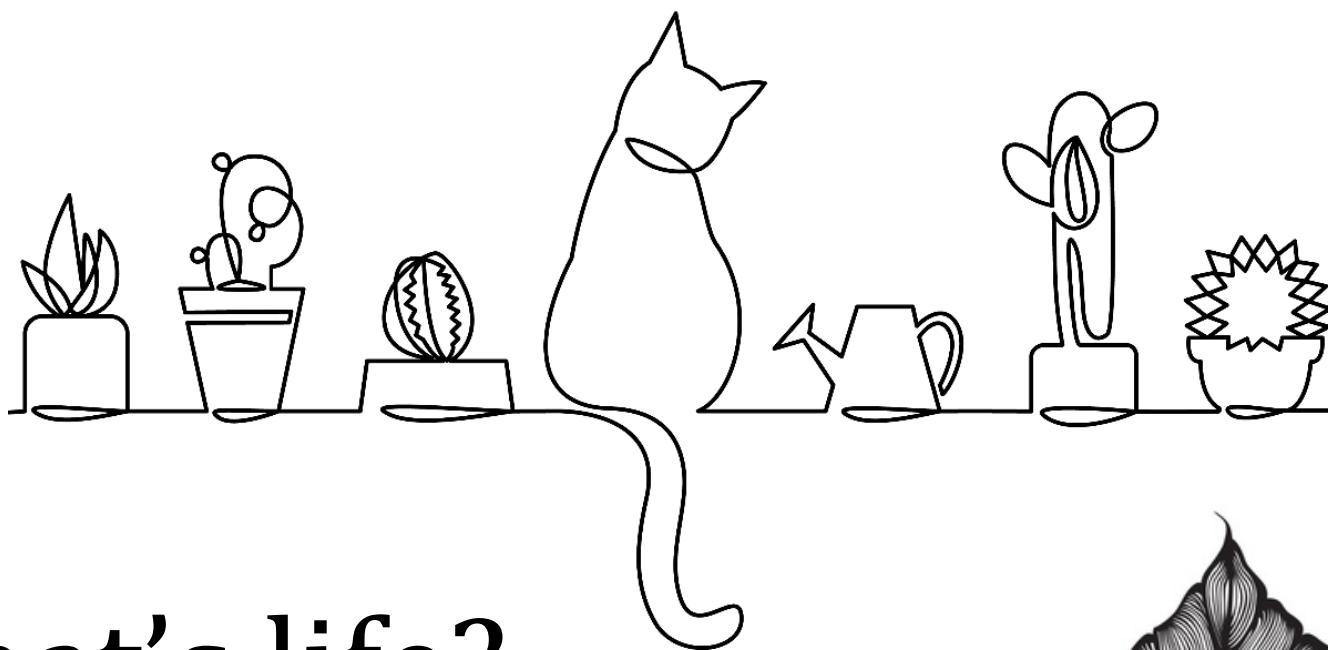


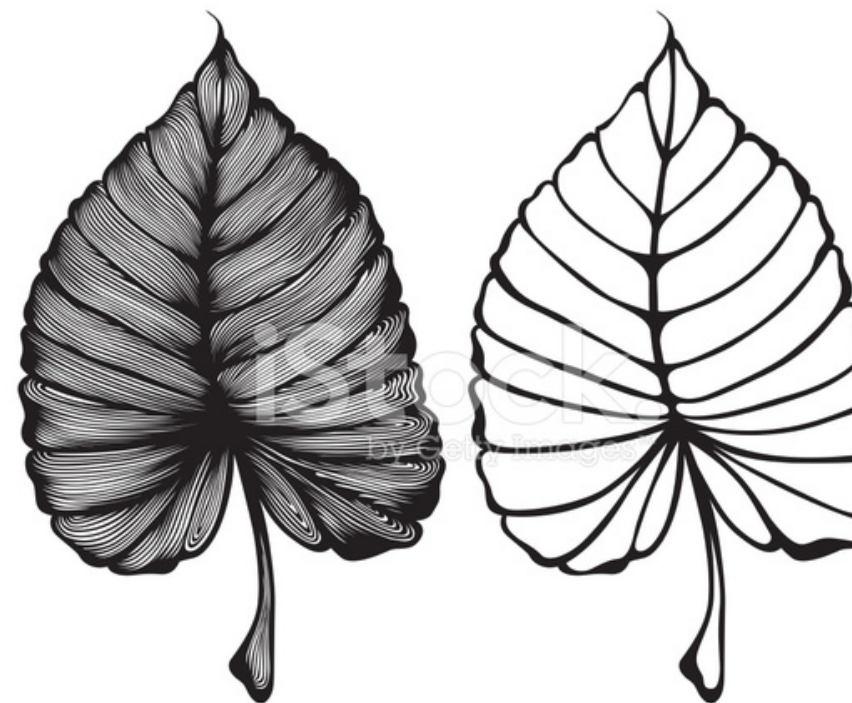


What's life?

The extraordinary revelation that Quantum
Mechanics really matters

Silvia Pisano

Museo Storico della Fisica e Centro Studi e Ricerche Enrico Fermi
Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati - INFN



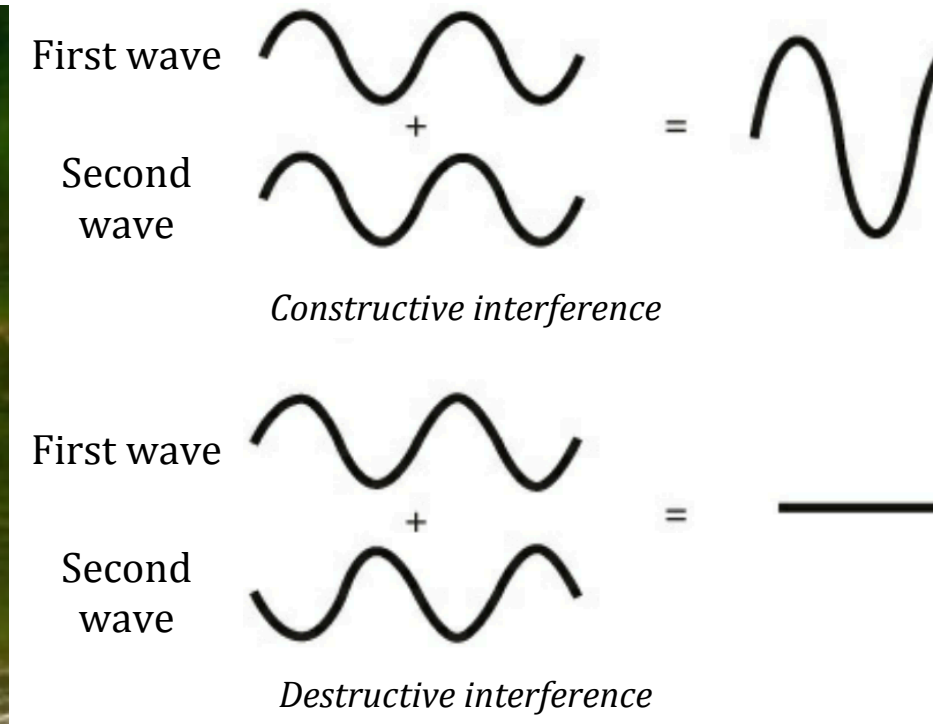
Schrödinger's cat

...or about the transition from quantum to classic world



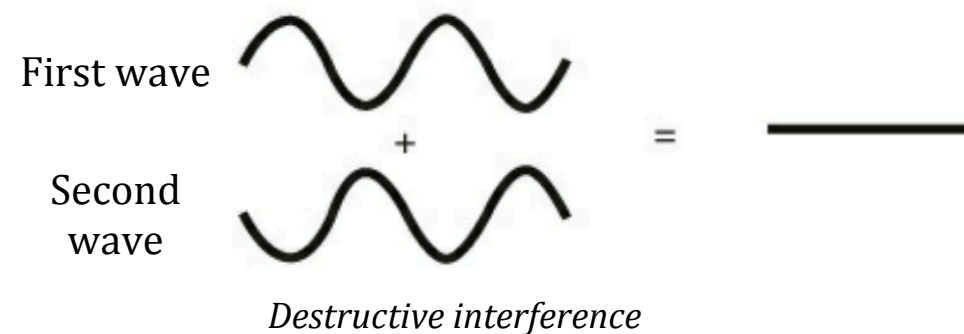
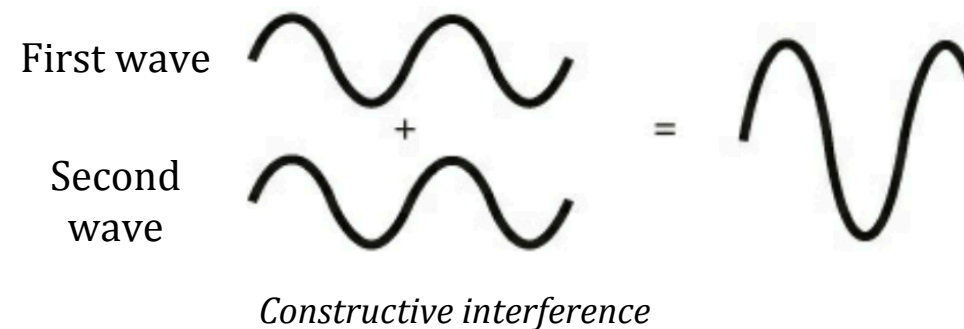
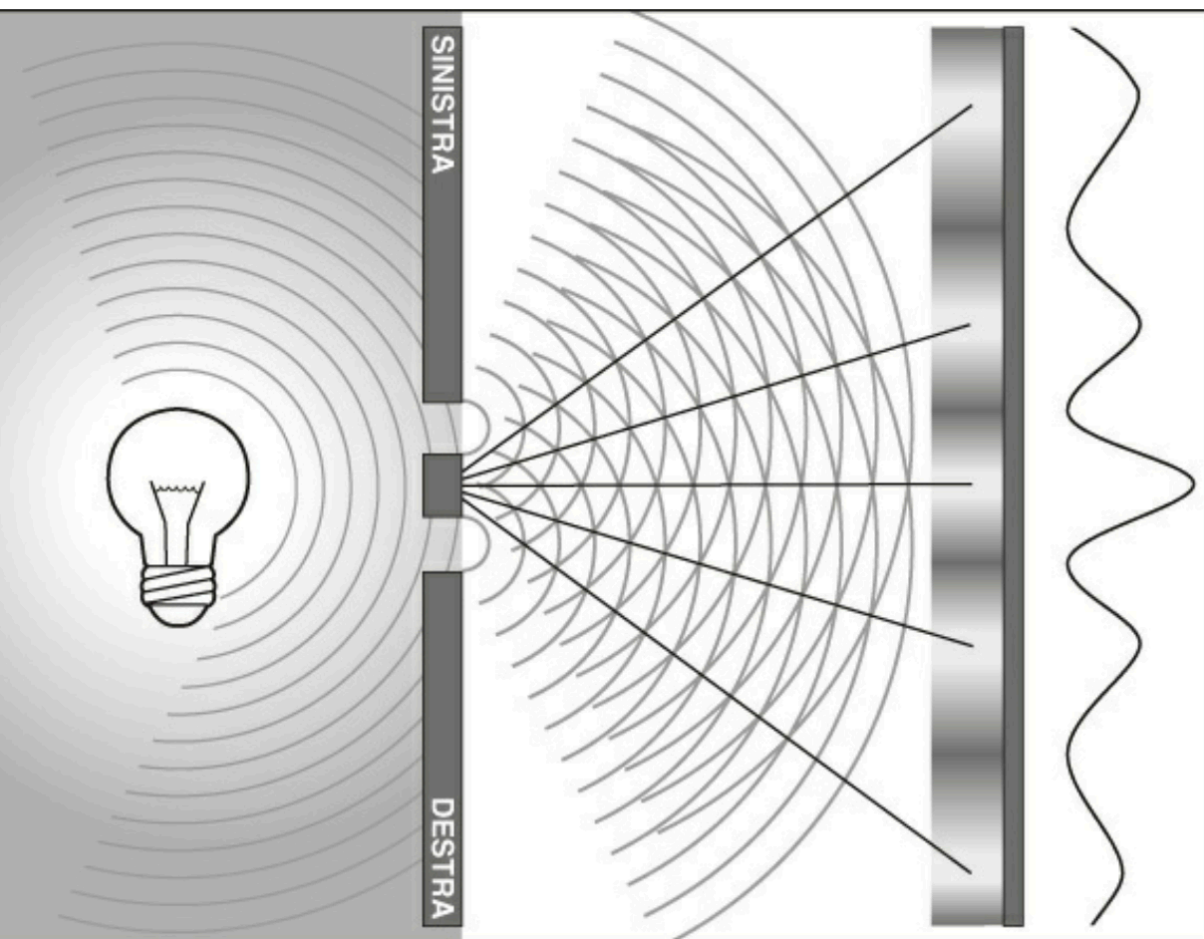
Stones in the pond

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



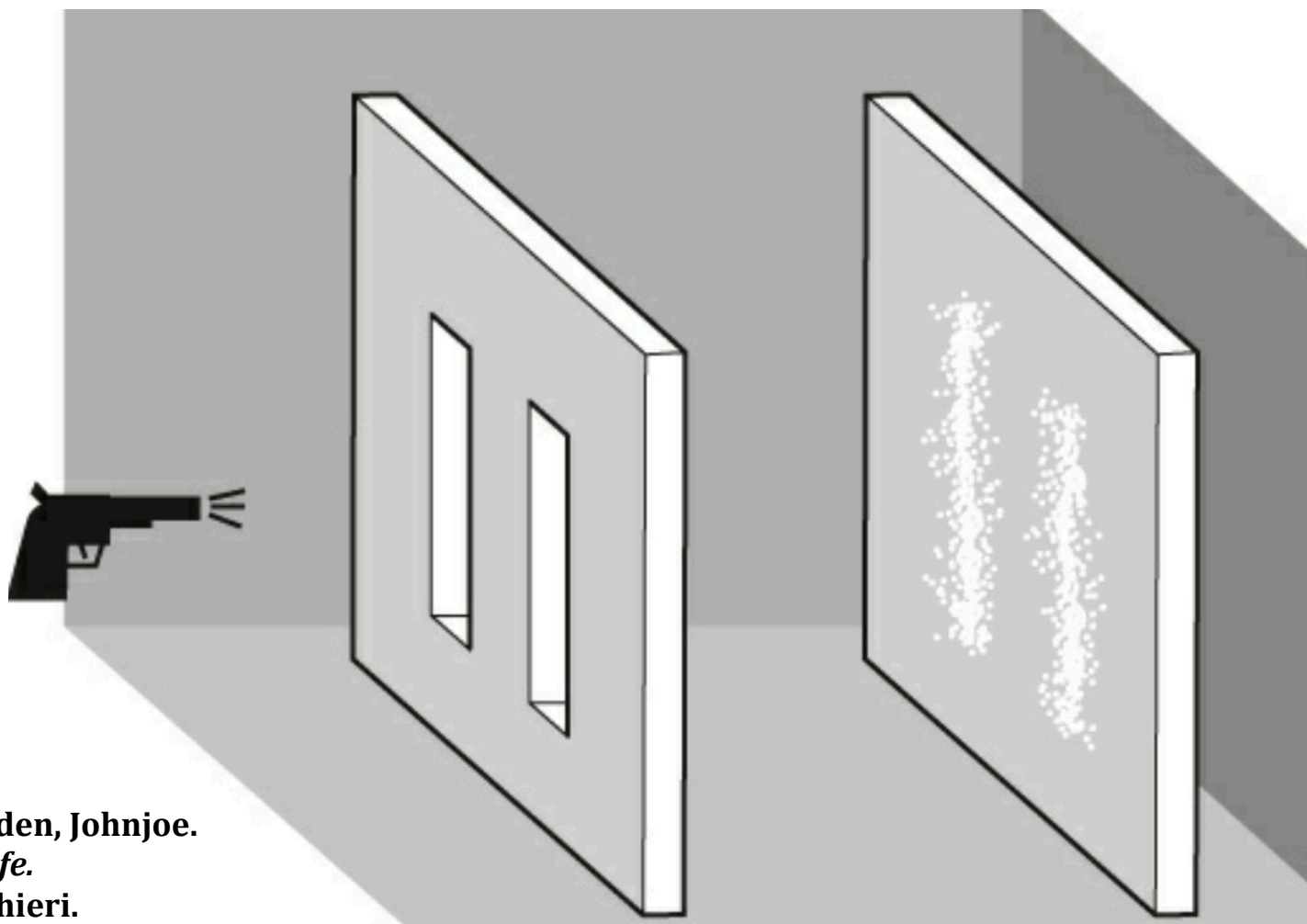
Stones in the pond

The double slit experiment



*Al-Khalili, Jim; McFadden, Johnjoe. Physics of Life
Bollati Boringhieri.*

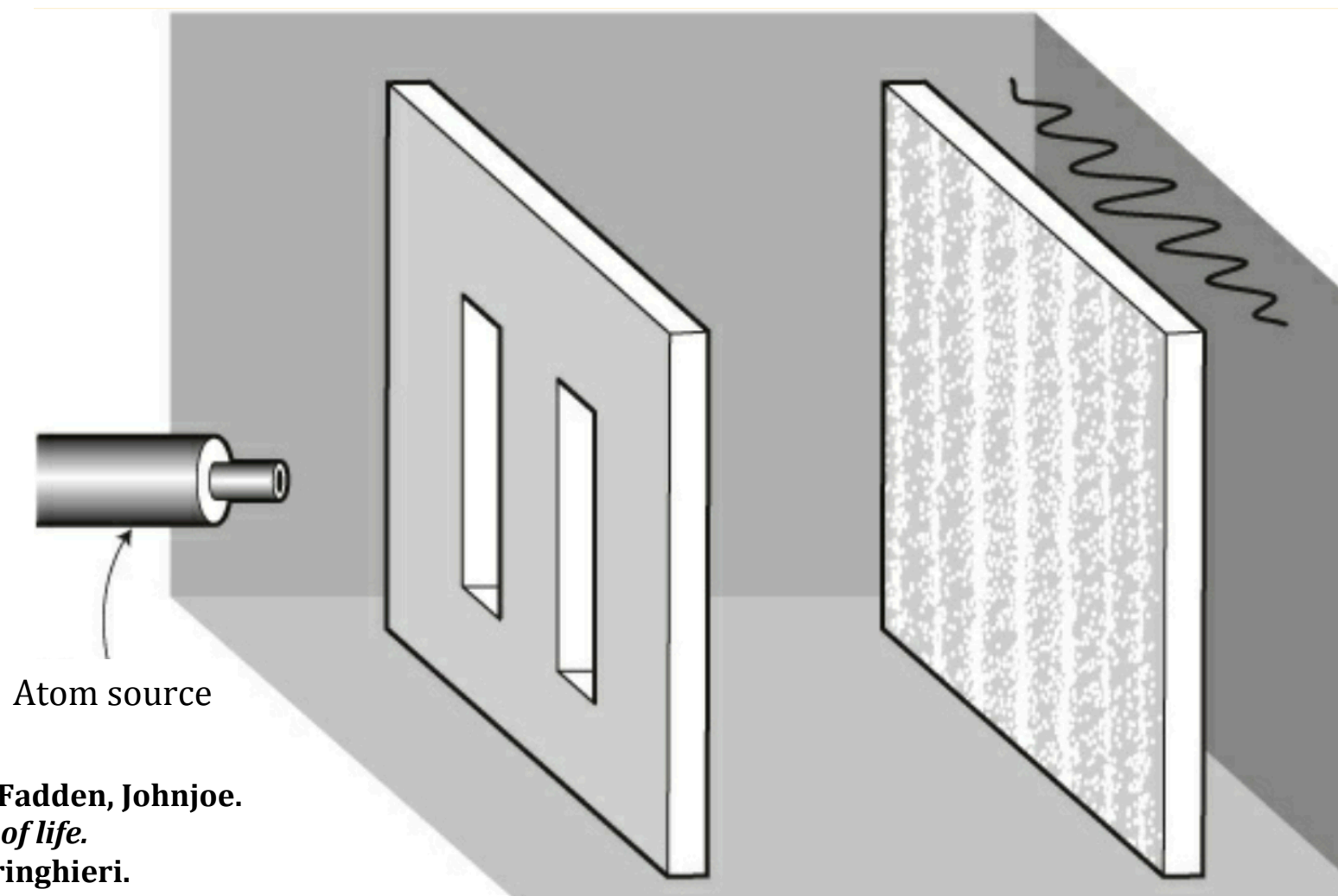
The double slit experiment



Khalili, Jim; McFadden, Johnjoe.
Physics of life.
Bollati Boringhieri.

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

The double slit experiment

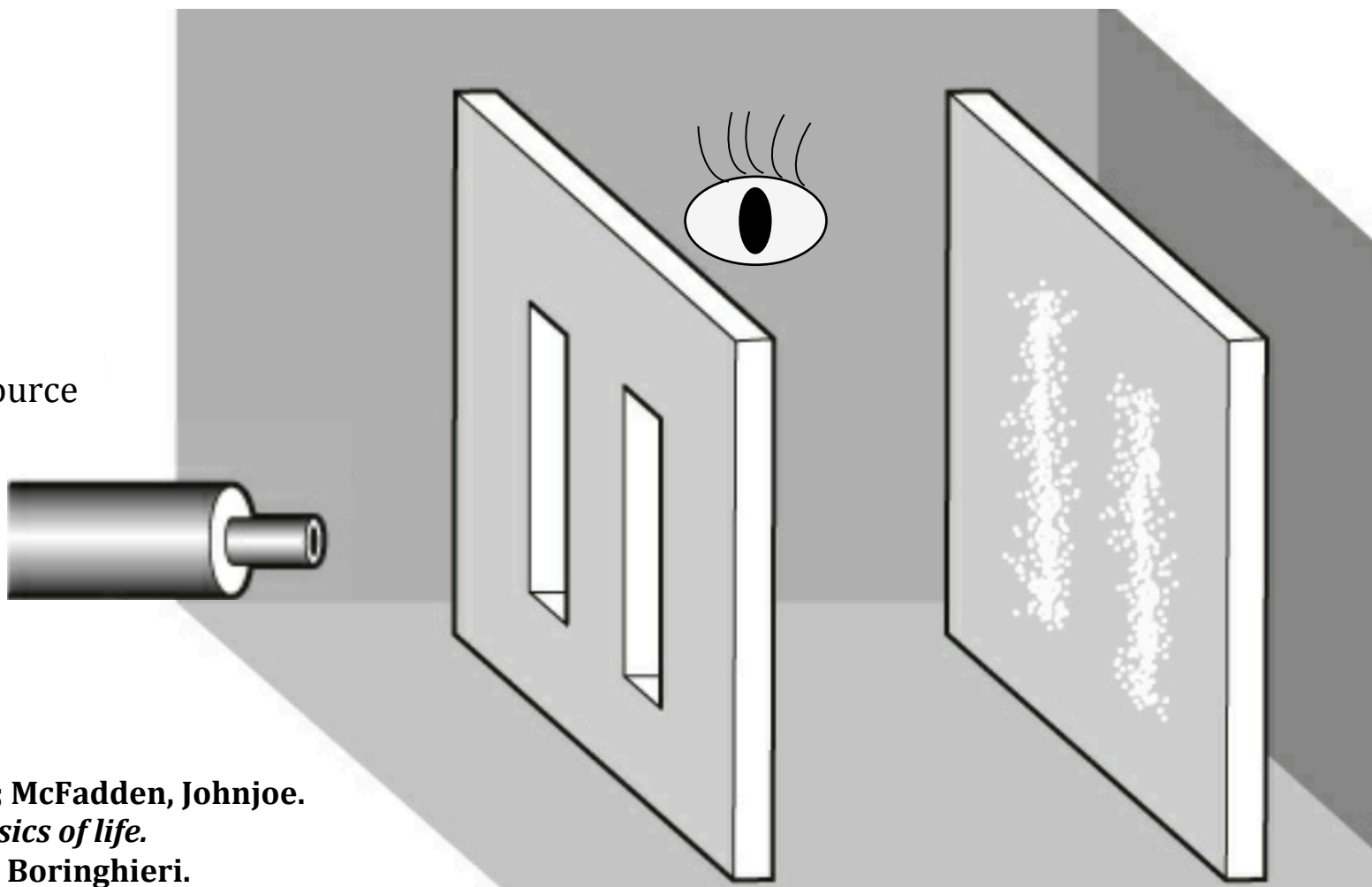


Khalili, Jim; McFadden, Johnjoe.
Physics of life.
Bollati Boringhieri.

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

The double slit experiment

Atom source



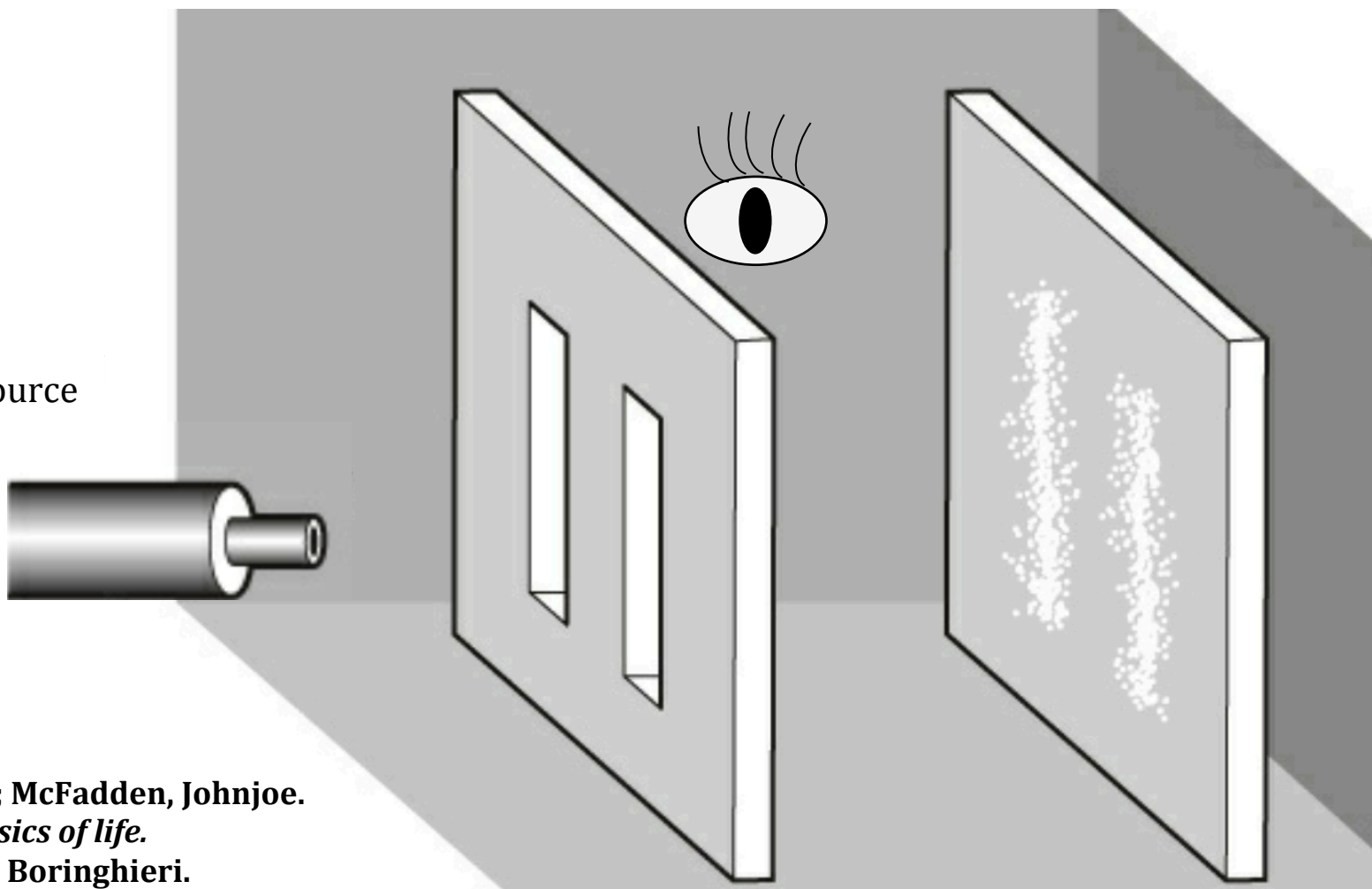
Khalili, Jim; McFadden, Johnjoe.
Physics of life.
Bollati Boringhieri.

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



«Particles know.»

Atom source



Khalili, Jim; McFadden, Johnjoe.
Physics of life.
Bollati Boringhieri.

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



Yes, that's it.



Collapse in the classical world.

"Was the world wave function waiting to jump for thousand of millions of years until a single-celled living creature appeared? Or did it have to wait a little longer for some highly qualified measurer, – with a Ph.D.?"

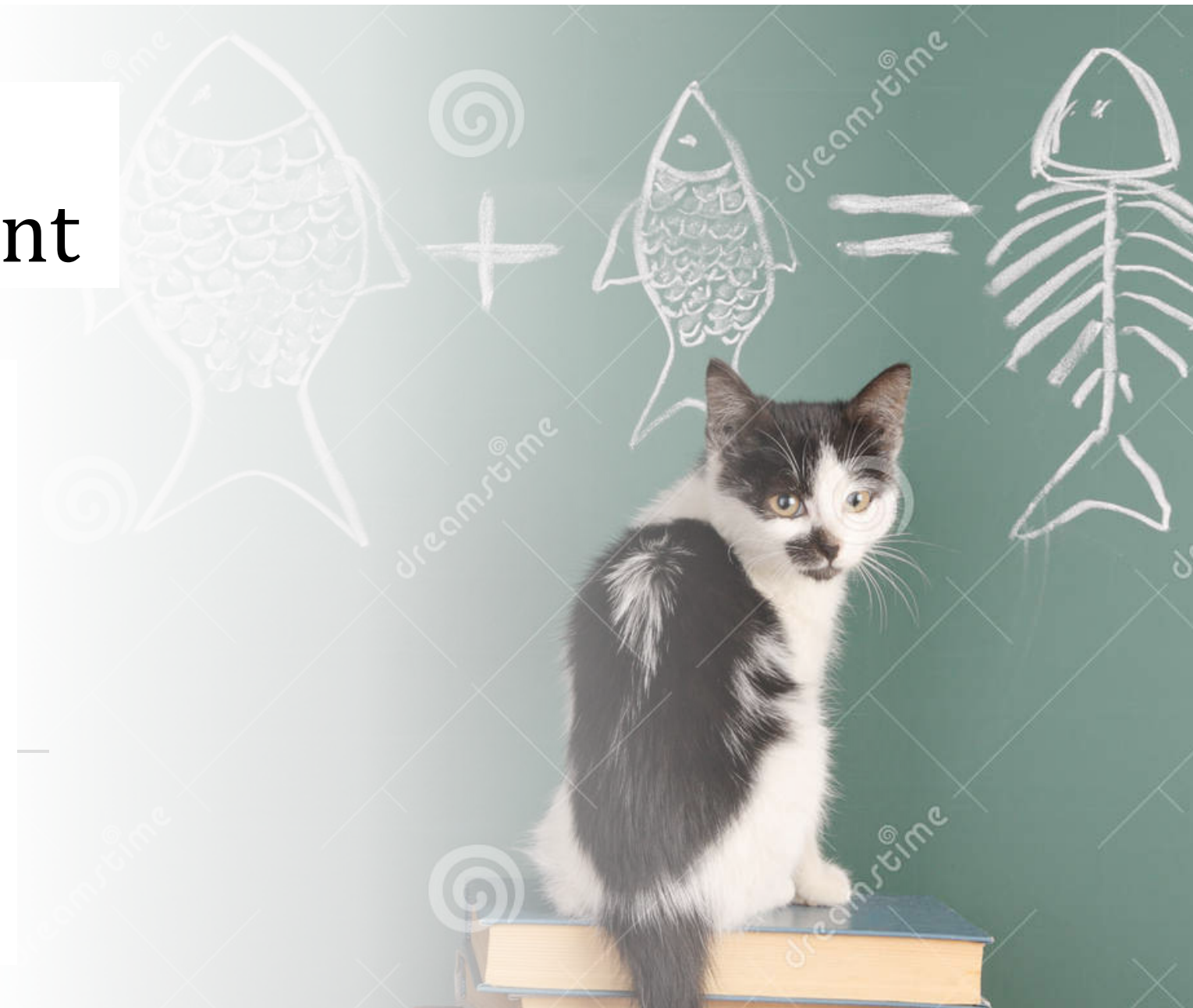
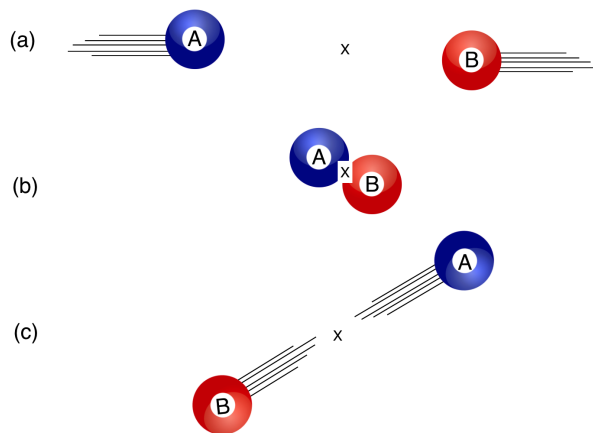
John Stewart Bell



Quantum measurement

Any time we measure the status of a system, its quantum-mechanical behaviour is lost.

A collision itself is a measurement!



That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



Quantum computing

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

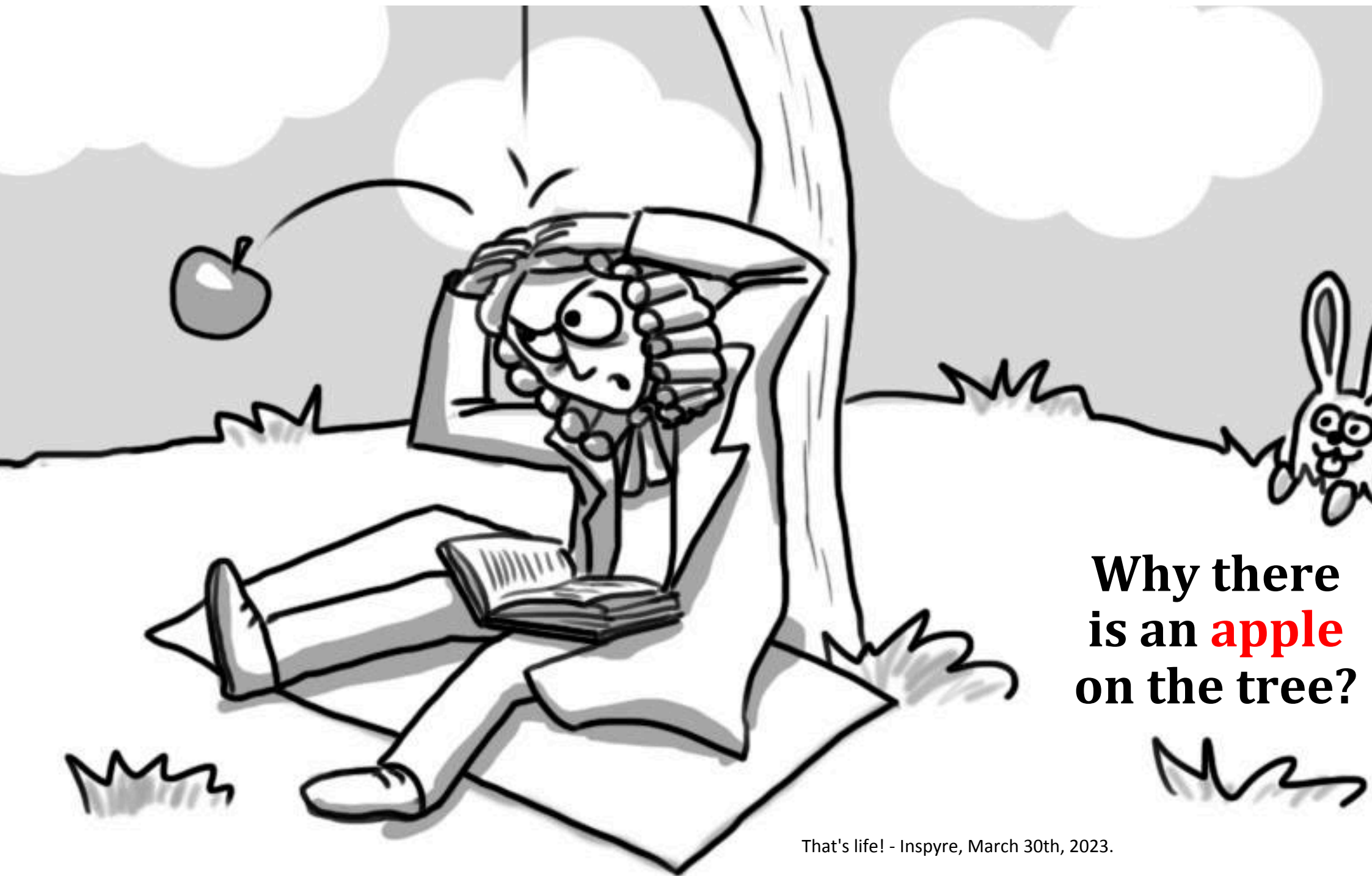
The image features three small green seedlings of varying heights, positioned on the right side of the frame. They are set against a soft, out-of-focus background of green foliage. The seedlings have thin stems and small, vibrant green leaves. The overall lighting is bright and natural, creating a sense of growth and vitality.

That's life!

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



Why there
is an **apple**
on the tree?



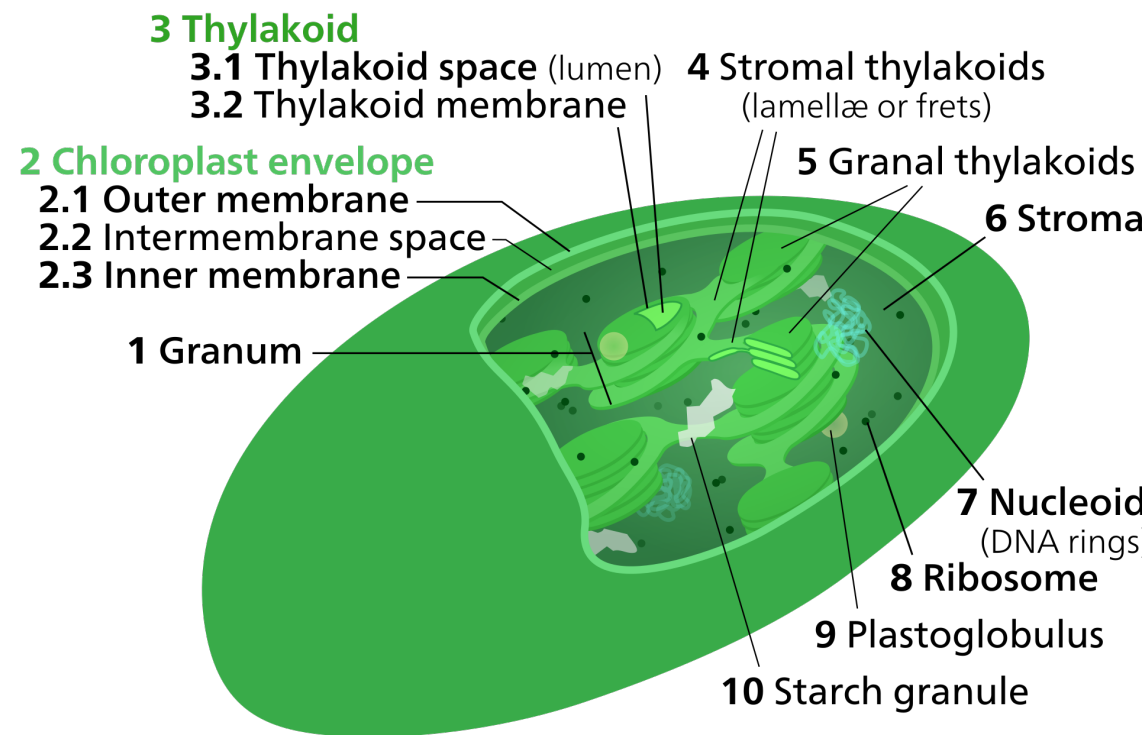
Light, air, water.

Photosynthesis



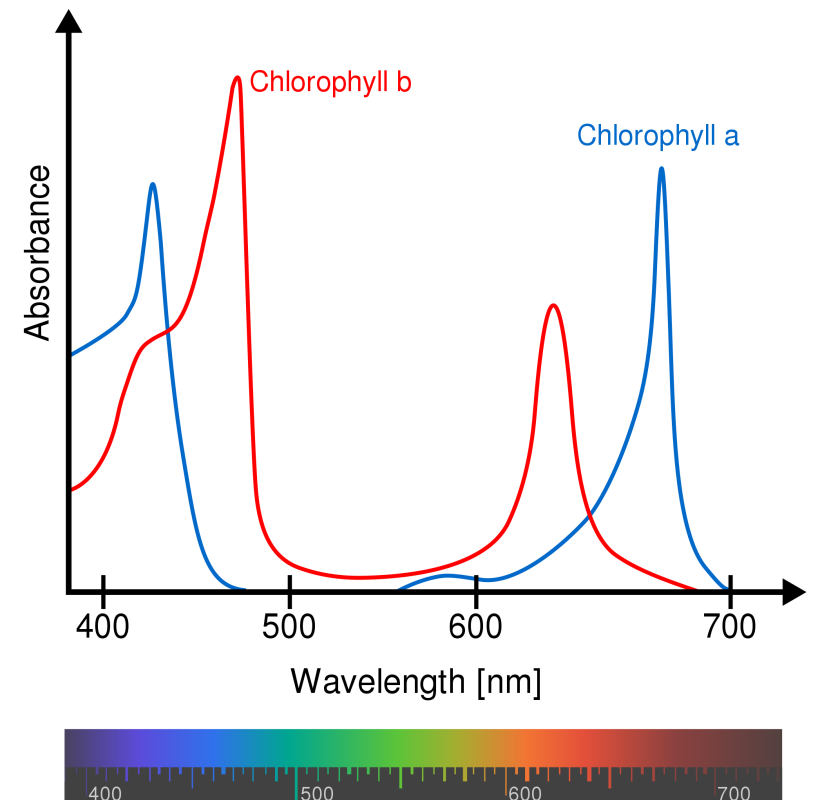
That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

Photosynthesis



I tilacoidi contengono molecole di clorofilla.

Photosynthesis

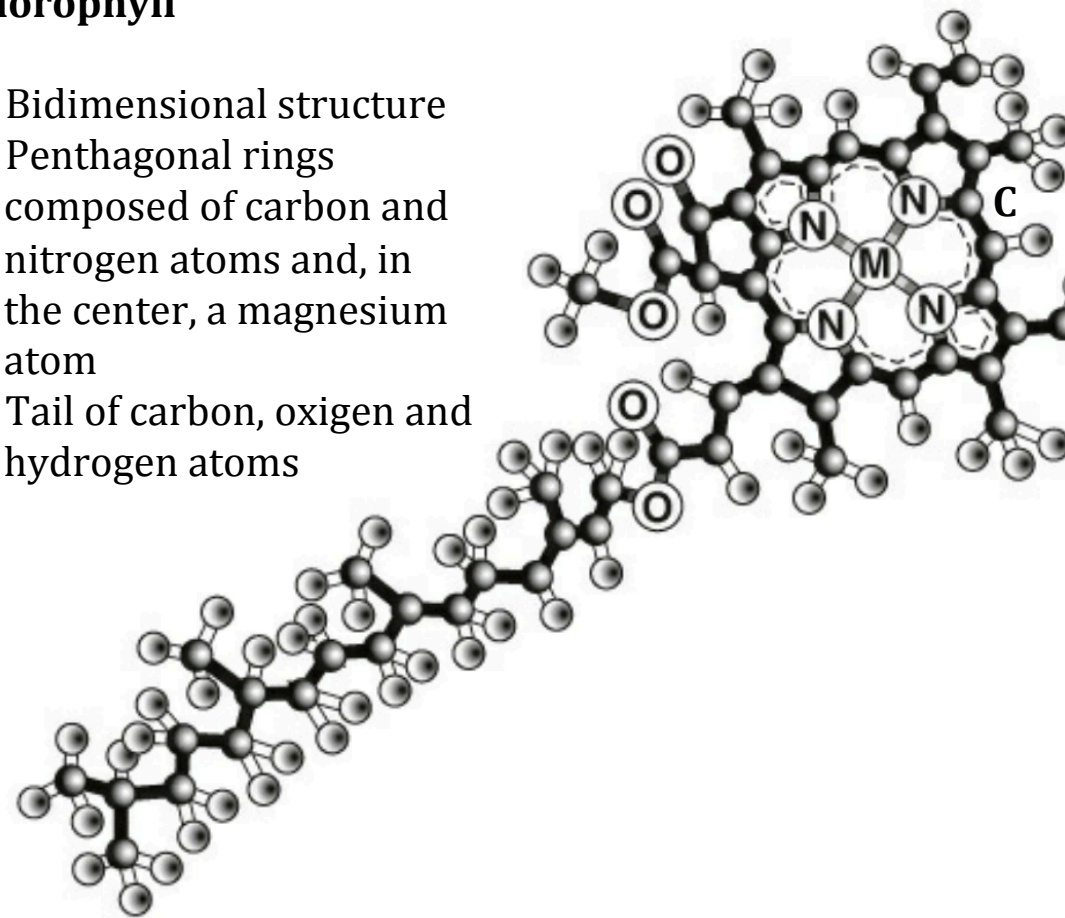


Photosynthesis



Chlorophyll

- Bidimensional structure
- Pentagonal rings composed of carbon and nitrogen atoms and, in the center, a magnesium atom
- Tail of carbon, oxygen and hydrogen atoms

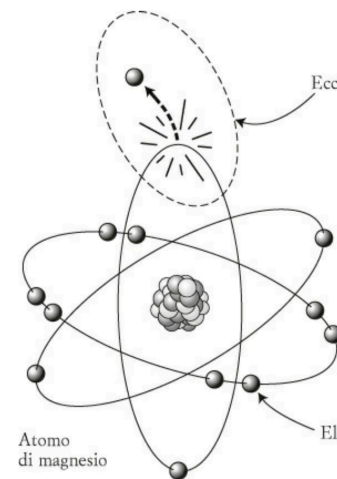
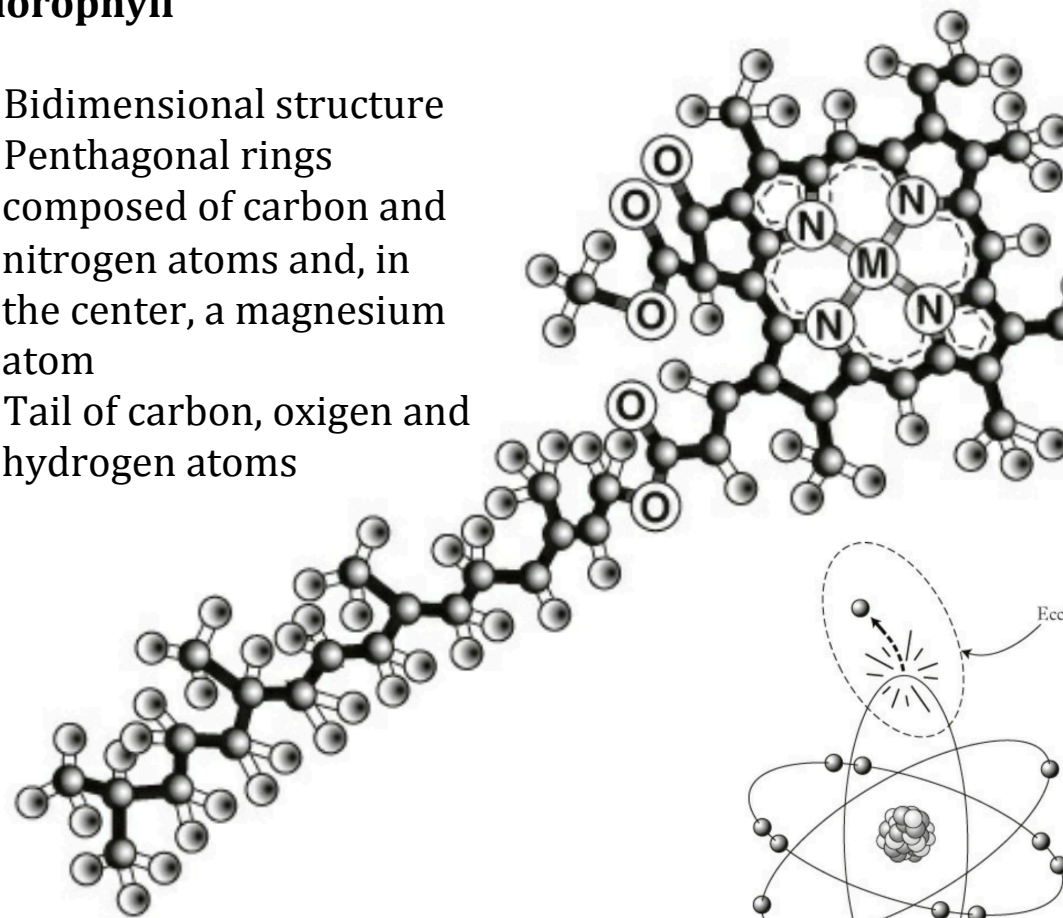


Photosynthesis



Chlorophyll

- Bidimensional structure
- Pentagonal rings composed of carbon and nitrogen atoms and, in the center, a magnesium atom
- Tail of carbon, oxygen and hydrogen atoms

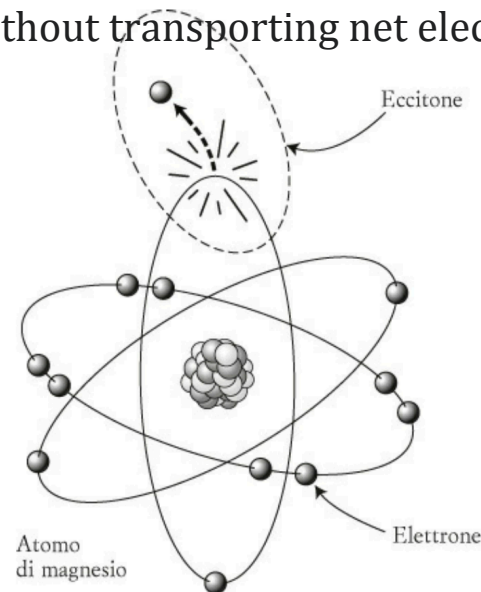


That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

Photosynthesis



- The outmost e^- is slightly bound and can be extracted by the photon
- A «**exciton**» is left: e^- and positively charged atom
- It is a bound state of an electron and an electron hole which are attracted to each other by the electrostatic Coulomb force → electrically neutral quasiparticle, that can transport energy without transporting net electric charge.



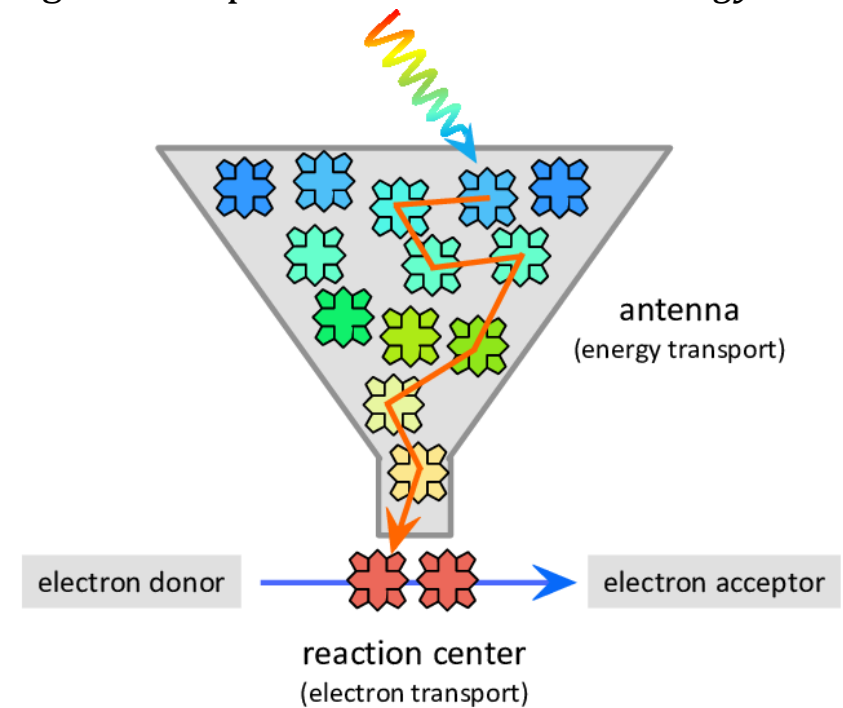
Tend to recombination → needs to be transported to a reaction center where the actual «charge separation» takes place. **The transfer proceeds through the different chlorophyll molecules.**

Photosynthesis

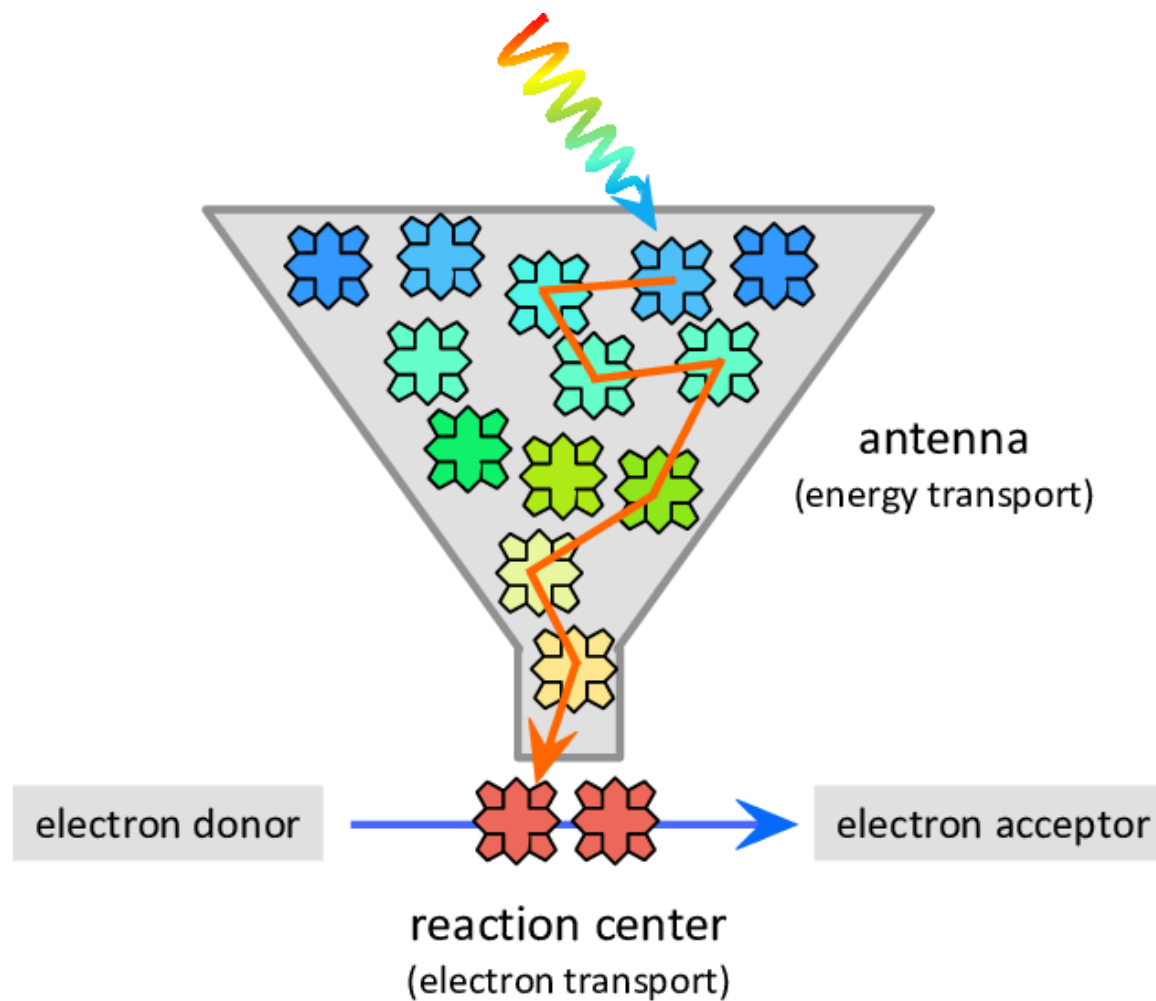


Chlorofyll is highly concentrated → the exciton is transferred by the different molecules up to the reaction center.

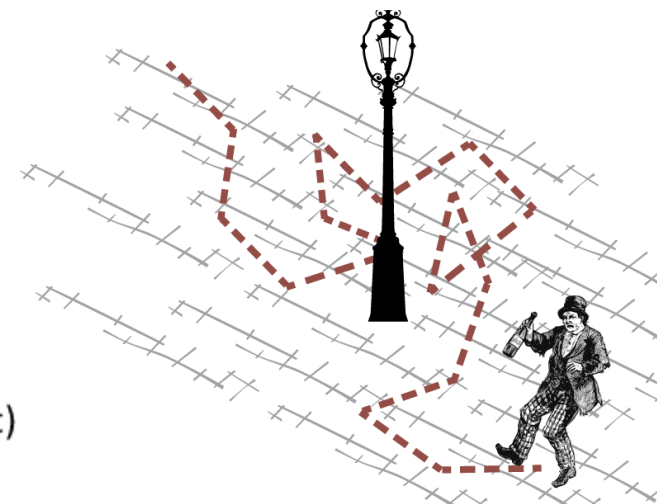
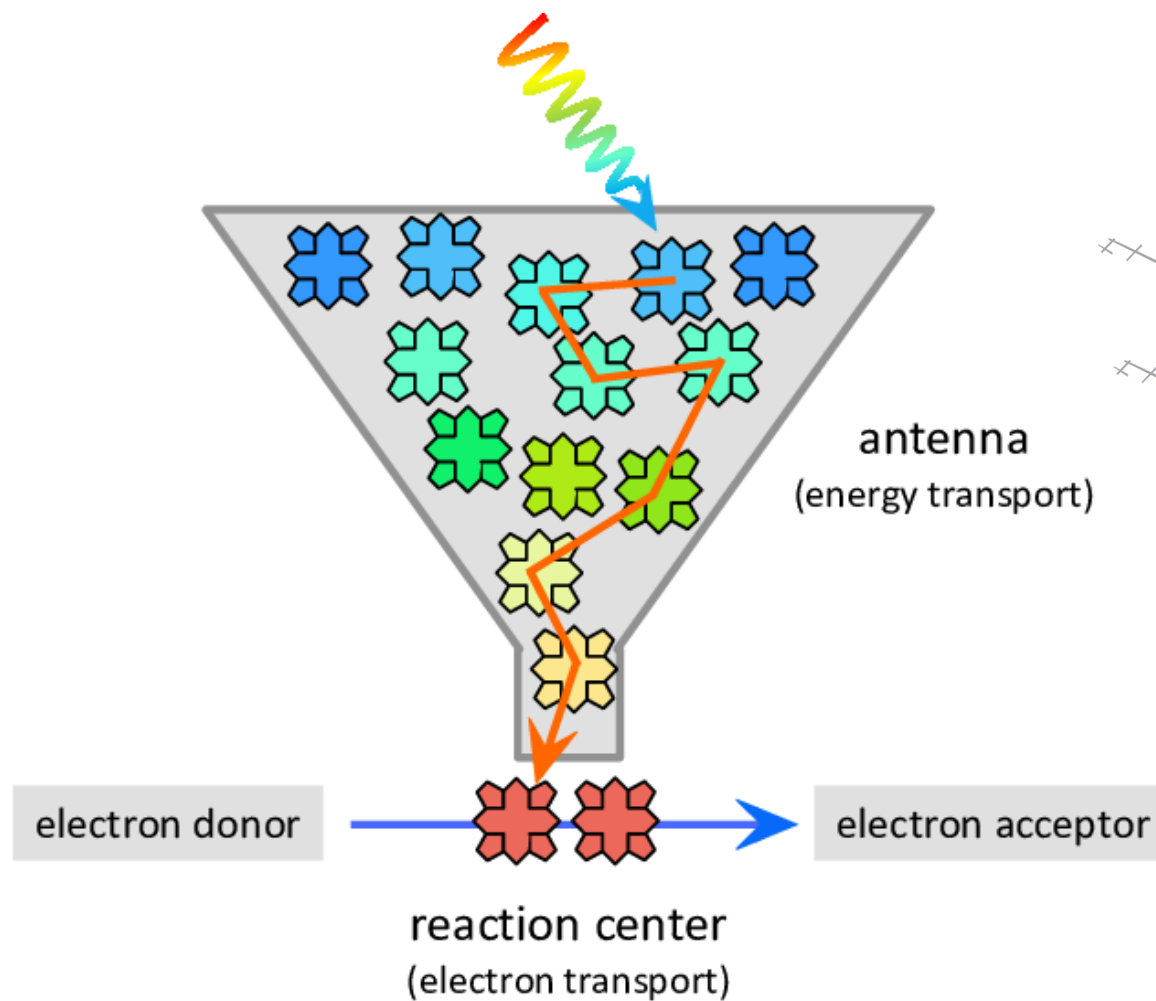
Final step: **charge separation** ⇒ it will be operated in a dedicated structure that eventually will convert the energy absorbed by a pigment through a solar photon to *biochemical energy*.



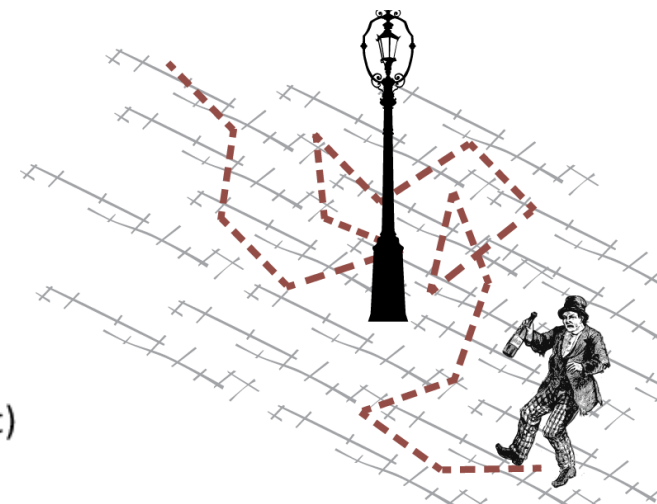
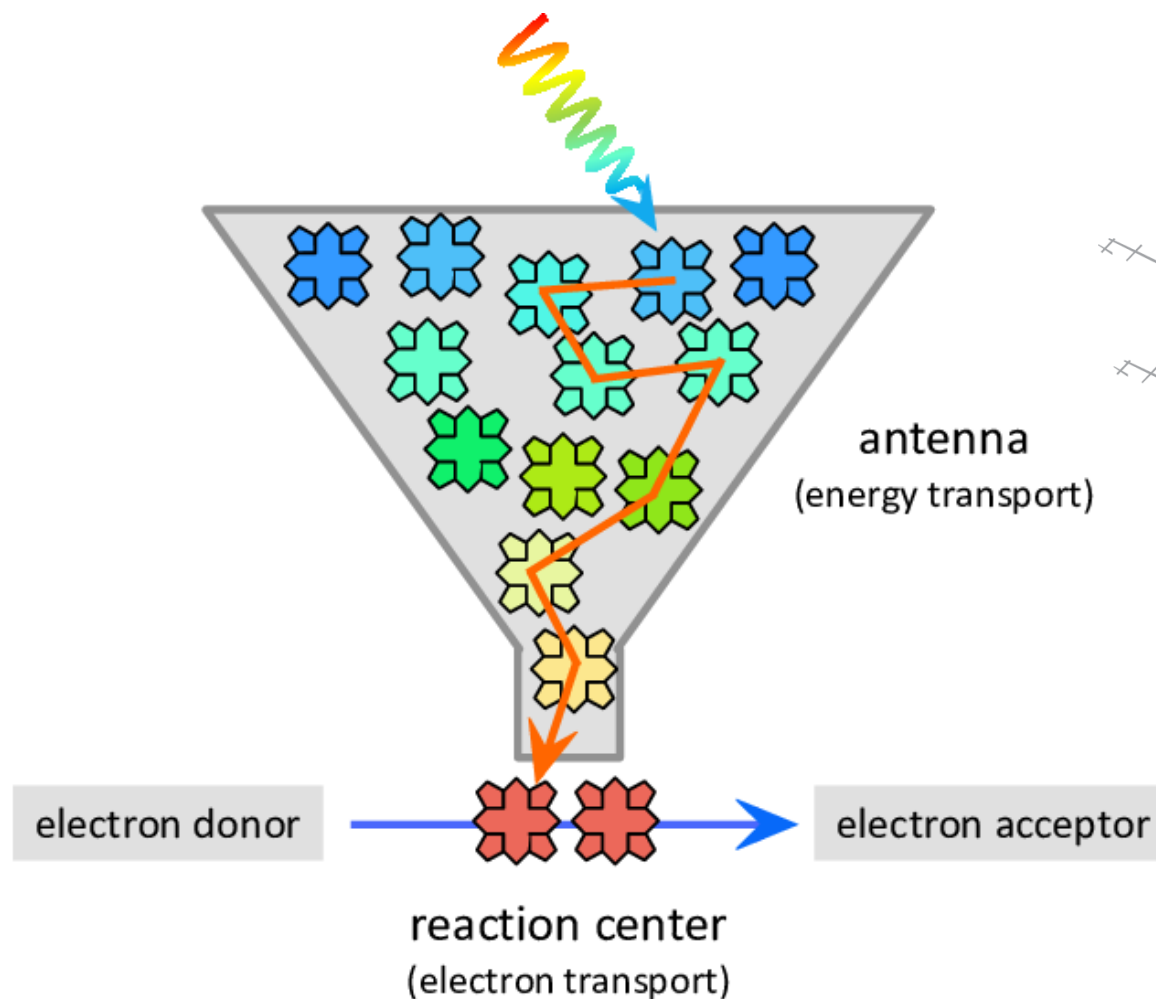
Google, what is the fastest way?



Google, what is the fastest way?

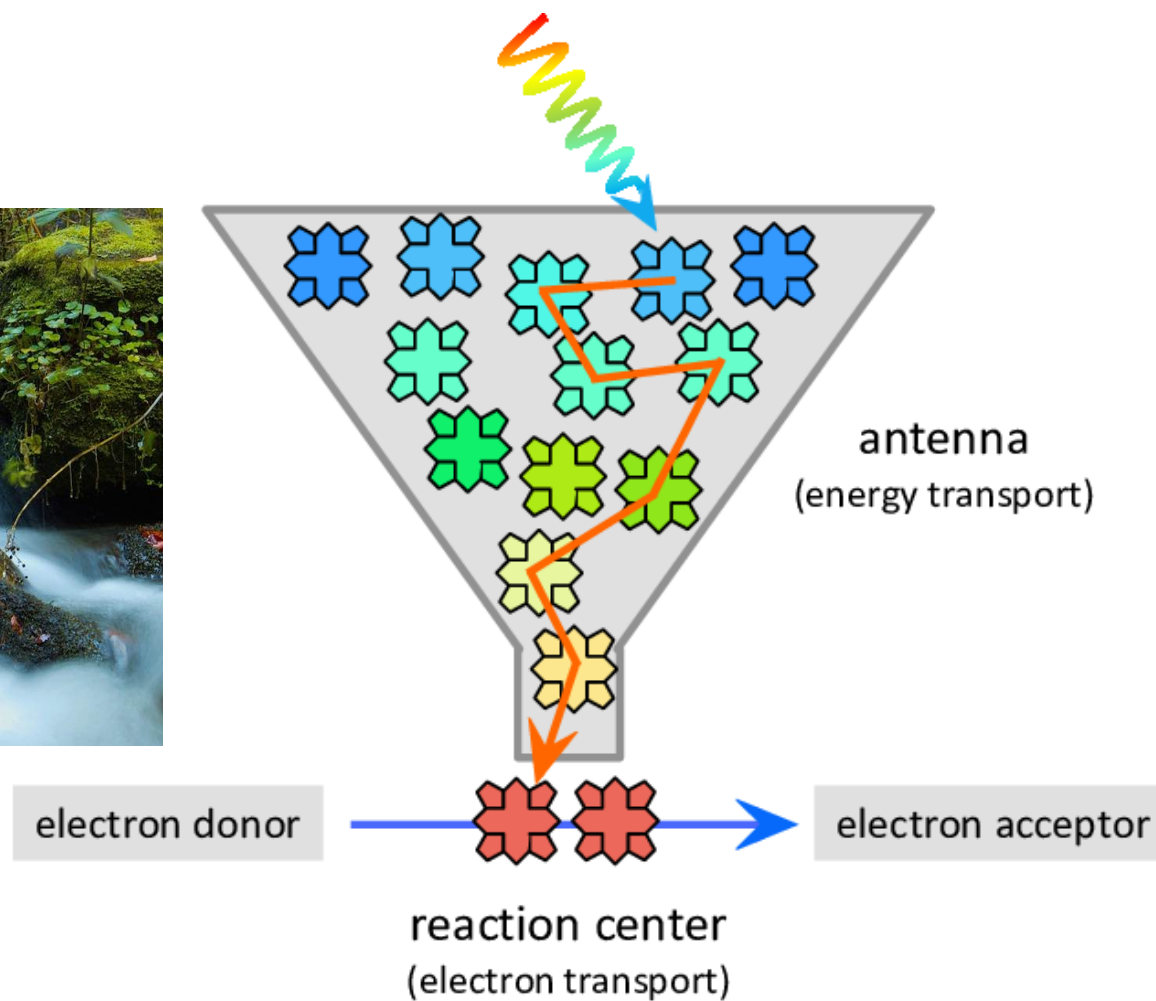
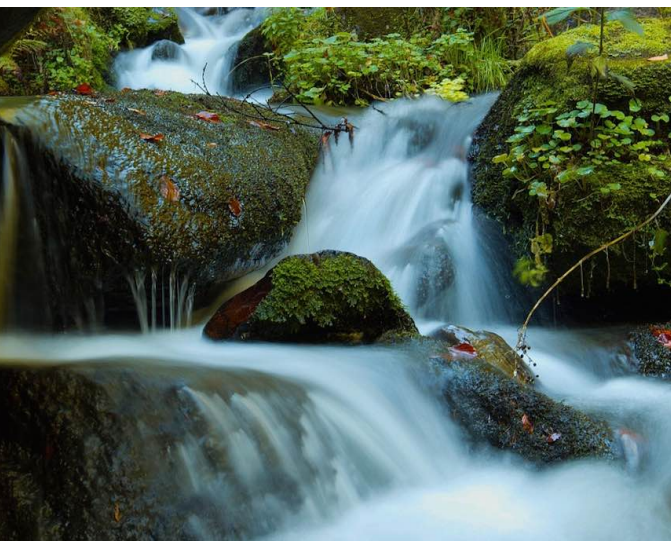


Google, what is the fastest way?

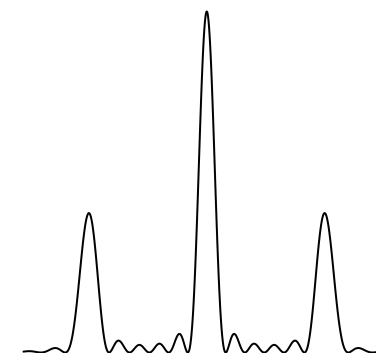
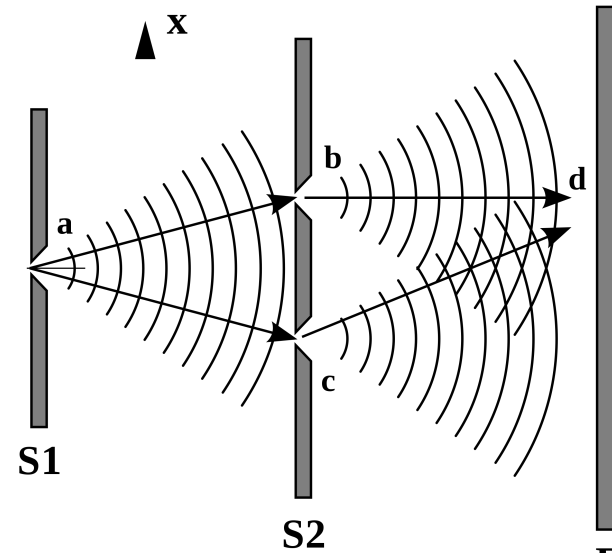
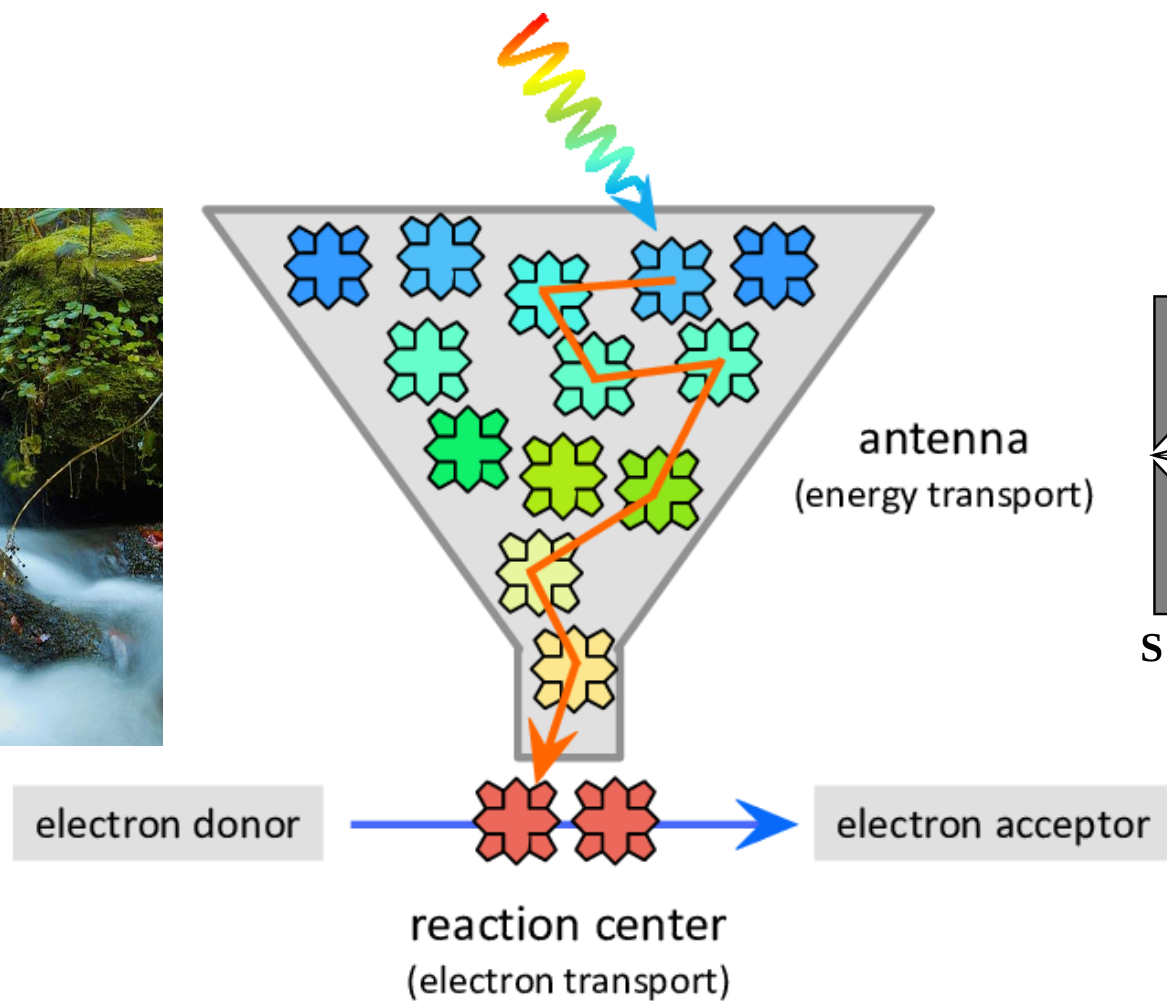
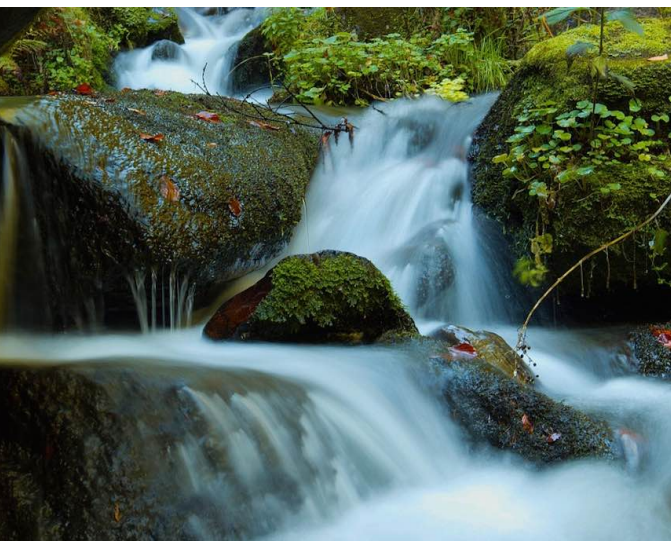


If so, how can the efficiency of the process be so close to 100%?

Google, what is the fastest way?

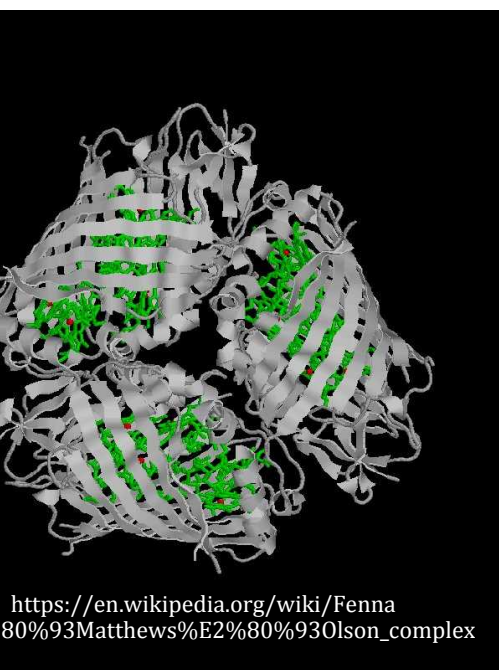


Google, what is the fastest way?

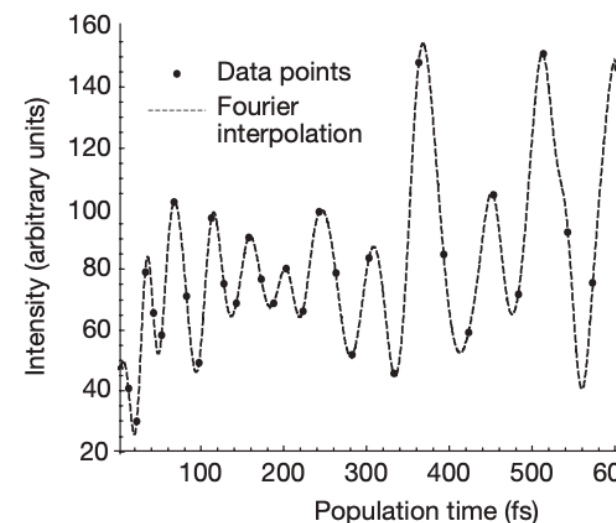
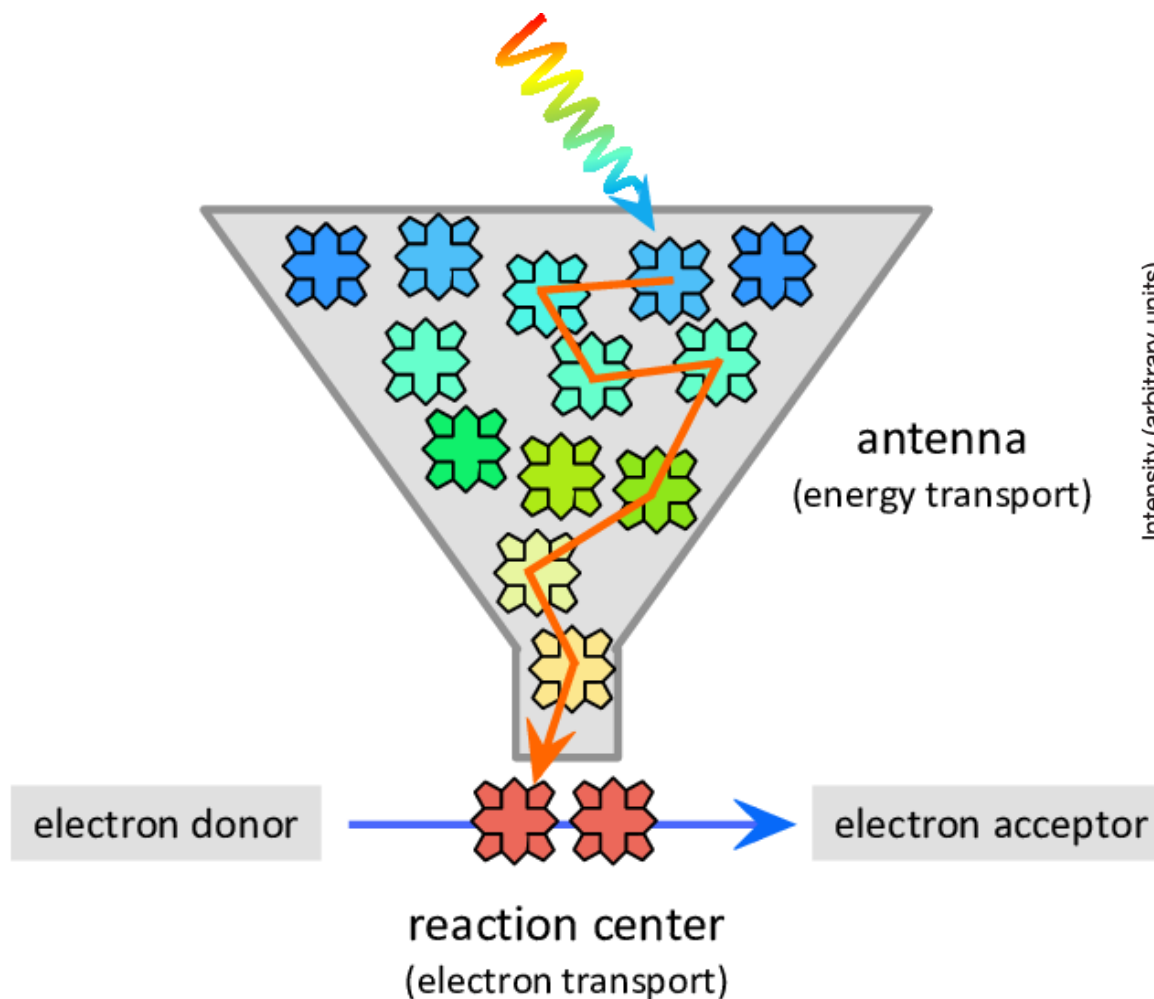


That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

Google, what is the fastest way?

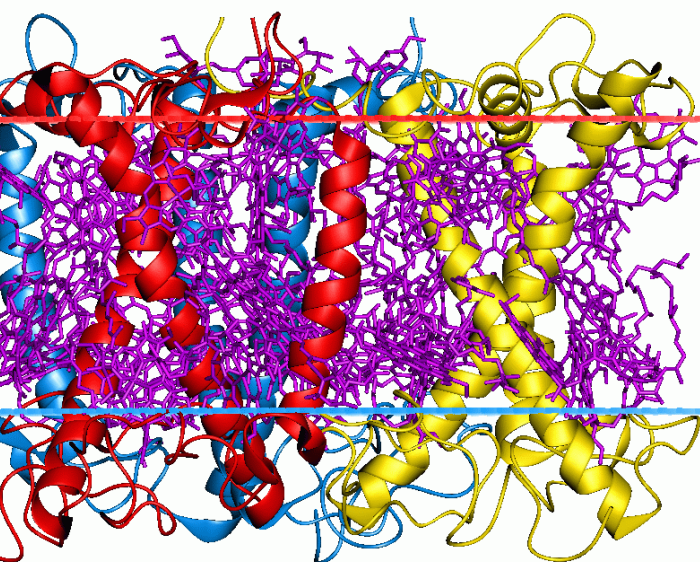


Complesso di Fenna-Matthew-Olson:
trovato nei chlorobi (batteri in grado di
effettuare la fotosintesi)

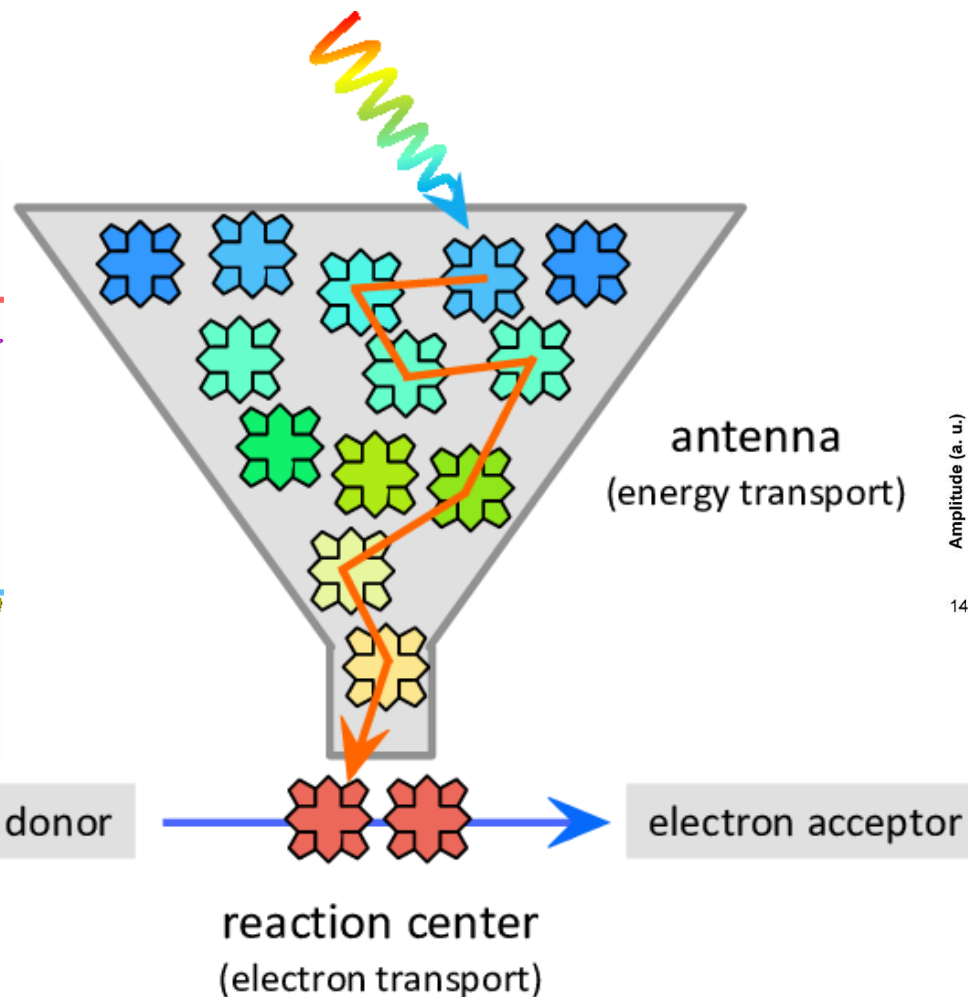


Engel G. S., Calhoun T. R., Read E. L., Ahn J., Mančal T., Cheng Y.-C., Blankenship R. J., Fleming G. R., *Evidence for wavelike energy transfer through quantum coherence in photosynthetic systems*, «Nature», vol. 446 (2007), pp. 782-86.

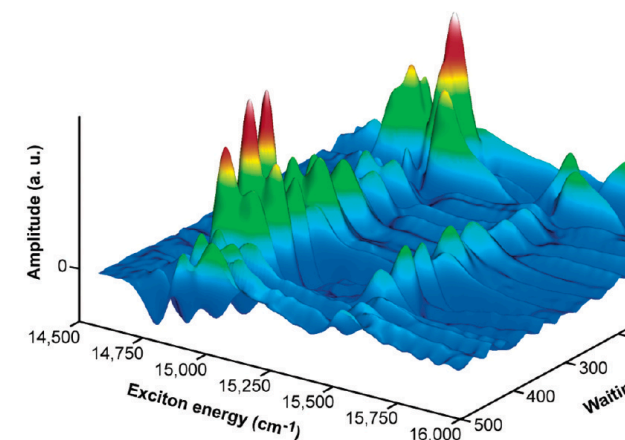
Google, what is the fastest way?



electron donor



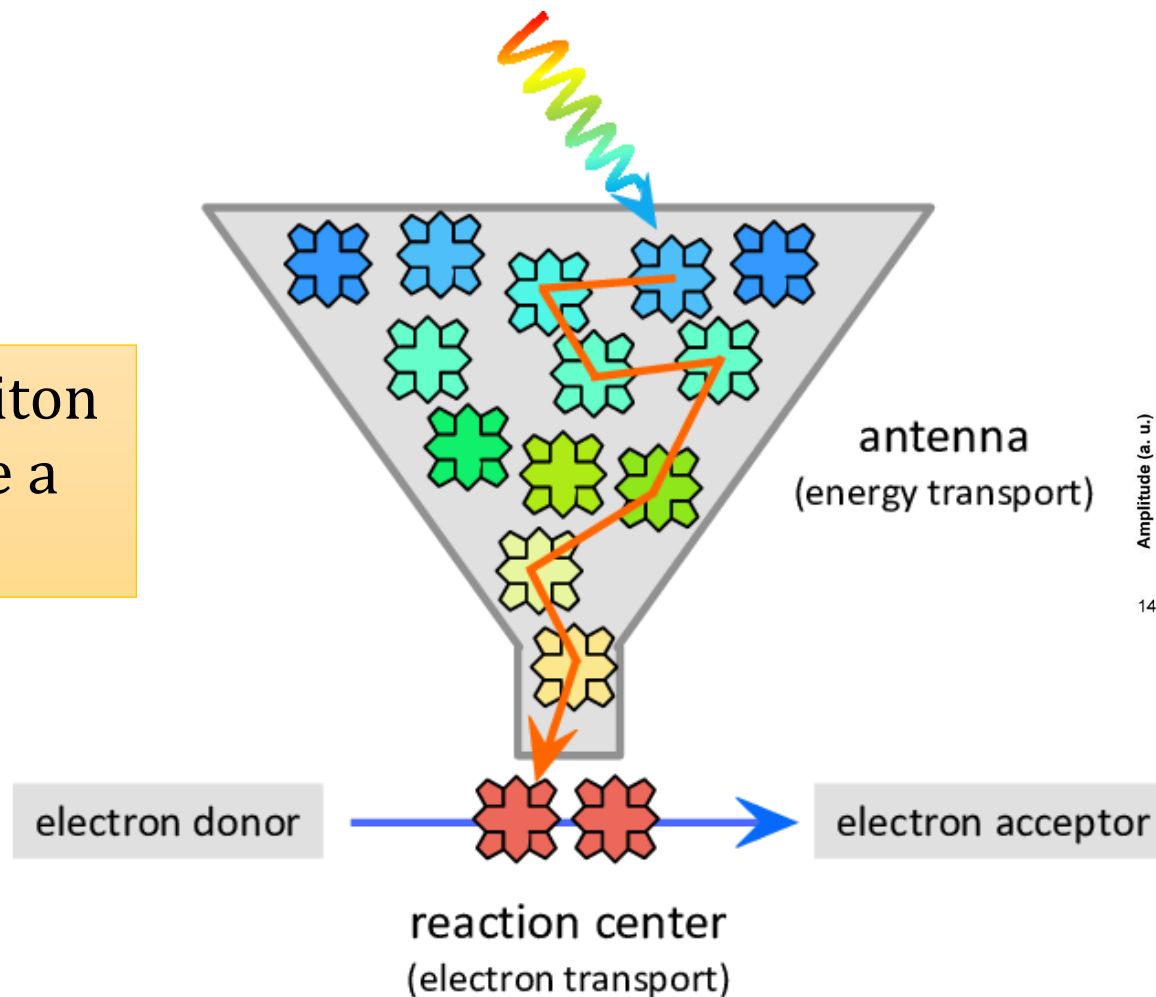
Light-Harvesting Complex



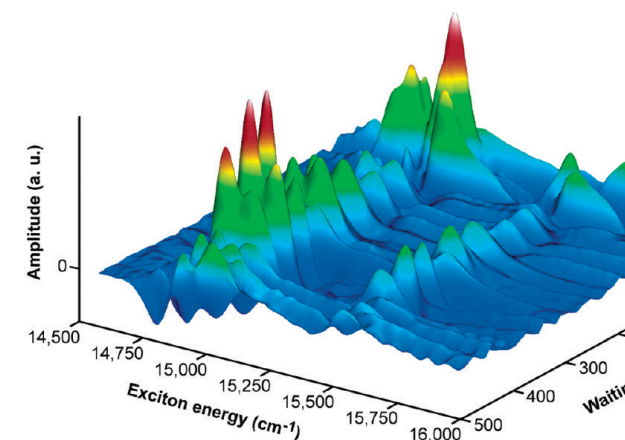
Quantum Coherence Enabled Determination of the Energy Landscape in Light-Harvesting Complex II
J. Phys. Chem. B 2009, 113, 51, 16291-16300

Google, what is the fastest way?

How can the exciton
still behave like a
wave?



Light-Harvesting Complex



Quantum Coherence Enabled Determination of the Energy Landscape in Light-Harvesting Complex II
J. Phys. Chem. B 2009, 113, 51, 16291-16300

The quantum robin

The avian compass mystery

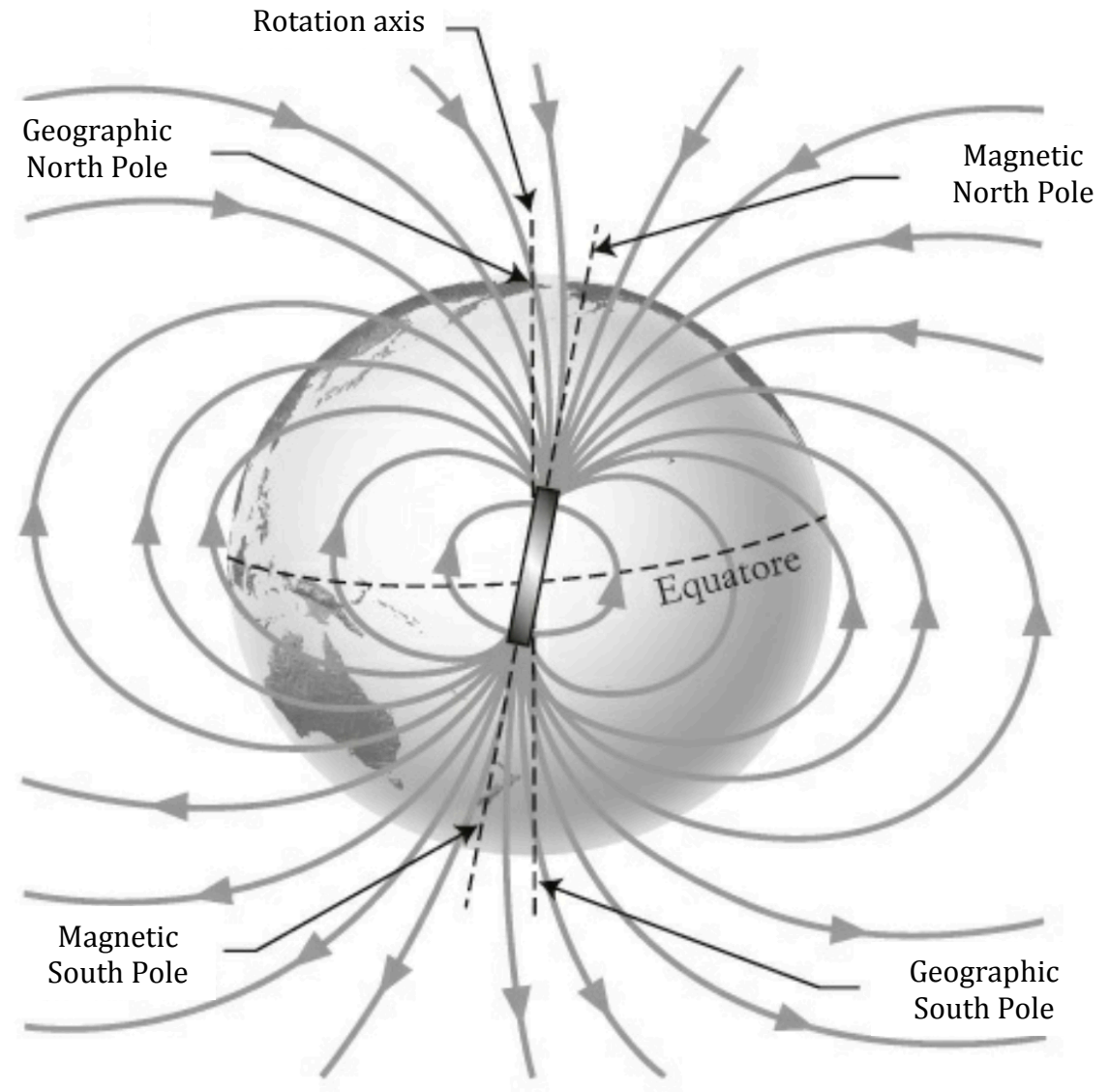


That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

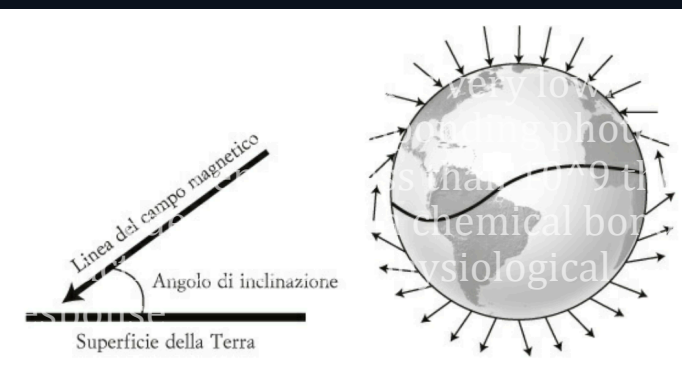
The quantum robin

Earth's magnetic field is very low: $20\div 70\ \mu\text{T}$. The corresponding photon vehicles an energy less than 10^9 the one needed to break a chemical bond and activate, then, a physiological response

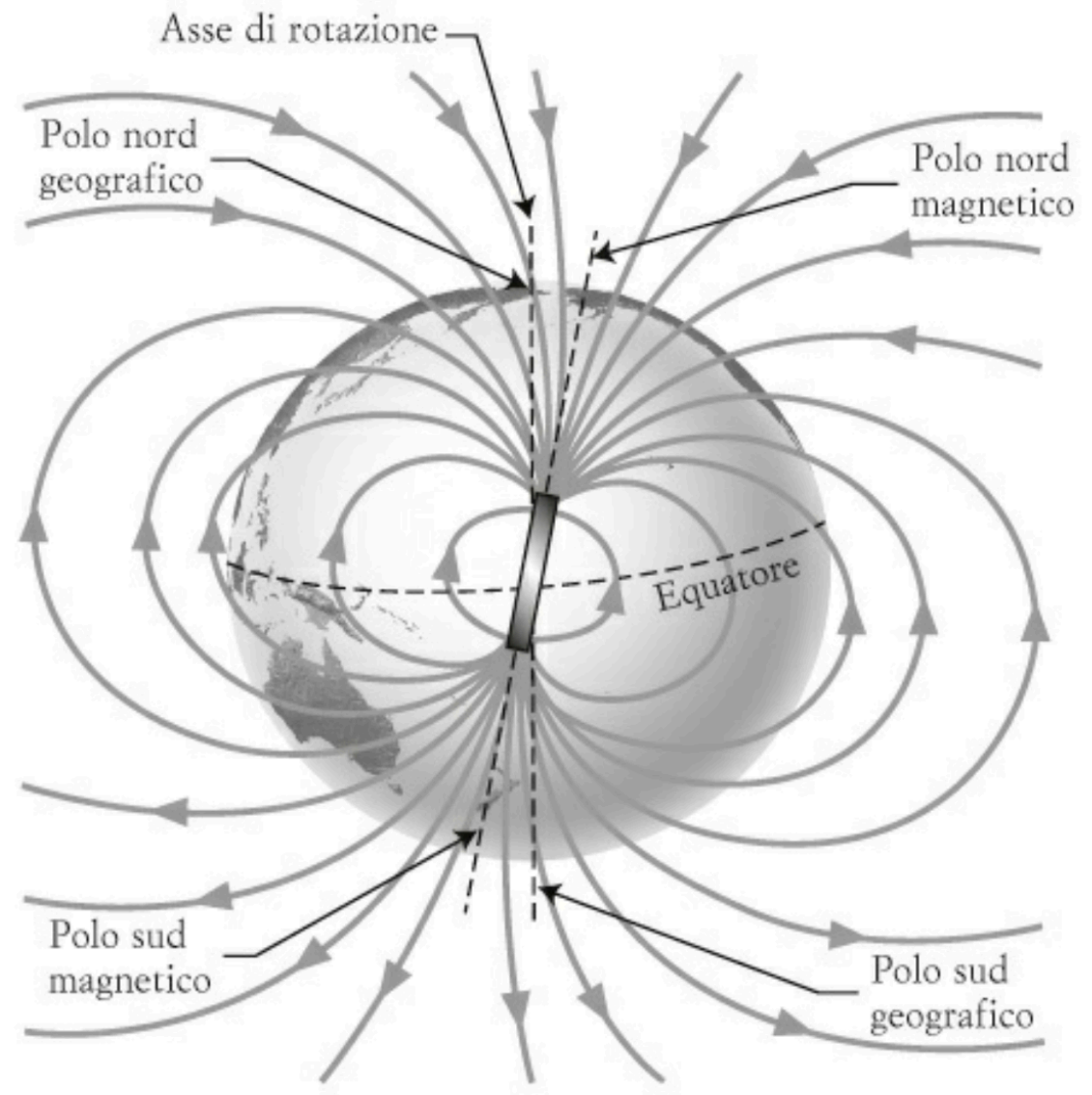
Avian compass $\Rightarrow$ tilt compass: it measures the angle between the field lines and the Earth surface, distinguishing poles from the Equator (but not the two poles)



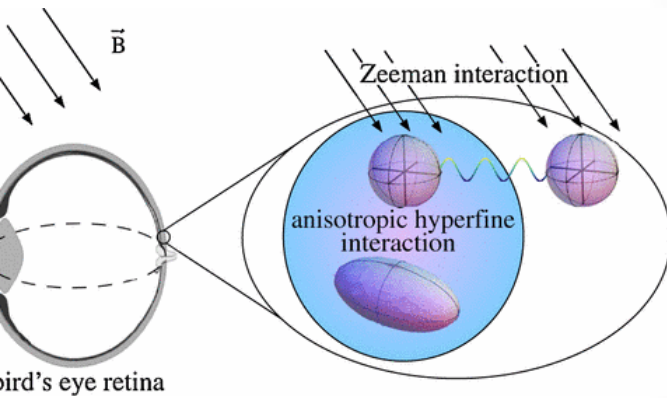
The quantum robin



Avian compass $\Rightarrow$ tilt compass: it measures the angle between the field lines and the Earth surface, distinguishing poles from the Equator (but not the two poles)



the quantum robin



mlen S., Wiltschko W., Demong N. e Wiltschko R., *Magnetic direction finding: evidence for its use in migratory indigo buntings*, «Science», vol. 193 (1976), pp. 505-08.



That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

the quantum robin

Atoms are bound by sharing $e\uparrow\downarrow$

If the molecules breaks, two free radicals are produced

Free radicals: molecule with an unpaired $e\uparrow\downarrow$ in the external orbitals $\rightarrow$ the non-zero spin gets sensitive to the magnetic field

The two external $e\uparrow\downarrow$ are normally in a *singlet* state

However, the coupling with the Earth's magnetic field may produce a *triplet* component

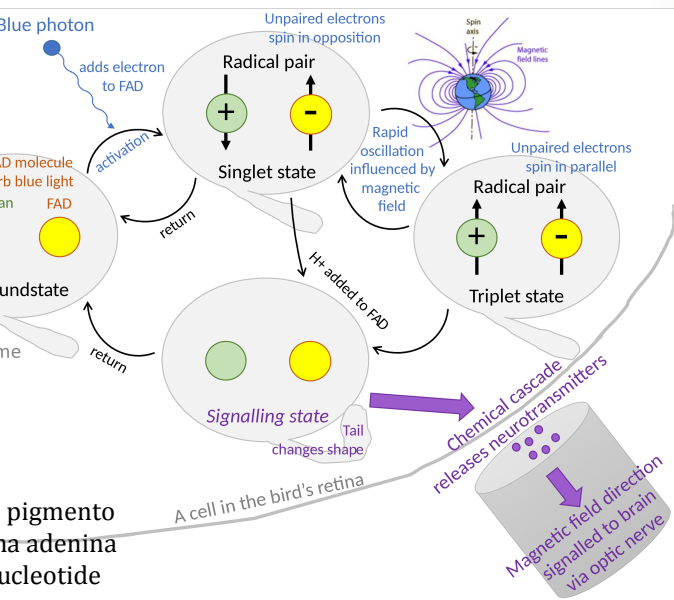
The different percentage of singlet and triplet states affect the final chemical products of the physiological reaction

The initial break of the original molecule may be produced by a visible photon (in the blue-light region).



That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

the quantum robin



Model for Photoreceptor-Based Magnetoreception in Birds

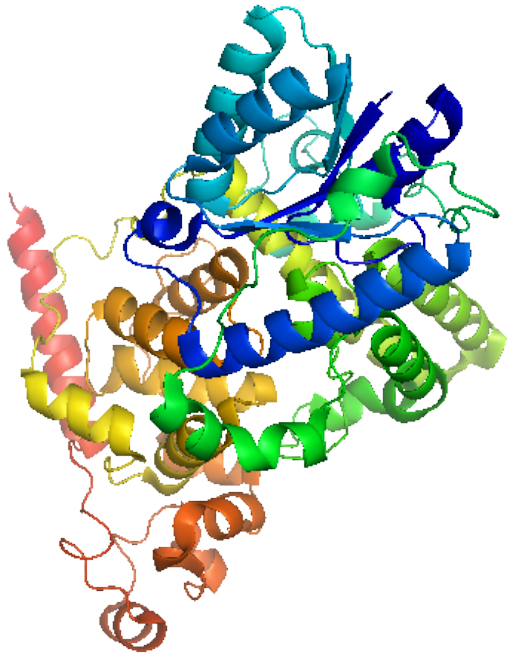
Volume 78, Issue 2, February 2000, Pages 707-718



That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

the quantum robin

The candidate structure, observed in bird's eyes, is a **cryptochrome**, a flavoprotein excited by blue-green light (also involved in circadian rhythms)



Birds could see a «magnetic color» mapping the world!



That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.

the quantum robin

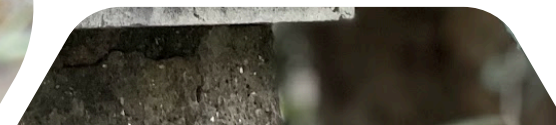
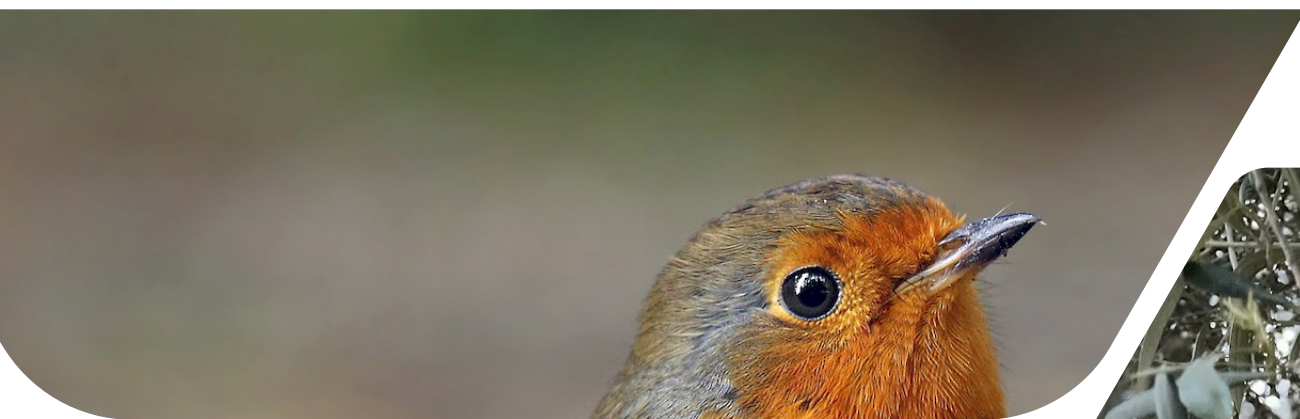
The candidate structure, observed in bird's eyes, is a **cryptochrome**, a flavoprotein excited by blue-green light (also involved in circadian rhythms)

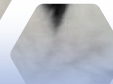


Birds could see a «magnetic color» mapping the world!



**How can coherence be maintained
the time the singlet-triplet oscillation
affects the biochemical reaction
the bird's eyes?**





The European Robin
is the new
Schrödinger's cat



Mercer I. P., El-Taha Y. C., Kajumba N., Marangos J. P., Tisch J. W. G., Gabrielsen M., Cogdell R. J., Springate E. e Turcu E., *Instantaneous mapping of coherently coupled electronic transitions and energy transfers in a photosynthetic complex using angle-resolved coherent optical wave-mixing*, «Physical Review Letters», vol. 102: 5 (2009), p. 057402.

Schrödinger, E. *What is Life?* (Cambridge Univ. Press, 1992).

Engel G. S., Calhoun T. R., Read E. L., Ahn T.-K., Mančal T., Cheng Y.-C., Blankenship R. E. e Fleming G. R., *Evidence for wavelike energy transfer through quantum coherence in photosynthetic systems*, «Nature», vol. 446 (2007), pp. 782-86.



21 Cha Y., Murray C. J. e Klinman J., *Hydrogen tunnelling in enzyme reactions*, «Science», vol. 243: 3896 (1989) pp. 1325-330.

Emlen S., Wiltschko W., Demong N. e Wiltschko R., *Magnetic direction finding: evidence for its use in migratory indigo buntings*, «Science», vol. 193 (1976), pp. 505-08.

Al-Khalili, Jim; McFadden, Johnjoe. *La fisica della vita: La nuova scienza della biologia quantistica*. Bollati Boringhieri.

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



That's life!

That's life! - Inspyre, March 30th, 2023.



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare
Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati



backup



Mercer I. P., El-Taha Y. C., Kajumba N., Marangos J. P., Tisch J. W. G., Gabrielsen M., Cogdell R. J., Springate E. e Turcu E., *Instantaneous mapping of coherently coupled electronic transitions and energy transfers in a photosynthetic complex using angle-resolved coherent optical wave-mixing*, «Physical Review Letters», vol. 102: 5 (2009), p. 057402.



21 Cha Y., Murray C. J. e Klinman J., *Hydrogen tunnelling in enzyme reactions*, «**Science**», vol. 243: 3896 (1989), pp. 1325-330.

Schrödinger, E. What is Life? (Cambridge Univ. Press, 1992).

Il passero europeo is the new gatto di Schrödinger

Angel G. S., Calhoun T. R., Read E. L., Ahn T-K., Mančal T., Cheng Y.-C., Blankenship R. E. e Fleming G. R., *Evidence for wavelike energy transfer through quantum coherence in photosynthetic systems*, «**Nature**», vol. 446 (2007), pp. 782-86.

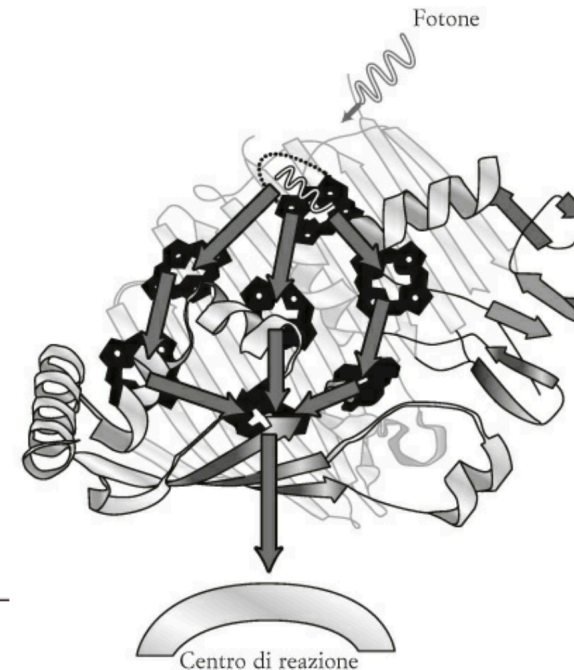
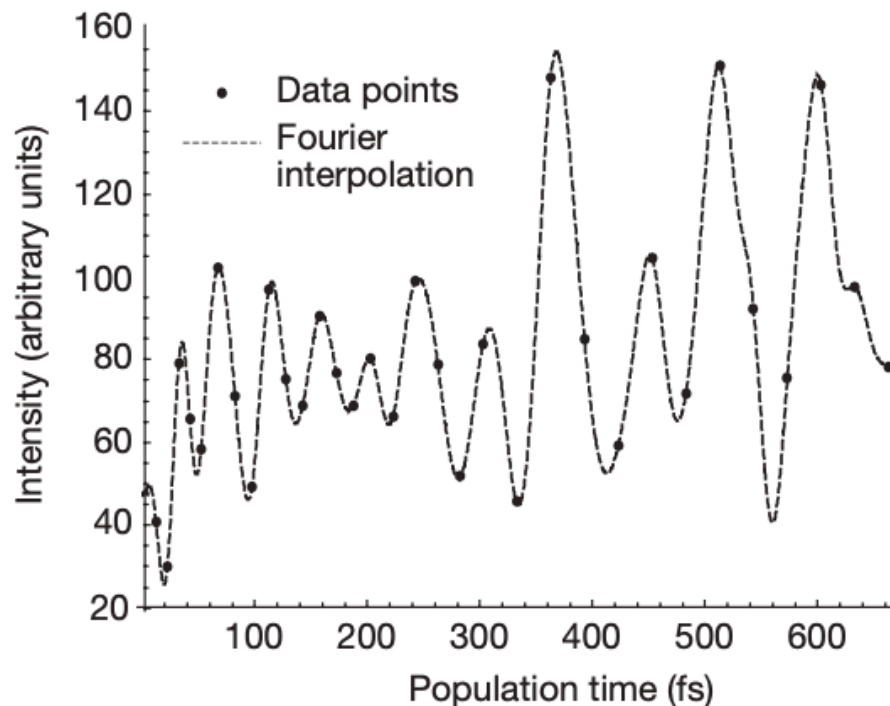
Emlen S., Wiltschko W., Demong N. e Wiltschko R., *Magnetic direction finding: evidence for its use by migratory indigo buntings*, «**Science**», vol. 192 (1976), pp. 505-08.

Al-Khalili, Jim; McFadden, Johnjoe. *La fisica della vita: La nuova scienza della biologia quantistica*. Bollati Boringhieri.

Battimenti quantistici

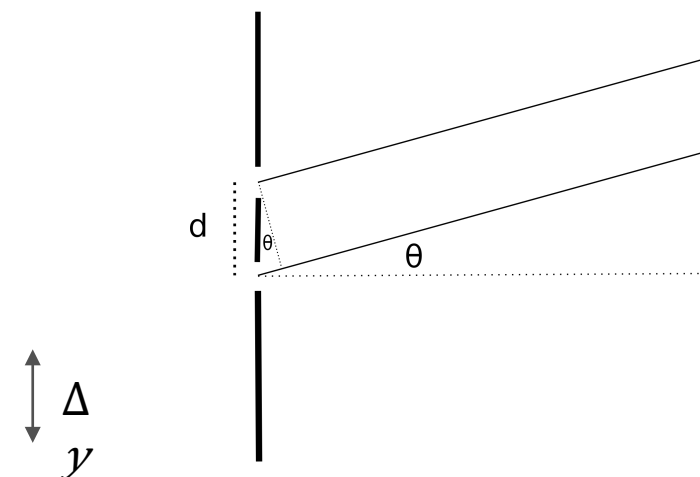
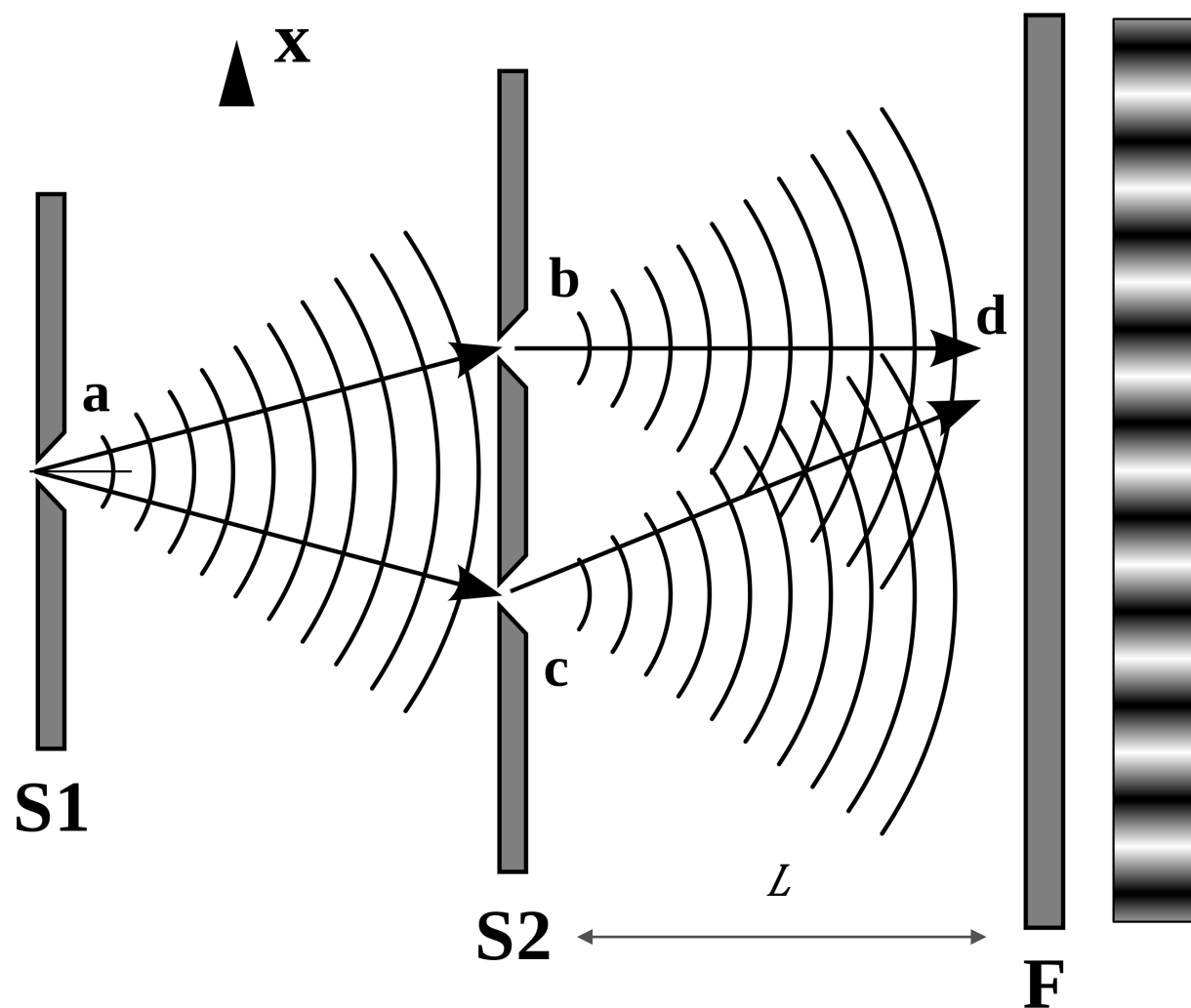
Complesso fotosintetico «Fenna-Matthews-Olson» (FMO) → microbi fotosintetici chiamati chlorobi, che si trovano nelle profondità di bacini ricchi di zolfo, come il Mar Nero.

- Un laser deposita il segnale concentrato in picchi rapidi e perfettamente sincronizzati
- Si misura il segnale di luce prodotto dal campione
- *Questo permette di studiare come la luce si propaga nel sistema*



Engel G. S., Calhoun T. R., Read E. L., Ahn T-K., Manč al T., Cheng Y.-C., Blankenship R. E. e Fleming G. R., Evidence for wavelike energy transfer through quantum coherence in photosynthetic systems, «Nature», vol. 446 (2007), pp. 782-86.

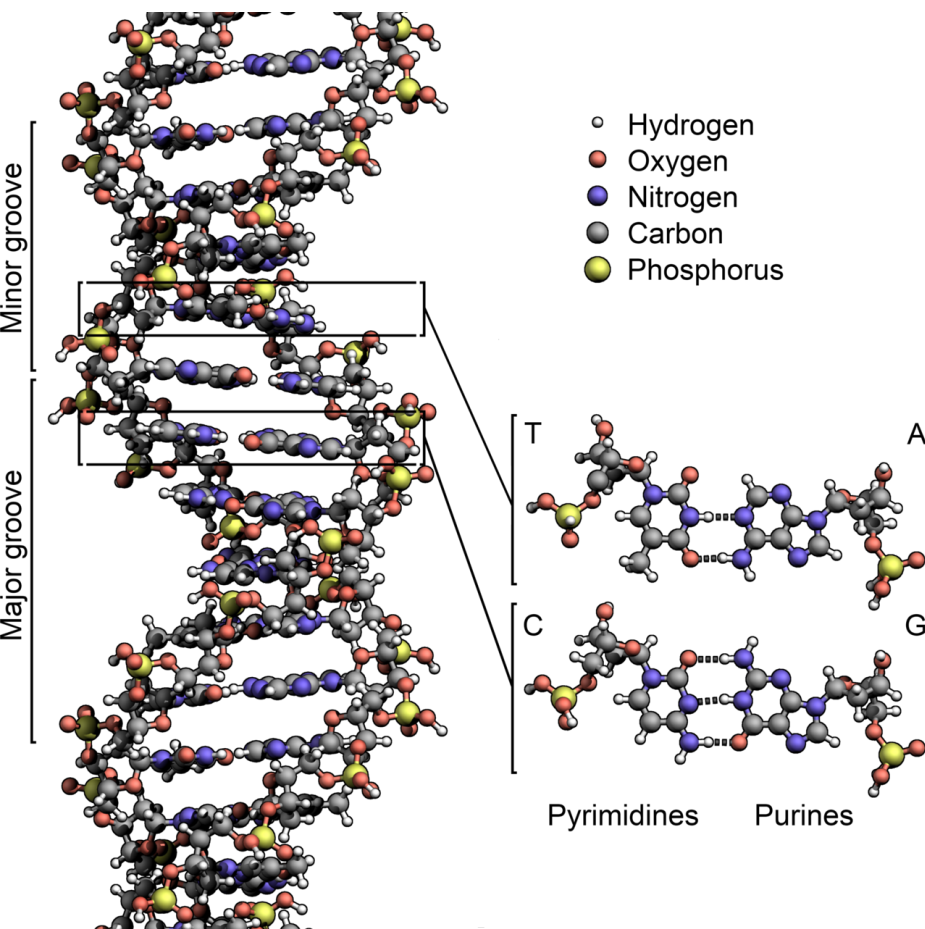
Esperimento di Young



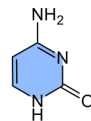
$$\Delta y = L\lambda/d$$

$\lambda \rightarrow$ lunghezza d'onda della luce

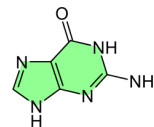
Deoxyribonucleic acid



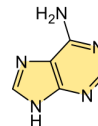
Cytosine **C**



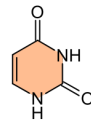
Guanine **G**



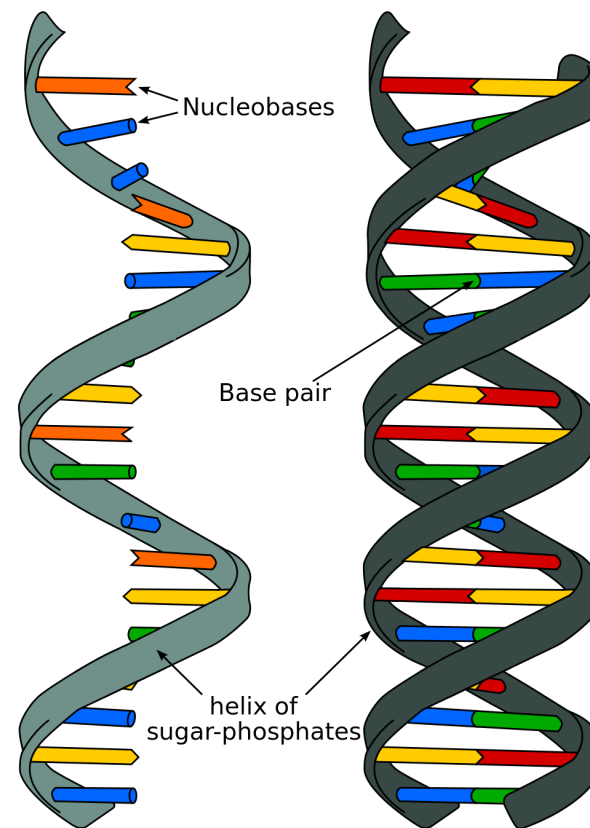
Adenine **A**



Uracil **U**



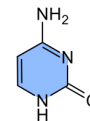
Nucleobases of RNA



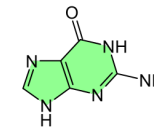
RNA
Ribonucleic acid

DNA
Deoxyribonucleic acid

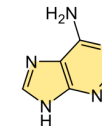
Cytosine **C**



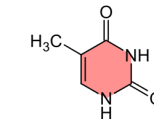
Guanine **G**



Adenine **A**

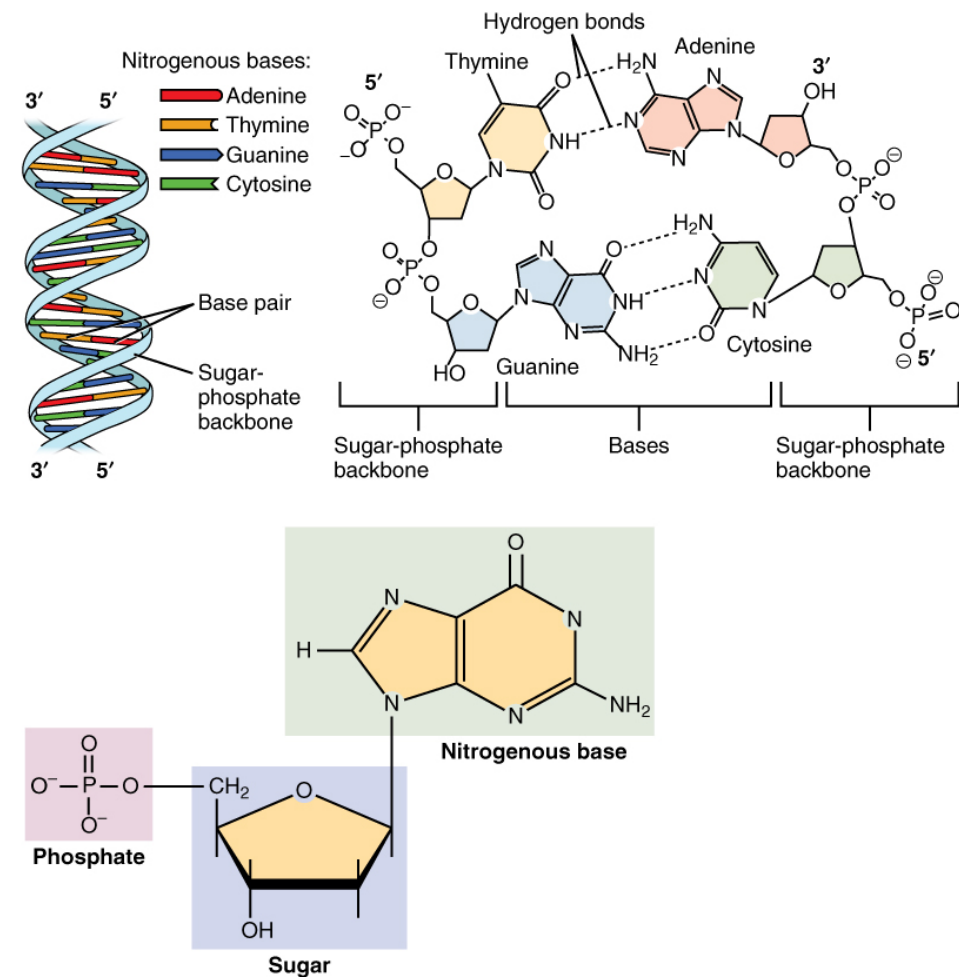


Thymine **T**

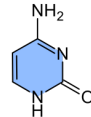


Nucleobases of DNA

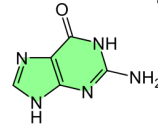
Deoxyribonucleic acid



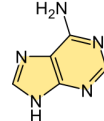
Cytosine **C**



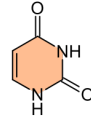
Guanine **G**



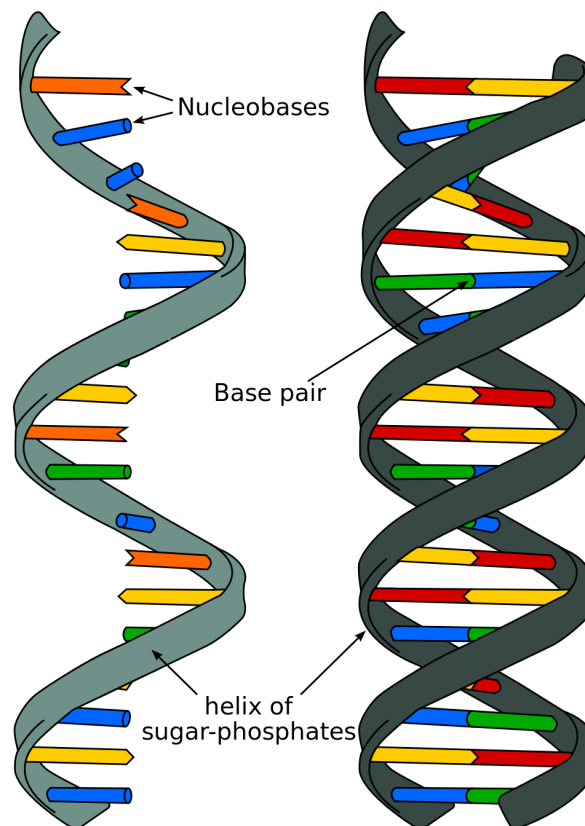
Adenine **A**



Uracil **U**



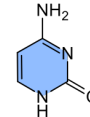
Nucleobases of RNA



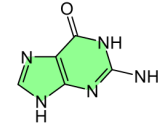
RNA
Ribonucleic acid

DNA
Deoxyribonucleic acid

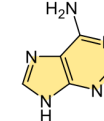
Cytosine **C**



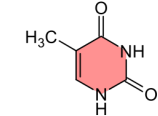
Guanine **G**



Adenine **A**



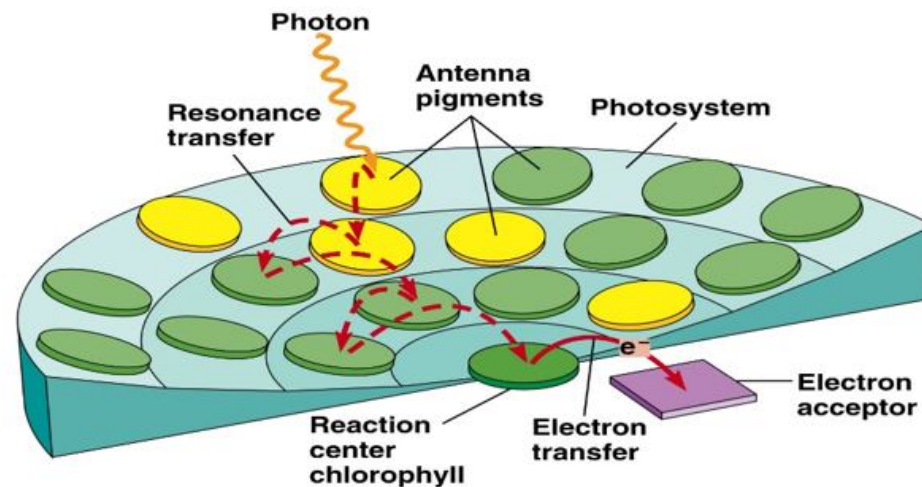
Thymine **T**



Nucleobases of DNA

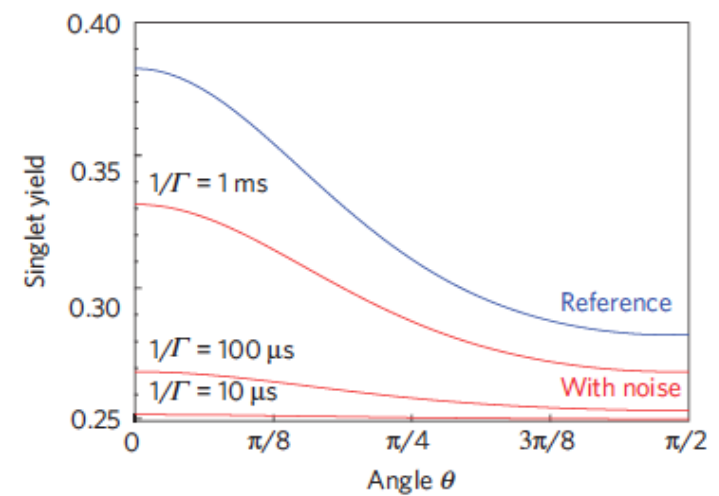
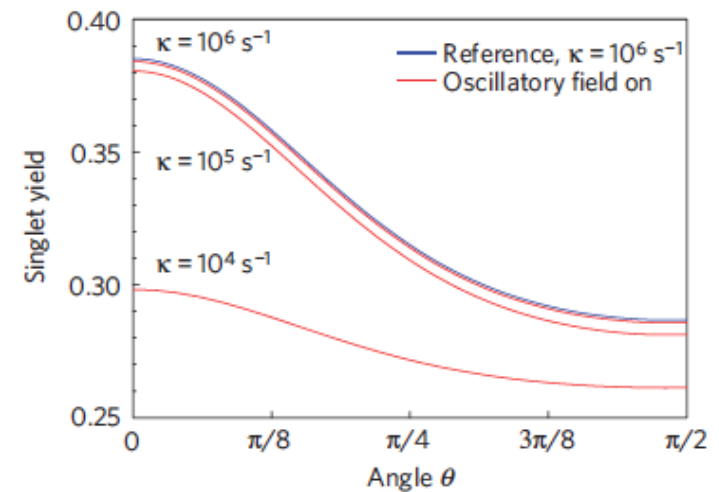
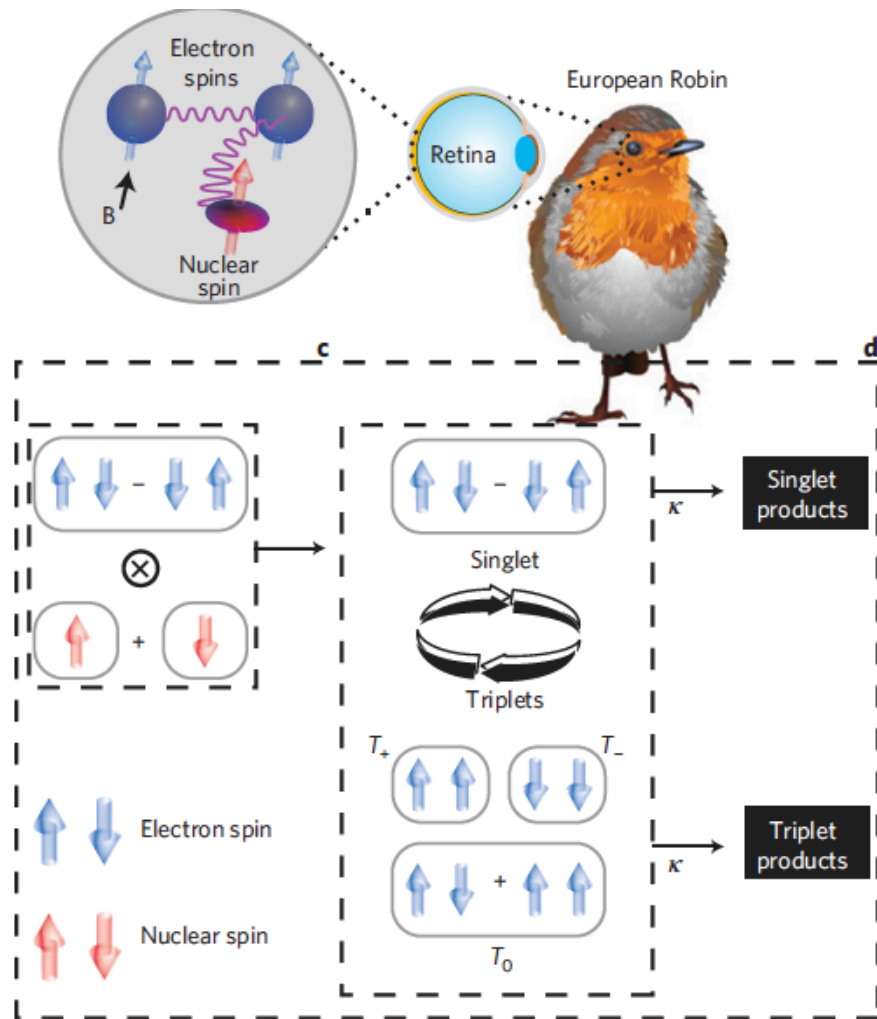
Nucleic acids are *naturally occurring chemical compounds* → primary information-carrying molecules in cells.

Fotosintesi

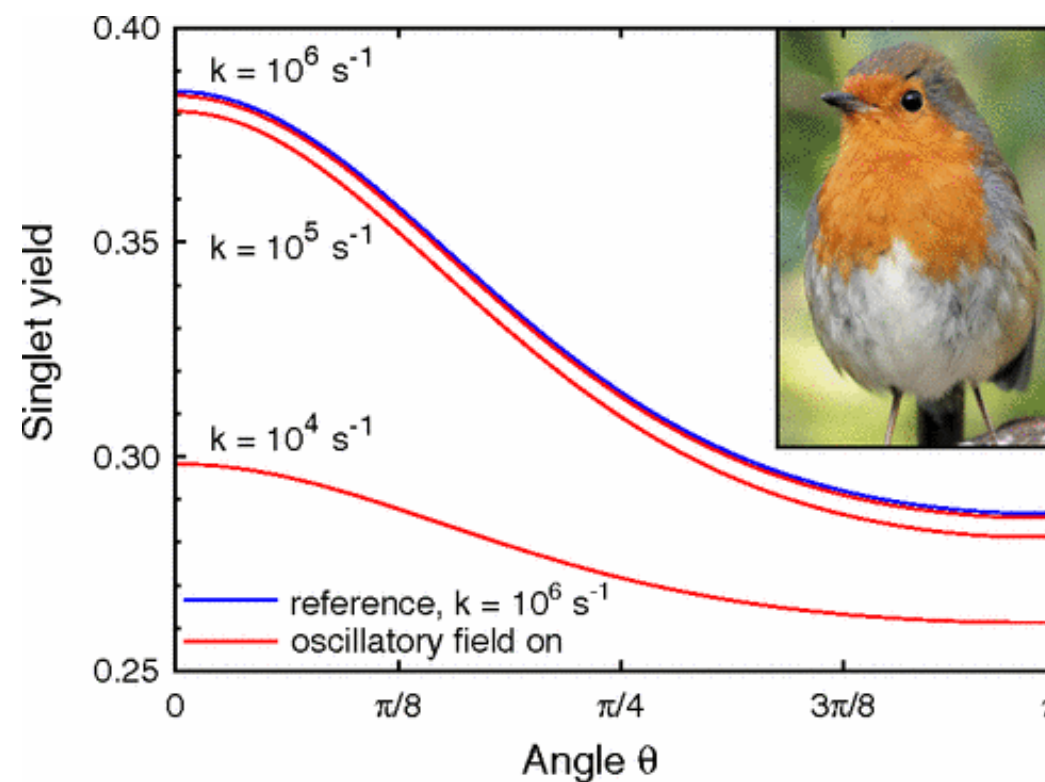
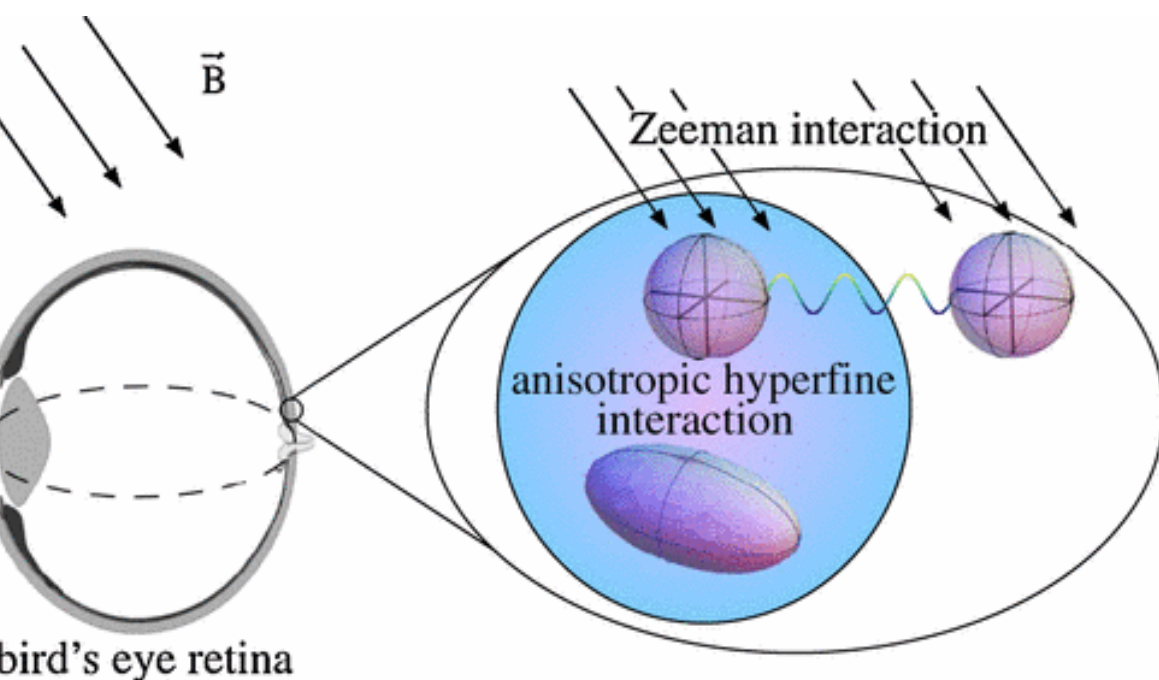


Engel G. S., Calhoun T. R., Read E. L., Ahn T-K., Manč al T., Cheng Y.-C., Blankenship R. E. e Fleming G. R., *Evidence for wavelike energy transfer through quantum coherence in photosynthetic systems*, «**Nature**», vol. 446 (2007), pp. 782-86.

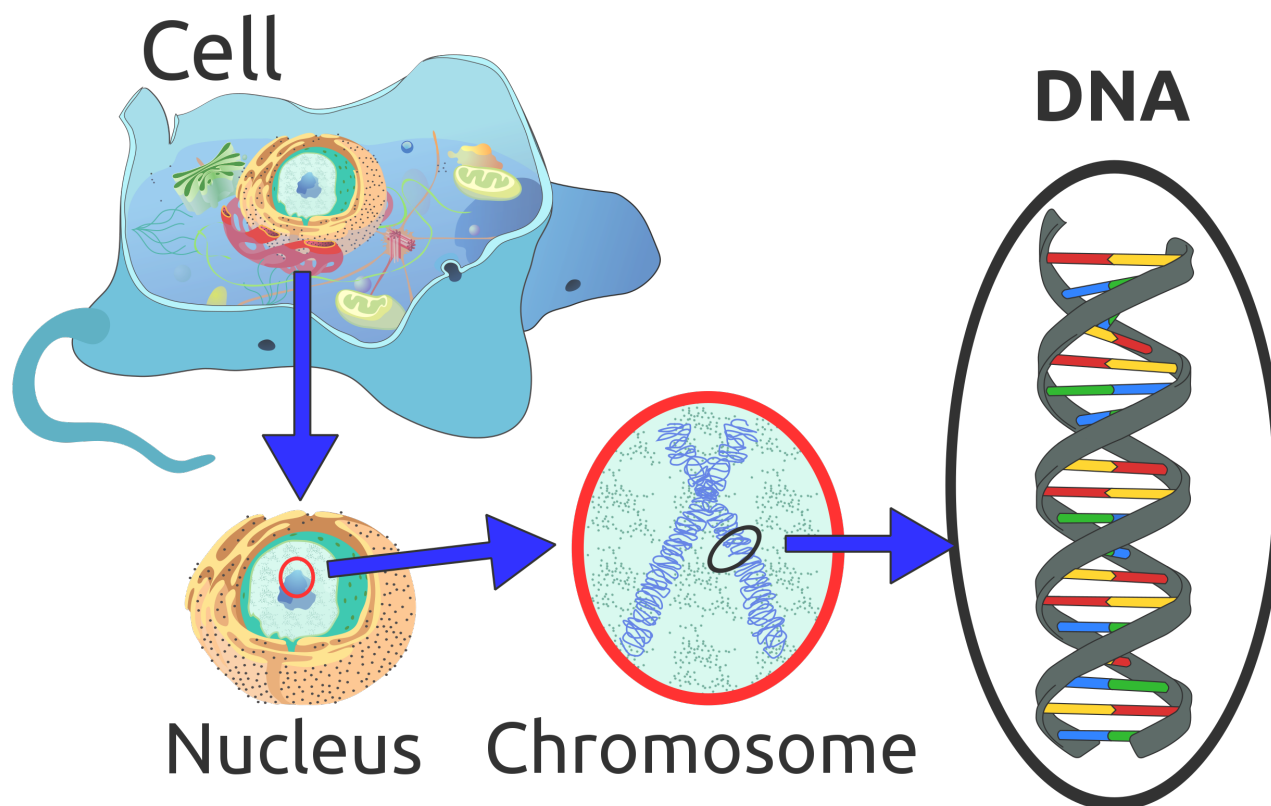
The quantum robin



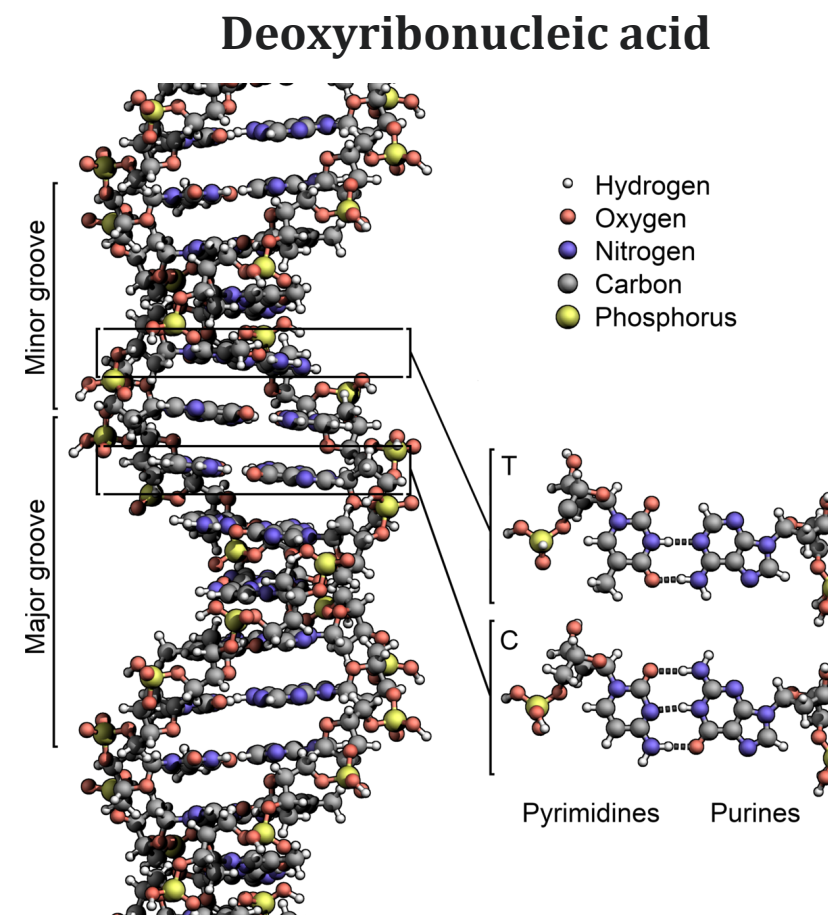
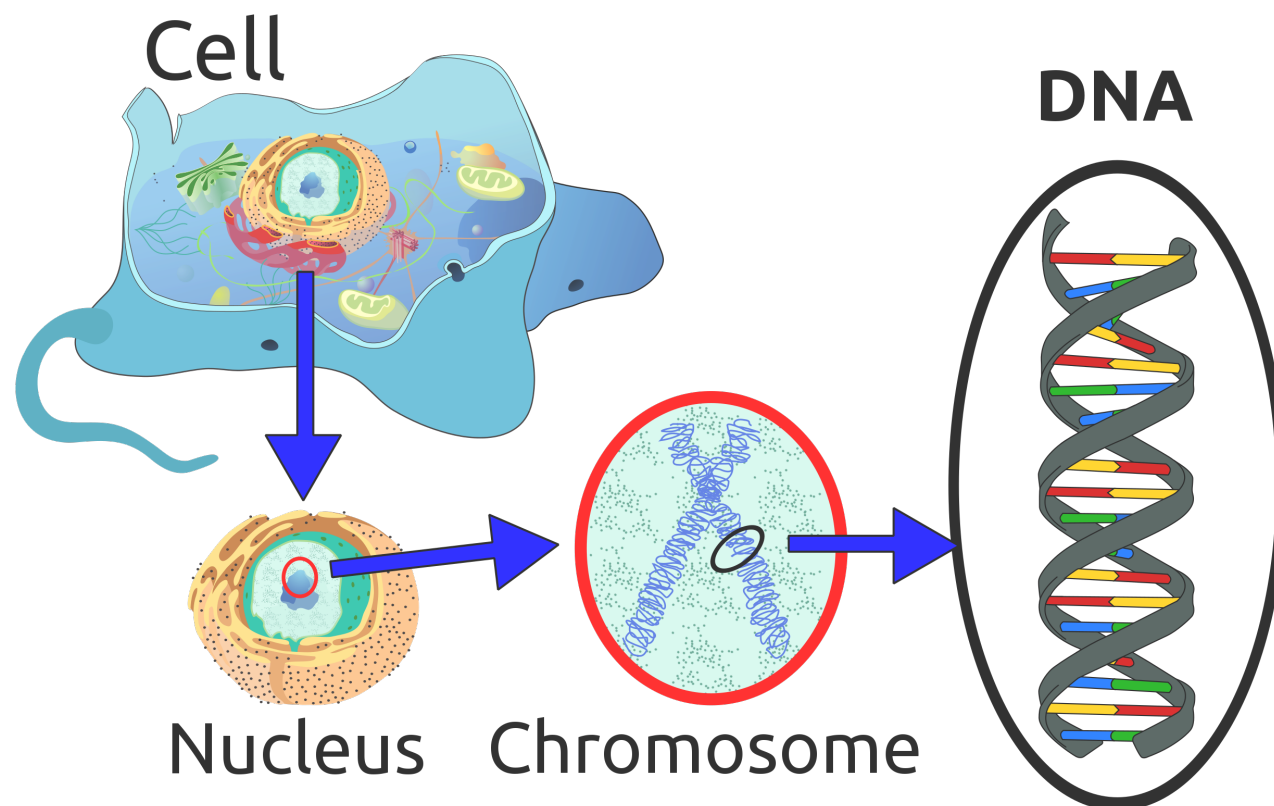
A great (quantum) scientist

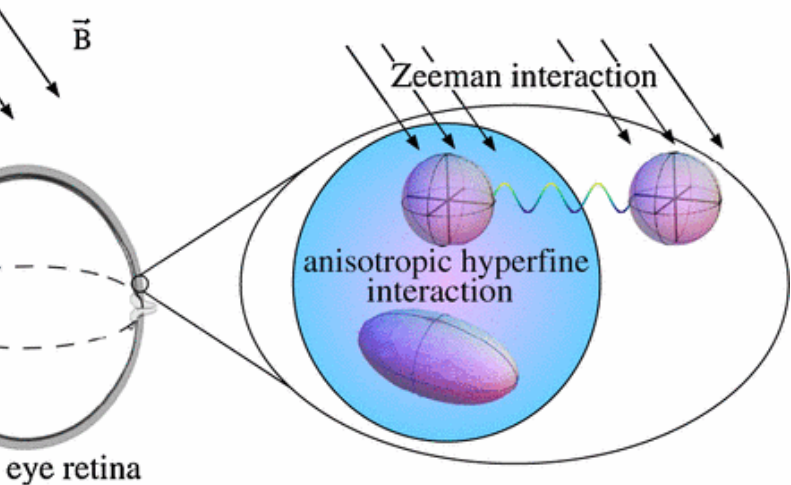


Coming back to life

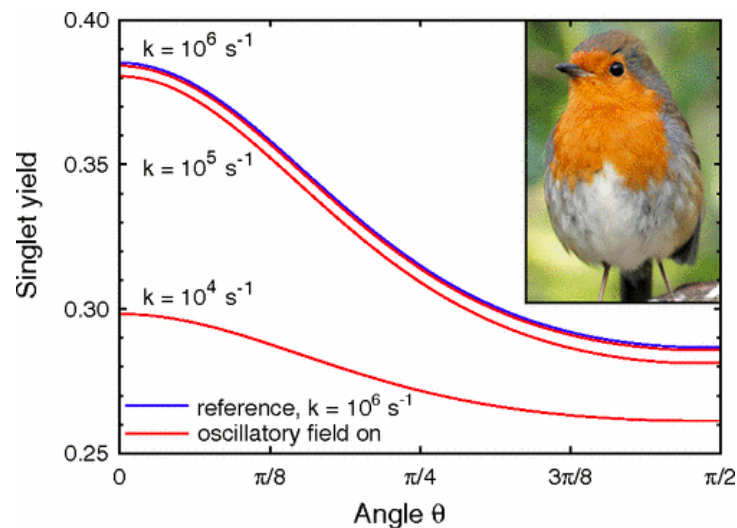


Coming back to life

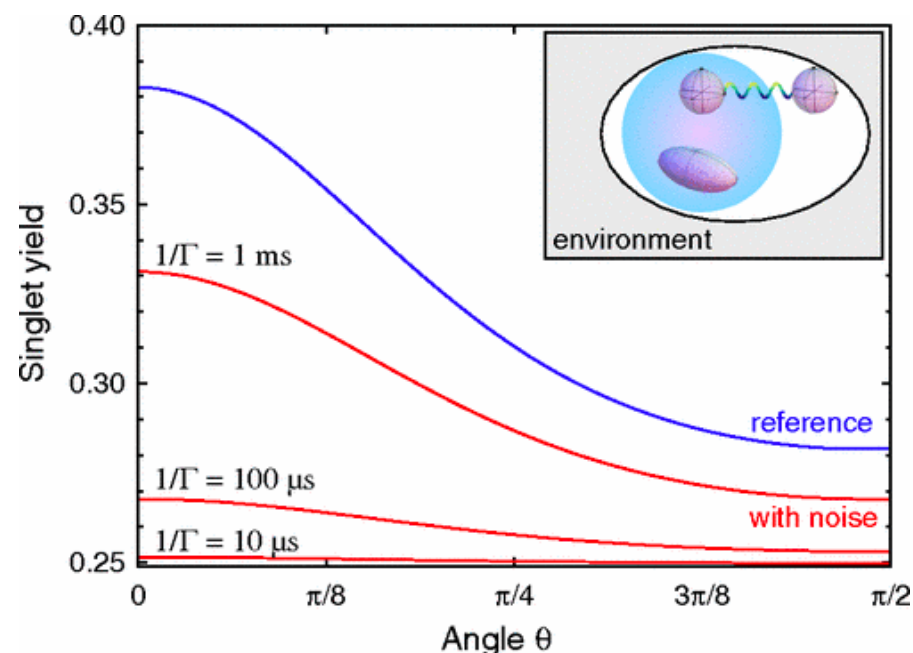




According to the RP model, the back of the bird's eye contains numerous molecules for magnetoreception. These molecules give rise to a pattern, visible to the bird, which indicates the orientation of the magnetic field. Note that this implies that the molecules are at least fixed in orientation, and possibly aligned with respect to one another [8]. In the most recent variant, each such molecule involves three components (see inset): there are two nitrogen atoms, initially photoexcited to a singlet state, and a carbon atom spin that couples to one of the electrons. This coupling is anisotropic, so that the molecule has a directional sensitivity to it.



Angular dependence of the singlet yield in the presence of an oscillatory field. The blue curve provides a reference of the singlet yield in Earth's magnetic field ($B_0 = 47 \text{ } \mu\text{T}$). The reference is independent of the decay rate for $k \leq 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$, but has been shifted upward by 0.001 for better visibility. The red curves show the singlet yield when a 150 nT field oscillates at 1.316 MHz (i.e., resonant with the Zeeman frequency of the uncoupled electron) is superimposed perpendicular to the direction of the static field. This only has an appreciable effect on the singlet yield once k is of order 10^4 s^{-1} .



Angular dependence of the singlet yield in the presence of noise (for $k = 10^4$). The blue curve provides a reference in the absence of noise, and the red curves show the singlet yield for different noise rates. As is apparent from the plot, a noise rate $\Gamma > 0.1k$ has a dramatic effect on the magnitude and contrast of the singlet yield. Inset: The partitioning between compass and environment.