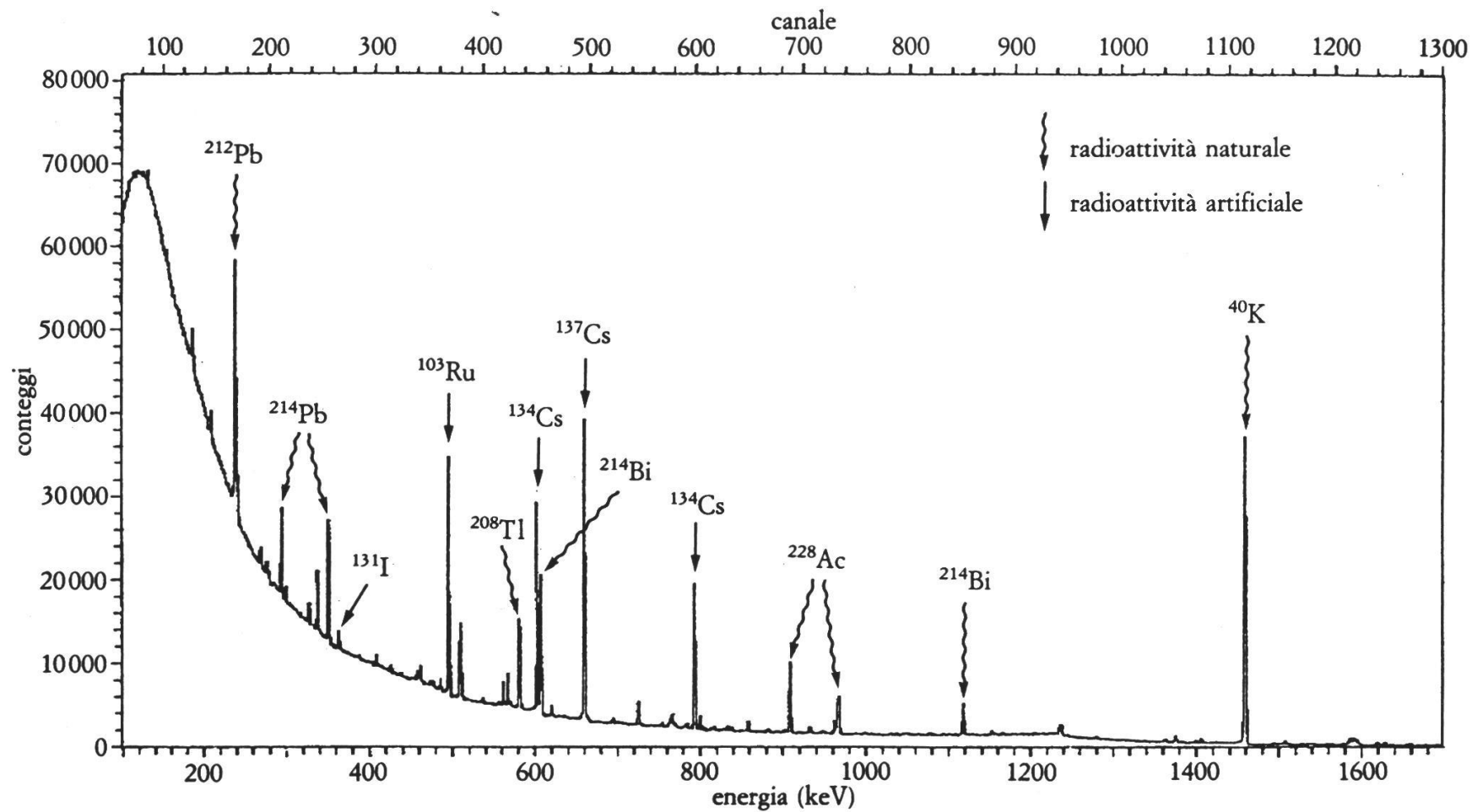
# Afternoon of april 30 1986



May 2-3 1986



26.6.1986



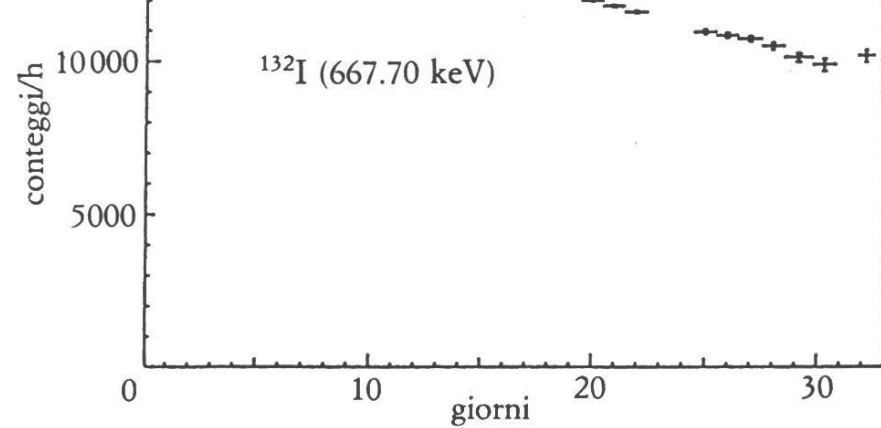
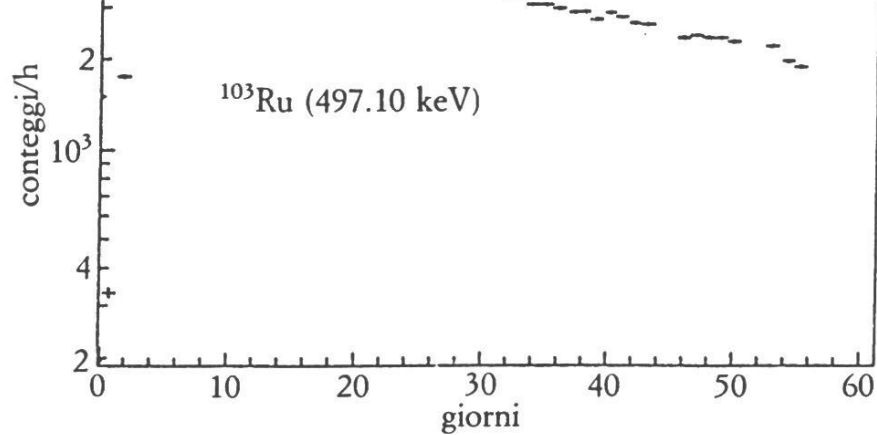


Fig. 5. - Andamento dei conteggi dovuti al  $^{131}\text{I}$ .

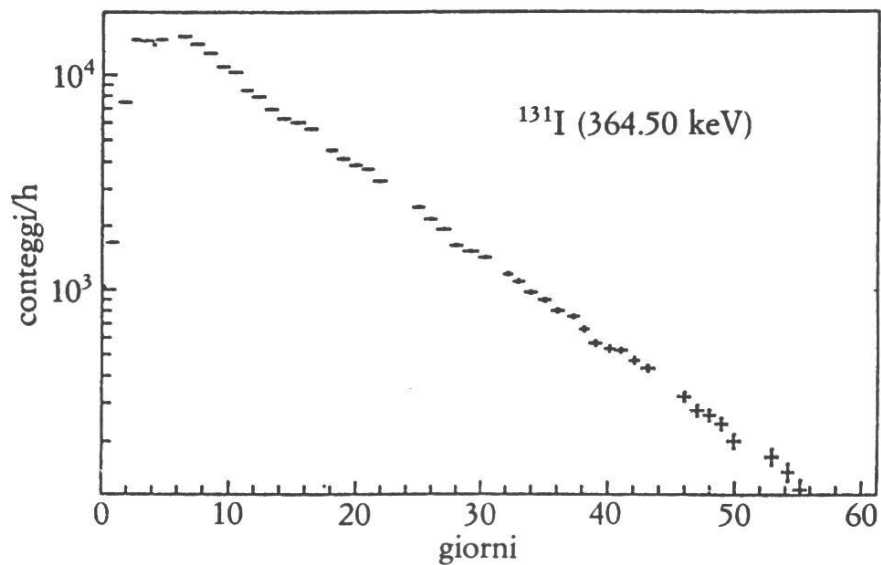
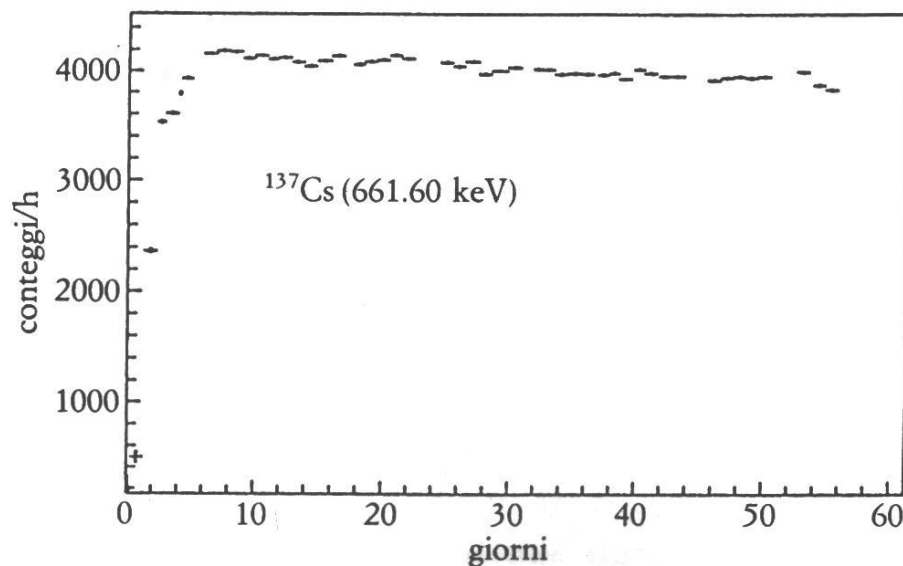
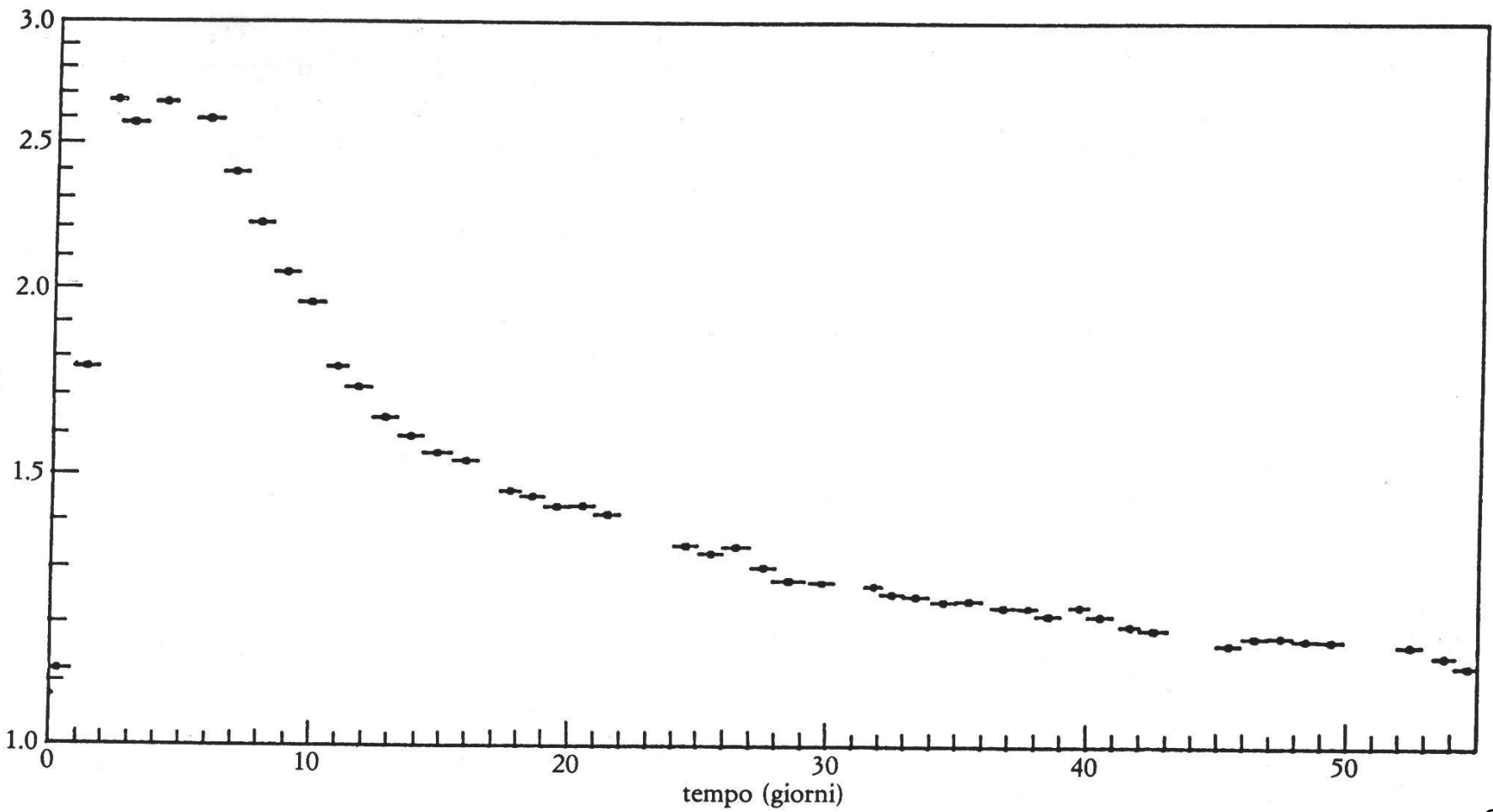


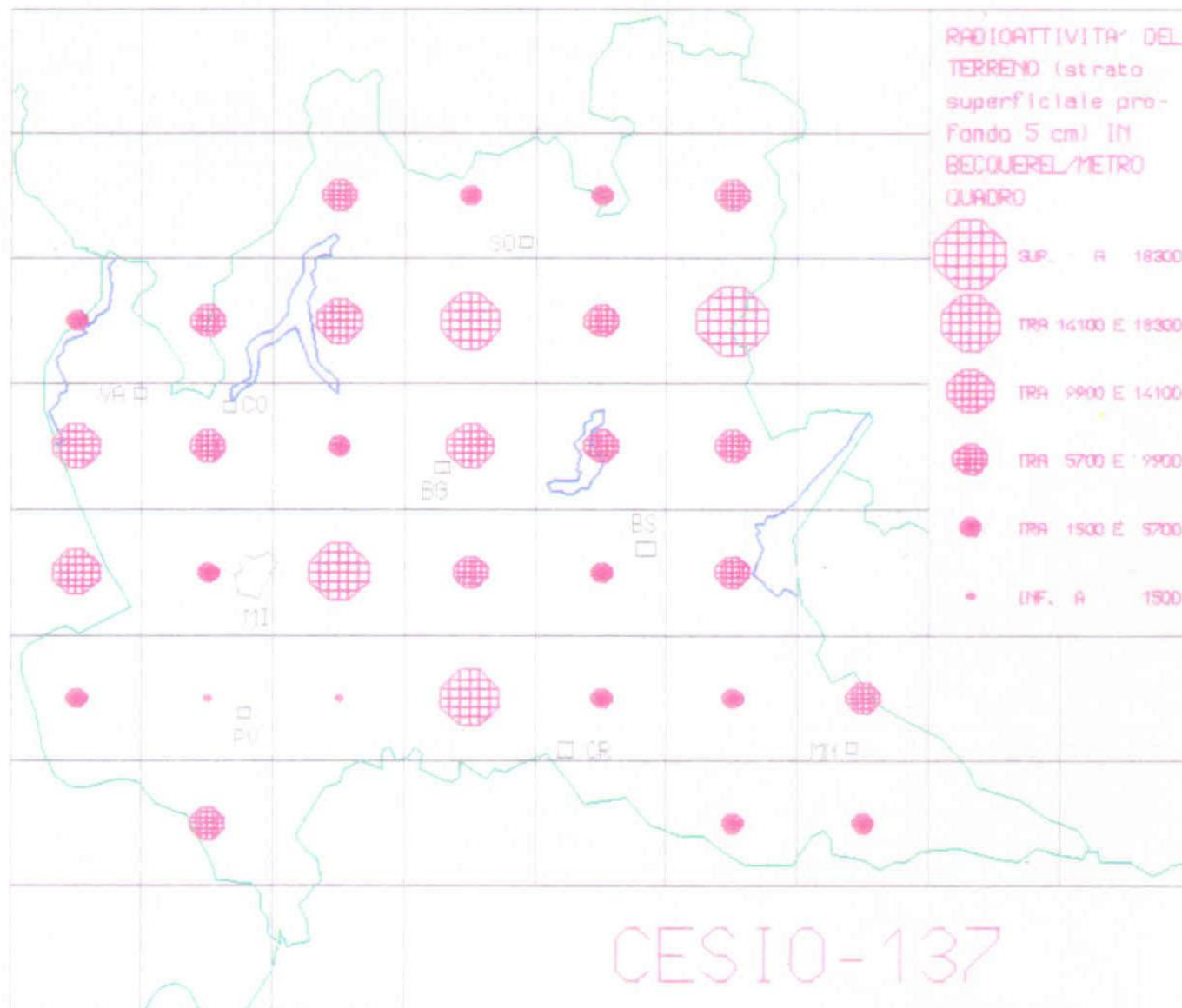
Fig. 7. - Andamento dei conteggi dovuti al  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ .



# Global activity



# $^{137}\text{Cs}$ in Lombardy



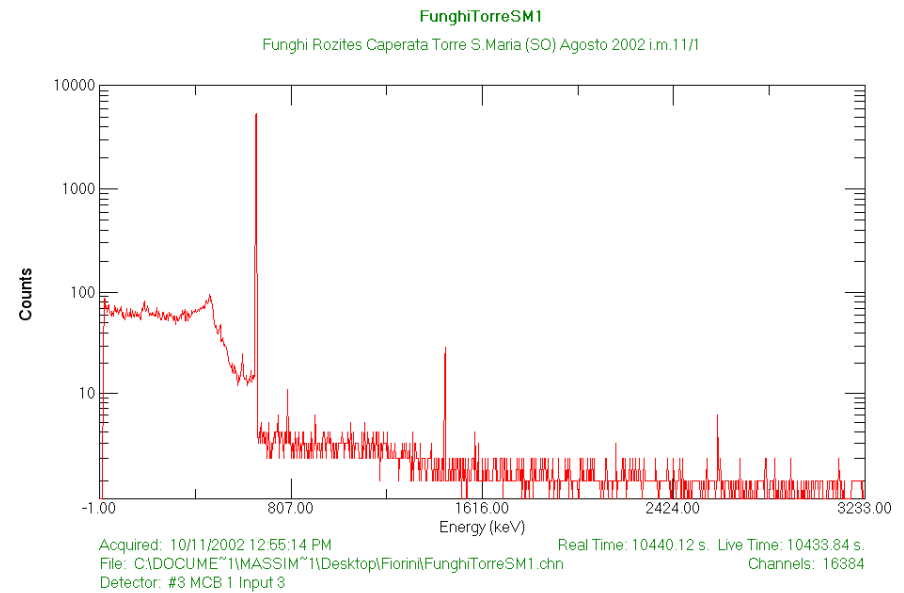
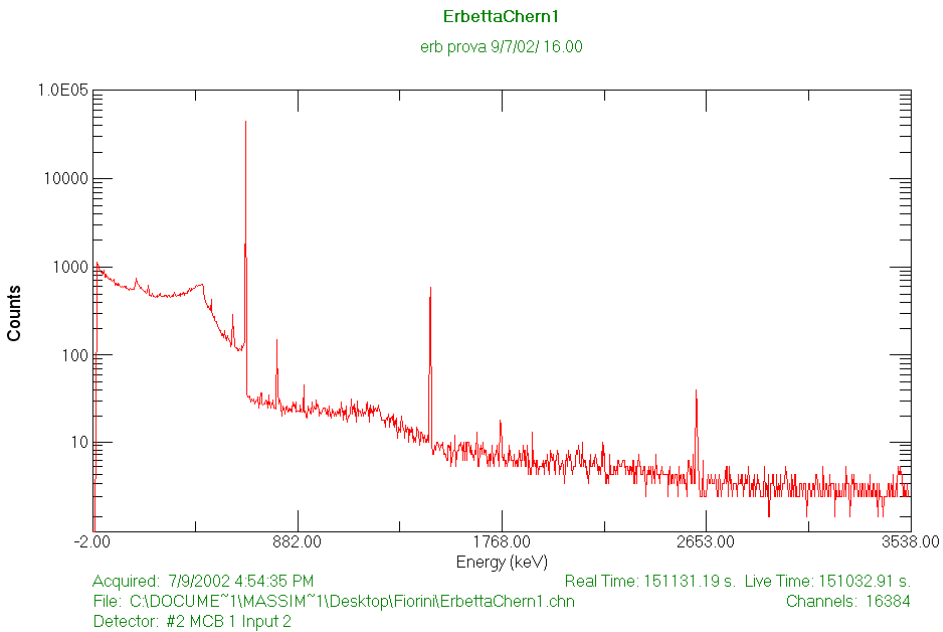
# Measurement on the top of Gran Sasso







# Measurements today



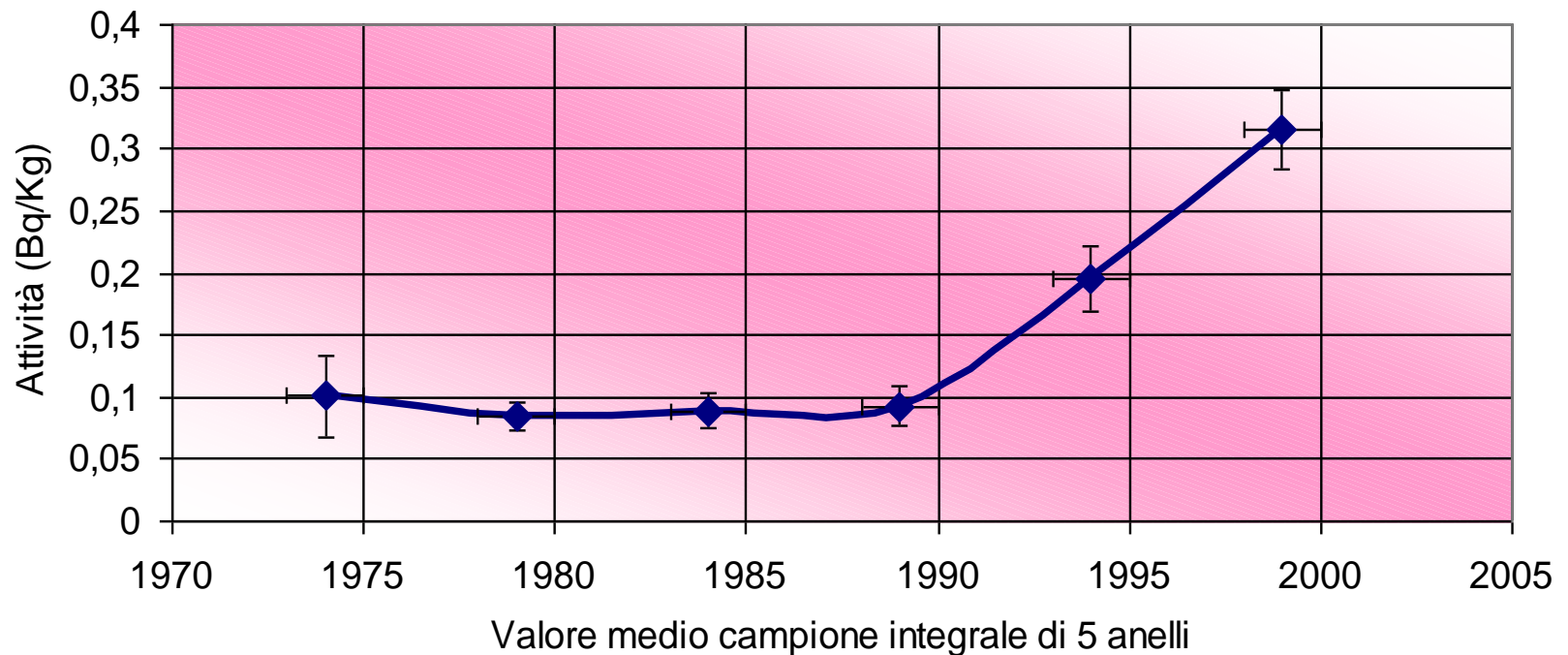


## A (*Larix*) in the Minoprio park



The corresponding  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  activity as a function of the year

Larice Minoprio





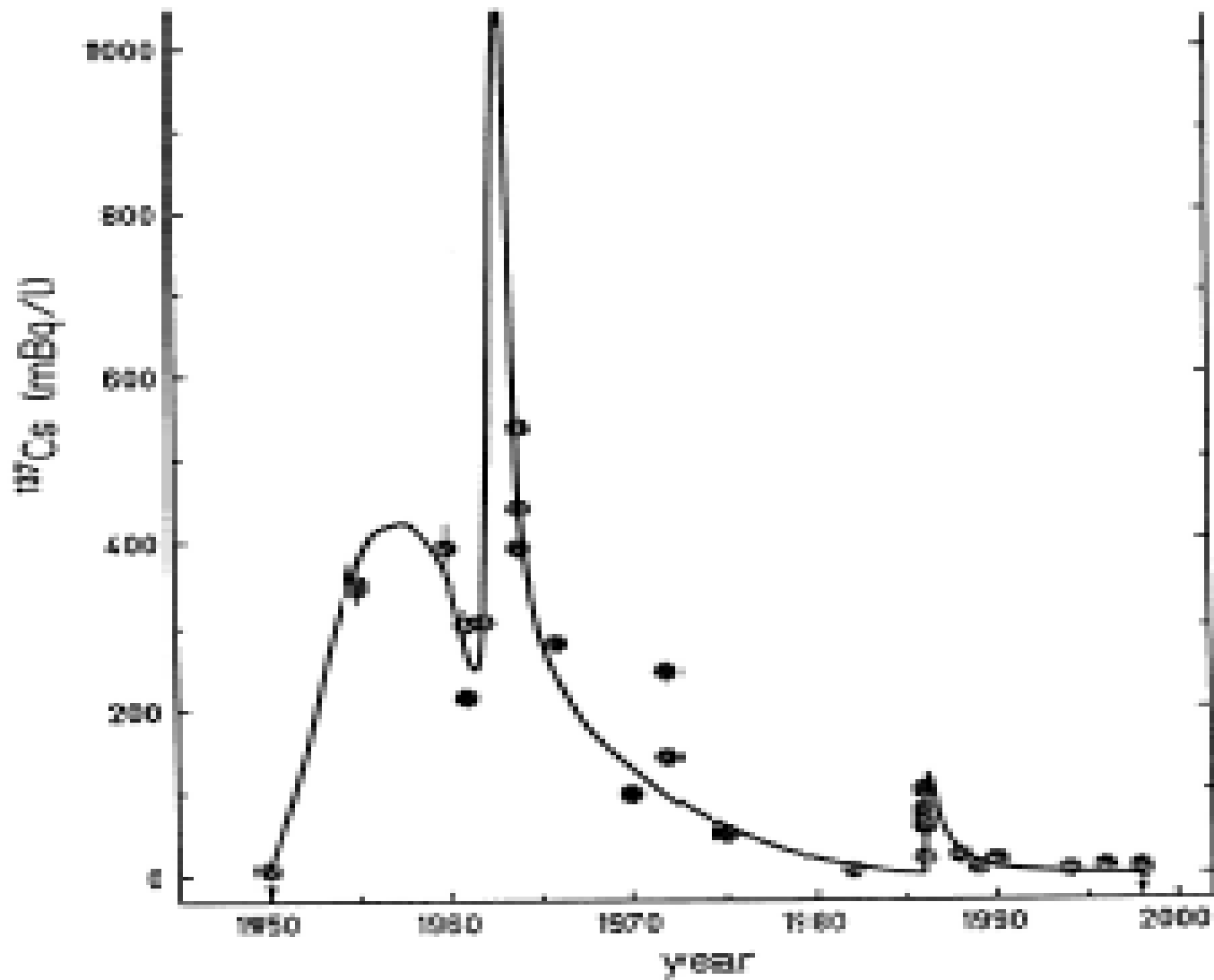
# Rozites Caperata



## $^{137}\text{Cs}$ in mushrooms

CAMPIONI	$^{137}\text{Cs}$ (Bq/Kg)	$^{134}\text{Cs}$ (Bq/Kg)	$^{40}\text{K}$ (Bq/Kg)	TF
<i>Cantharellus cibarius</i>	36,6	0,08	85,59	0,08
<i>Boletus edulis</i>	484,22	1,19	784,36	1,09
<i>Trichloma terreum</i>	448,55	1,24	294,91	1,01
<i>Rozites Caperata</i>	13133,11	33,62	1098,78	29,69

## Activity of $^{137}\text{Cs}$ in Bordeaux wine

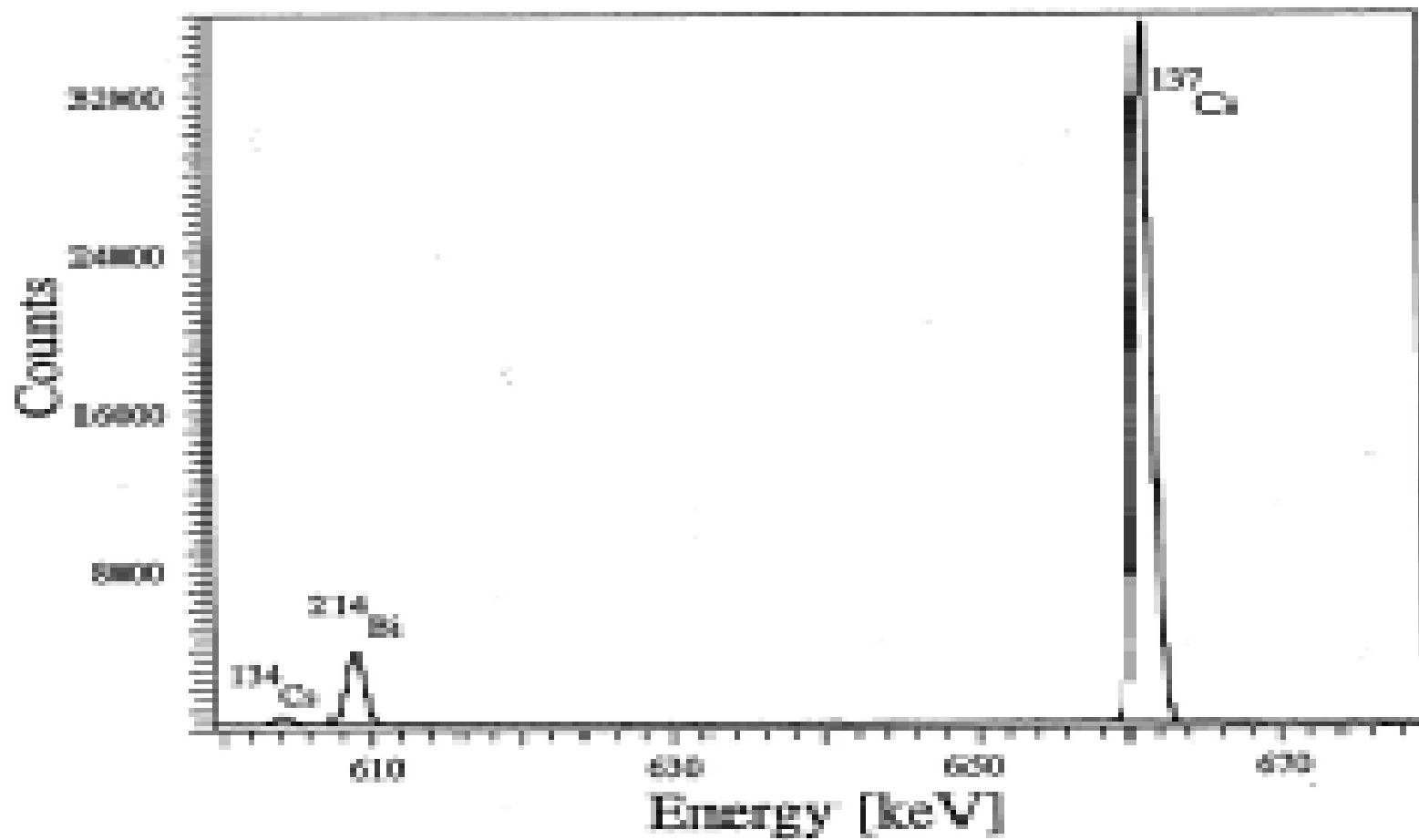




## Wine measurements in France

Origine géographique	$A(^{137}\text{Cs})$ mBq/l	$A(^{40}\text{K})$ Bq/l	$R(^{137}\text{Cs}/^{40}\text{K})$
Entre Deux-Mers	8,9 (22)	35,0 (5)	0,0043 (10)
Côtes de Bourg	< 4	32,1 (3)	< 0,0017
Madiran	< 4	29,5 (3)	< 0,0020
Côtes du Roussillon	< 5	39,9 (5)	< 0,0019
Jurançon	6,1 (2,5)	24,2 (4)	0,0042 (17)

## The Spanish accident in June 1998

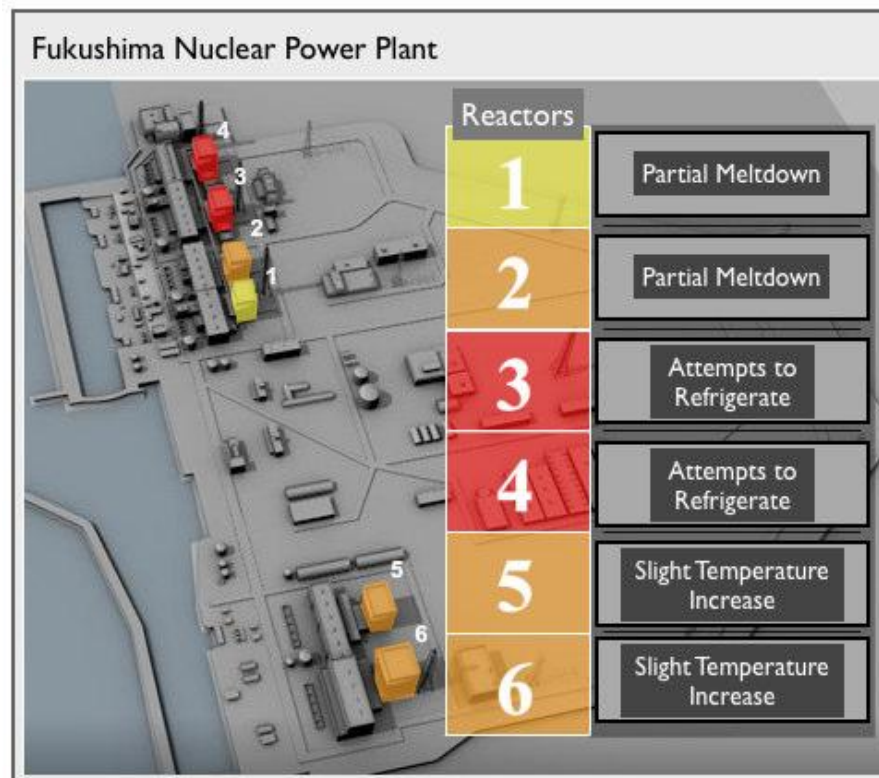


## Loss of $^{137}\text{Cs}$ from a Spanish foundry (1998)

Starting date of measurement	m <sup>3</sup> per hour	Contamination ( Bq/m <sup>3</sup> )
15.5.98	504 ± 5	30 ± 4
15.6.98	9 ± 1	1.0 ± .2
4.7.98	11 ± 1	1.3 ± .2
20.7.98	13 ± 1.5	1.6 ± .3
3.8.98	11.4 ± 15	.6 ± .1
27.10.98	15 ± 2	.5 ± .1

# Fukushima

- ⇒ At 14,46 => 6,46 italian hour on **march 11 2011** Earthquake magnitude 8.9
- ⇒ 55 reactors => involved **11**
- ⇒ Fukushima reactors **1,2,3** si stop other 3 already stopped
- ⇒ Pressure increase => emission of radioactive gas
- ⇒ Evacuation from 30 km and measurement of  $^{121}\text{I}$



# April 15 2011

Unit	1	2	3	4	5	6
Power (MWe /MWh)	460/1380	784/2381	784/2381	784/2381	784/2381	1100/3293
Type of Reactor	BWR-3	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-5
Status at time of EQ	In service – auto shutdown	In service – auto shutdown	In service – auto shutdown	Outage	Outage	Outage
Core and fuel integrity	Damaged	Severe damage	Damaged	No fuel in the Reactor	Cold Shutdown Being maintained using off-site electrical power and existing plant equipment.	Cold Shutdown Being maintained using off-site electrical power and existing plant equipment.
RPV & RCS integrity	RPV temperature high but stable	RPV temperature stable	RPV temperature stable	Not applicable due to outage plant status		
Containment integrity	No information	Damage suspected	Damage suspected			
AC Power	AC power available – power to instrumentation – Lighting to Central Control Room	AC power available – power to instrumentation – Lighting to Central Control Room	AC power available – power to instrumentation – Lighting to Central Control Room	AC power available – power to instrumentation – Lighting to Central Control Room		
Building	Severe damage	Slight damage	Severe damage	Severe damage		
Water level of RPV	Around half of Fuel is uncovered	Around half of Fuel is uncovered	Around half of Fuel is uncovered			
Pressure of RPV	Increasing	Stable	Stable			
CV Pressure Drywell	Increasing	Stable	Stable	Not applicable due to outage plant status	RPV: Reactor Pressure Vessel RCS: Reactor Coolant System	
Water injection to RPV	Injection of freshwater – via mobile electric pump with off-site power	Injection of freshwater – via mobile electric pump with off-site power	Injection of freshwater – via mobile electric pump with off-site power			
Water injection to CV	No information	No information	No information			
Spent Fuel Pool Status	Fresh water injection by concrete pump truck	Freshwater injection to the Fuel Pool Cooling Line	Freshwater injection via Fuel Pool Cooling Line and Periodic spraying	Fresh water injection by concrete pump truck		



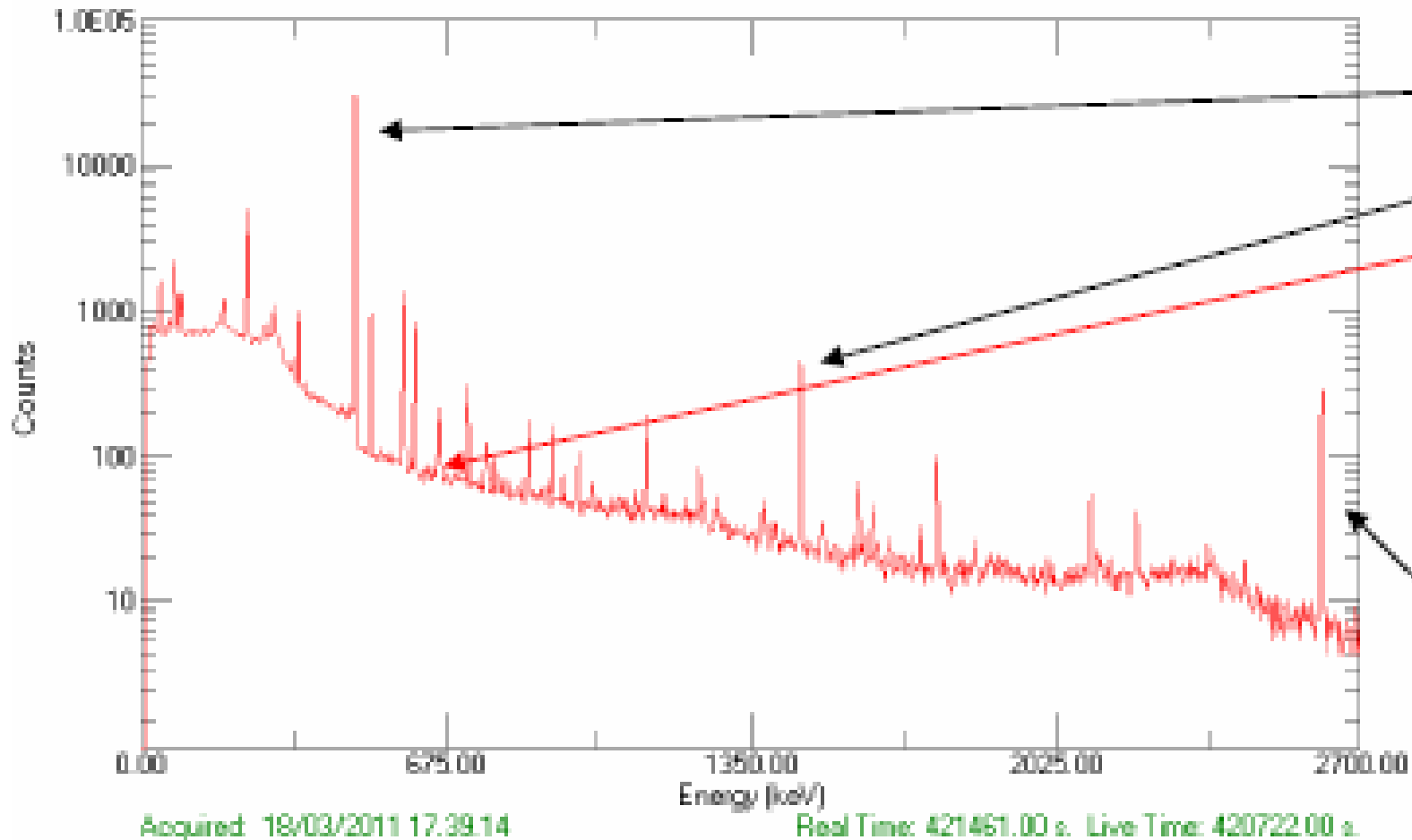
# Measurements in Milano-Bicocca

⇒ May 15-18 **No activity** apart  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  (.5 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>)

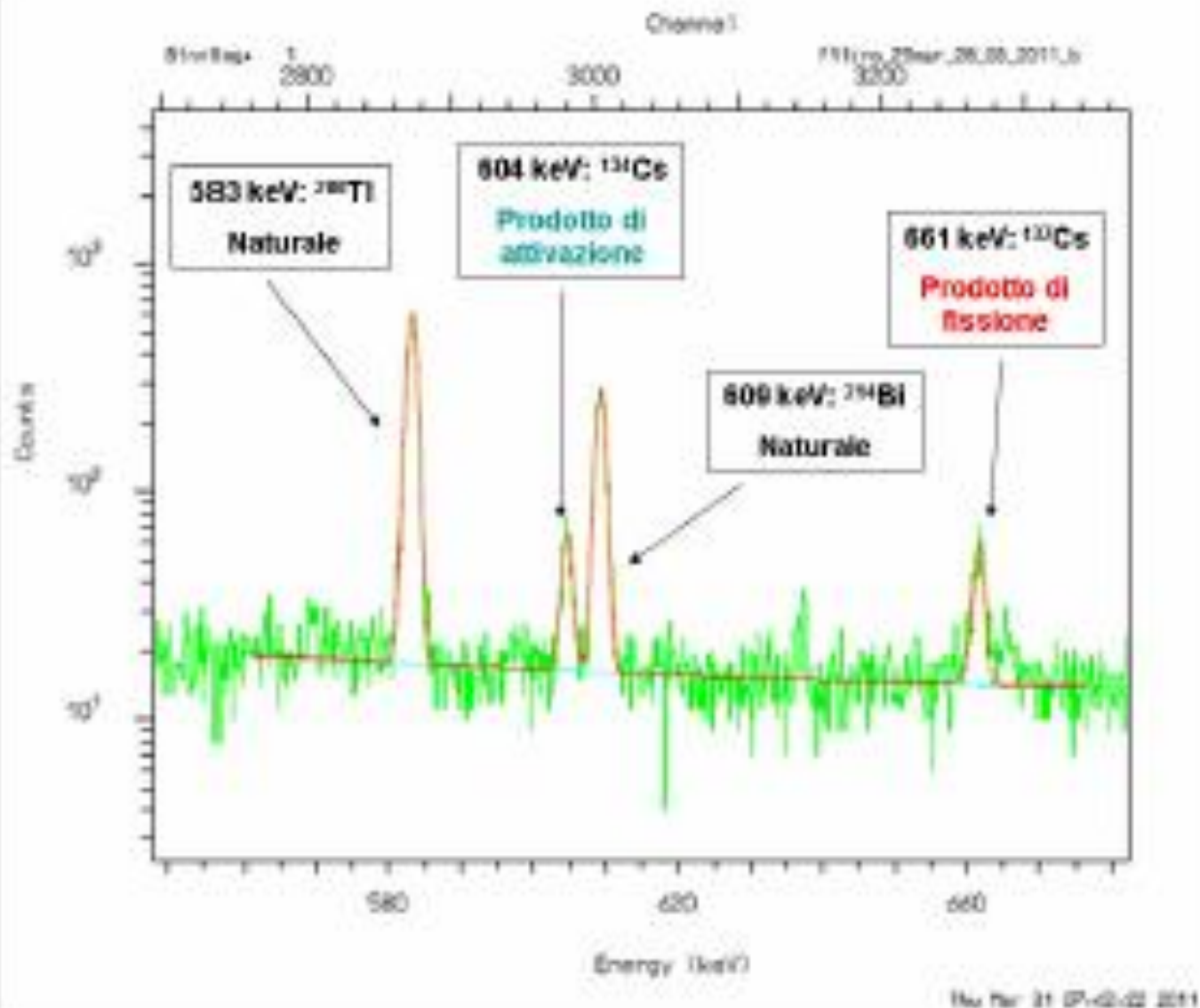


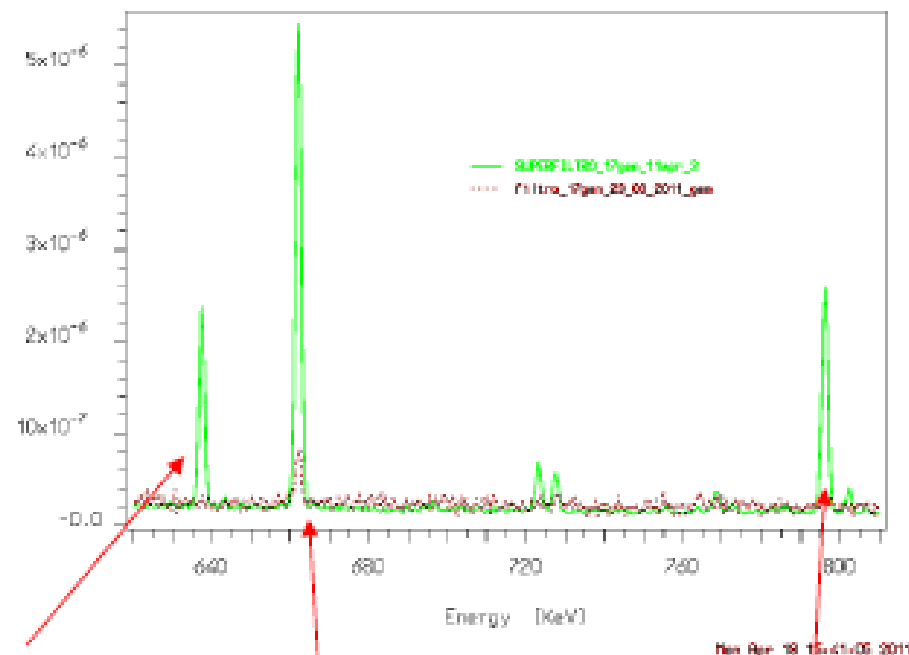
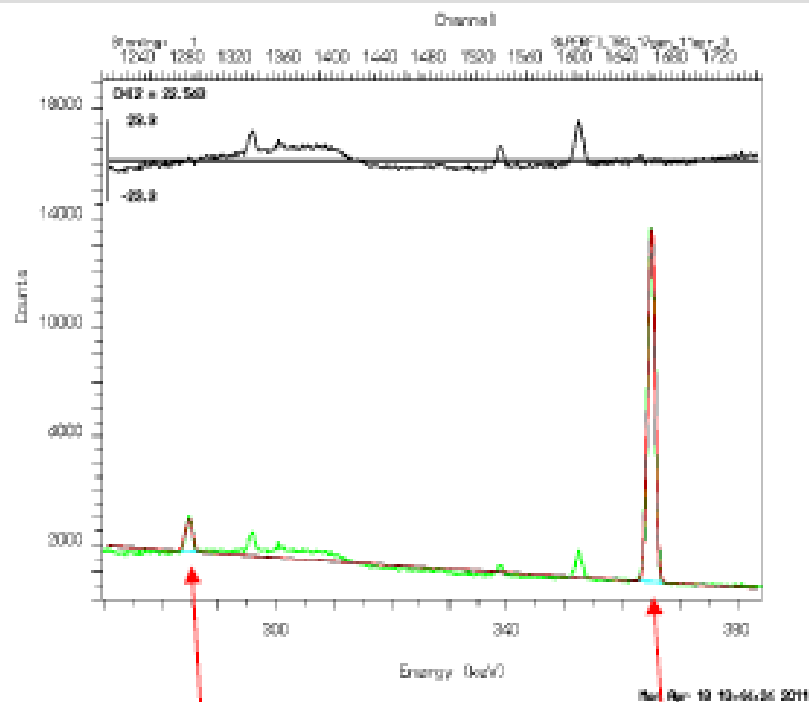
# First measurement

GeSiema: filtro DISAT del 17/01/11 Lin. 18/03/2011 17:45



R.N
.
$^7\text{Be}$
$^{40}\text{K}$
$^{137}\text{Cs}$
$^{214}\text{Pb}$
$^{214}\text{Bi}$
$^{210}\text{Pb}$
$^{212}\text{Pb}$
$^{212}\text{Bi}$
$^{208}\text{Tl}$





284 keV <sup>131</sup>I

364 keV <sup>131</sup>I

636 keV <sup>131</sup>I

661 keV <sup>137</sup>Cs

795 keV <sup>134</sup>Cs

# KEK,Milano,Seattle

Nucleo	KEK		Milano-Bicocca		Seatte	
<sup>131</sup> I	Data	μ Bq/m <sup>3</sup>	Data	μ Bq/m <sup>3</sup>	Data	μ Bq/m <sup>3</sup>
	15-16.3	32-20 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	24.3	3	17-18.3	32000
	18.3	0.5x 10 <sup>6</sup>	25.3	110		
	20.3	23x 10 <sup>6</sup>	26.3	150		
	22.3	9.6x 10 <sup>6</sup>	29.3	400		
	23.3	1.9x 10 <sup>6</sup>	30.3	140		
	24-25.3	.7x 10 <sup>6</sup>	31.3	4		
	1.4	.1x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.4	33		
			2.4	23		
			3.4	19		
			4.4	4		
			5.4	29		
			8.4	4		
			11.4	6		
			13.4			



Nucleo	KEK		Milano-Bicocca		Seatte	
<sup>134</sup> Cs	Data	μ Bq/m <sup>3</sup>	Data	μ Bq/m <sup>3</sup>	Data	μ Bq/m <sup>3</sup>
	15-16.3	.67 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	26.3	3		
	18.3	0.001x 10 <sup>6</sup>	28.3	80		
	20.3	7.3x 10 <sup>6</sup>	31.3	2		
	22.3	.12x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.4	12		
	23.3	.1x 10 <sup>6</sup>	2.4	11		
	1.4	.2x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.4	20		
		.	5.4	2		
			6.4	11		
			7.4	8		
			8.4	4		
			5.4	29		
			8.4	2		
			10.4	1		
			11.4	4		

Nucleo	KEK		Milano-Bicocca		Seatte	
<b><math>^{137}\text{Cs}</math></b>	Data	$\mu\text{ Bq/m}^3$	Data	$\mu\text{ Bq/m}^3$	Data	$\mu\text{ Bq/m}^3$
	15-16.3	.7 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	26.3	8		
	20.3	7x 10 <sup>6</sup>	28.3	92		
	22.3	.1x 10 <sup>6</sup>	31.3	7		
	28.3	.2x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.4	13		
	30.3	.1x 10 <sup>6</sup>	2.4	10		
			3.4	38		
		.	6.4	11		
			7.4	10		
			11.4	4		
			12.4	3		
			13.4	4		
			8.4	2		

# Physicists as detectives

- ⇒ An ancient **crime** . Killing of **Napoleon**
- ⇒ Ancient living and crimes ⇒ **archeometry**
- ⇒ Recent **fakes** of archaeological objects and not only
- ⇒ Difference between **environmental** and **natural** radioactivity. We are no more the same
- ⇒ **Monitoring** and control of **radioactive** pollution and accidents

